2024

DeSoto County, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report September 30, 2024



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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-13
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16-17
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental	
Funds to the Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	19-20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Net Position - Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	24-25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	26
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	27
Notes to Financial Statements	28-63
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
General Fund - Board Only	
County Transportation Fund	
Fire and EMS Fund	
Hurricane Fund	67
Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Plans	
Schedule of Changes in the County's Total Other	
Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios	
Note to Required Supplementary Information	69

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System and Health	
Insurance Subsidy Pension Plans	70
Schedule of the County's Contributions - Florida Retirement	
System and Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plans	71
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	72
Supplementary Information	
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund by Category	73-74
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund	75-76
Combining Balance Sheet - All Non-Major Governmental Funds	77-81
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances - All Non-Major Governmental Funds	82-86
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	87-88
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	89-90
Compliance Section	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and	
State Financial Assistance	91-92
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and	
State Financial Assistance	93
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	94-95
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each	
Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal	
Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and	
Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General	96-98
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs - Federal Award	
Programs and State Financial Assistance Projects	99-101
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with	
Florida Statutes, Section 218.415 - Investments of Public Funds	102
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with	
Section 365.172(10) and Section 365.173(2)(d),	
Florida Statutes	103
Management Letter	104-105
Management's Response Letter	106
Management's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	107
Impact Fee Affidavit	108

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DeSoto County, Florida (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents (collectively, the required supplementary information), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining general fund financial statements, combining non-major fund financial statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining general fund financial statements, combining non-major fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2025, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



June 30, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

DeSoto County's (the County) Management's Discussion and Analysis (the MD&A) presents an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements following the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- The assets (plus deferred outflows) of the County exceeded its liabilities (plus deferred inflows) at the close of fiscal year 2024 by \$105.9 million (net position). This is net of a \$22.8 million deficit in unrestricted net position.
- At September 30, 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33.8 million, an increase of \$4.0 million for the year.
- At September 30, 2024, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$14.3 million, or 20.6% of total General Fund expenditures and other uses.
- Net investment in capital assets increased by \$6.4 million from the prior fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the County's assets (plus deferred outflows) and liabilities (plus deferred inflows), with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during 2024. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, culture and recreation, and court-related activities. The business-type activities of the County include solid waste disposal and water and sewer utilities. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the MD&A.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's *near-term* financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, County Transportation, Fire and EMS, and Hurricane, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all non-fiduciary funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund and major special revenue funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains one proprietary fund type. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to solid waste disposal (landfill) and water and sewer utilities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Landfill and Water/Sewer Utility funds, which are considered to be major enterprise funds of the County.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements follow the governmental fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found after the basic proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found after the fiduciary fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information is included, which presents budgetary comparison schedules for the County's General Fund and other budgeted major special revenue funds. In addition, schedules providing information on the County's net pension liabilities and other postemployment benefits plan are also in this section. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented in the other supplementary information section of this report. Combining and individual fund schedules can be found after the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets (plus deferred outflows) exceeded liabilities (plus deferred inflows) by \$105.9 million at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. The County is able to report positive balances in net investment in capital assets and restricted net position for both governmental and business-type activities. The County reports a positive unrestricted net position for business-type activities, but a deficit in unrestricted net position for governmental activities. Following is a summarized version of the statement of net position found in the financial section of this report, with comparative information for 2023:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 51,084,760	\$ 37,227,647	\$ 40,426,148	\$ 26,694,899	\$ 91,510,908	\$ 63,922,546		
Capital Assets (Net)	72,364,778	65,938,725	31,019,567	31,613,466	103,384,345	97,552,191		
Total Assets	123,449,538	103,166,372	71,445,715	58,308,365	194,895,253	161,474,737		
Deferred Outflows	12,015,384	10,676,258	452,236	460,266	12,467,620	11,136,524		
Current and Other Liabilities	13,025,462	6,557,704	7,174,957	658,829	20,200,419	7,216,533		
Long-Term Liabilities	45,125,601	44,392,931	27,810,887	20,850,750	72,936,488	65,243,681		
Total Liabilities	58,151,063	50,950,635	34,985,844	21,509,579	93,136,907	72,460,214		
Deferred Inflows	7,937,254	7,391,631	338,782	335,773	8,276,036	7,727,404		
Net Position:								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	71,702,082	65,189,441	23,420,769	23,542,207	95,122,851	88,731,648		
Restricted	12,504,562	10,699,758	21,116,363	10,218,028	33,620,925	20,917,786		
Unrestricted	(14,830,039)	(20,388,835)	(7,963,807)	3,163,044	(22,793,846)	(17,225,791)		
Total Net Position	\$ 69,376,605	\$ 55,500,364	\$ 36,573,325	\$ 36,923,279	\$ 105,949,930	\$ 92,423,643		

A substantial portion of the County's net position (89.8%) reflects its net investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment). The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (31.7%) represents restricted resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is a deficit in unrestricted net position (-21.5% of total net position).

The following table is a summary of the information presented in the statement of activities found in the financial section of this report, with comparative information for 2023:

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
REVENUES							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 17,212,728	\$ 22,392,778	\$ 9,276,219	\$ 8,045,853	\$ 26,488,947	\$ 30,438,631	
Operating Grants and							
Contributions	29,085,533	11,613,748	386,656	267,175	29,472,189	11,880,923	
Capital Grants and							
Contributions	7,019,968	5,939,866	5,144,712	6,308,861	12,164,680	12,248,727	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	21,244,595	19,790,641	-	-	21,244,595	19,790,641	
Other Taxes	13,637,631	12,810,569	-	-	13,637,631	12,810,569	
Shared Revenues	8,263,343	8,580,989	-	-	8,263,343	8,580,989	
Other	542,752	1,825,121	818,865	343,655	1,361,617	2,168,776	
Total Revenues	97,006,550	82,953,712	15,626,452	14,965,544	112,633,002	97,919,256	
EXPENSES							
General Government	12,711,714	14,125,822	-	-	12,711,714	14,125,822	
Public Safety	28,428,755	47,100,701	-	-	28,428,755	47,100,701	
Physical Environment	24,263,877	2,688,155	-	-	24,263,877	2,688,155	
Transportation	2,792,743	5,761,026	-	-	2,792,743	5,761,026	
Economic Environment	3,898,078	726,737	-	-	3,898,078	726,737	
Human Services	4,594,554	4,629,047	-	-	4,594,554	4,629,047	
Culture/Recreation	3,475,152	2,755,378	-	-	3,475,152	2,755,378	
Court-Related	2,748,429	2,590,789	-	-	2,748,429	2,590,789	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	218,259	338,939	-	-	218,259	338,939	
Landfill	-	-	9,920,562	6,309,456	9,920,562	6,309,456	
Water and Sewer Utility			6,054,592	5,307,481	6,054,592	5,307,481	
Total Expenses	83,131,561	80,716,594	15,975,154	11,616,937	99,106,715	92,333,531	
Excess Before Transfers	13,874,989	2,237,118	(348,702)	3,348,607	13,526,287	5,585,725	
Transfers	1,252	(2,001,649)	(1,252)	2,001,649			
Change in Net Position	13,876,241	235,469	(349,954)	5,350,256	13,526,287	5,585,725	
Net Position, Beginning of Year	55,500,364	55,264,895	36,923,279	31,573,023	92,423,643	86,837,918	
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 69,376,605	\$ 55,500,364	\$ 36,573,325	\$ 36,923,279	\$105,949,930	\$ 92,423,643	

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$13,876,241 during 2024. Following is further detail of the revenues and expenses for governmental activities in 2024, compared to 2023:

Governmental Activities - Expenses and Net Revenue (Cost) by Function

	Expenses							Net Revenue (Cost) of Services			
			% of								-
		2024	Total			2023	% Change		2024		2023
Functions/Programs	-	_				_			_	-	_
General Government	\$	12,711,714	15.39	6	\$	14,125,822	-10.0%	\$	18,130,573	\$	(1,401,420)
Public Safety		28,428,755	34.29	6		47,100,701	-39.6%		(19,150,000)		(34,794,392)
Physical Environment		24,263,877	29.29	6		2,688,155	802.6%		(21,967,913)		(1,456,614)
Transportation		2,792,743	3.49	6		5,761,026	-51.5%		3,730,198		334,624
Economic Environment		3,898,078	4.79	6		726,737	436.4%		(2,626,029)		1,063,744
Human Services		4,594,554	5.5%	6		4,629,047	-0.7%		(4,335,266)		(4,159,545)
Culture/Recreation		3,475,152	4.29	6		2,755,378	26.1%		(2,955,956)		(2,497,144)
Court-Related		2,748,429	3.39	6		2,590,789	6.1%		(420,680)		2,479,484
Interest on Long-Term Debt		218,259	0.29	6		338,939	-35.6%		(218,259)		(338,939)
	\$	83,131,561	100.009	6	\$	80,716,594		\$	(29,813,332)	\$	(40,770,202)

Governmental Activities - Revenues by Source

			% of		
Description		2024	Total	2023	% Change
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	17,212,728	17.7%	\$ 22,392,778	-23.1%
Operating Grants and					
Contributions		29,085,533	30.0%	11,613,748	150.4%
Capital Grants and					
Contributions		7,019,968	7.2%	5,939,866	18.2%
General Revenues:					
Property Tax		21,244,595	21.9%	19,790,641	7.3%
Small County Surcharge		4,121,549	4.2%	3,991,079	3.3%
Law Enforcement		5,134,285	5.3%	4,714,909	8.9%
Communications Service		165,849	0.2%	145,783	13.8%
Tourist Development		170,923	0.2%	164,532	3.9%
Surtax		2,585,778	2.7%	2,504,885	3.2%
Gas and Fuel Taxes		1,459,247	1.5%	1,289,381	13.2%
Franchise Fees		1,745,097	1.8%	1,776,873	-1.8%
Pari-Mutual Tax		314,333	0.3%	314,333	0.0%
State Shared Revenue		1,190,285	1.2%	1,200,626	-0.9%
Local Shared Revenue		858,293	0.9%	858,293	0.0%
State Sales Tax		4,155,335	4.3%	4,430,864	-6.2%
Miscellaneous		542,752	0.6%	1,825,121	-70.3%
	\$	97,006,550	100%	\$ 82,953,712	
	_				

Revenues for governmental activities increased by \$14.1 million compared to the prior year, primarily due to higher grant activity. However, program revenues declined significantly in 2024, largely as a result of a change in the reporting entity at the Clerk level. The Documentary Stamp and Intangible Tax Fund is now reported as a custodial fund rather than within governmental activities (see Note 16 for additional details). Expenses for governmental activities rose by \$2.4 million, also driven by grant-related activity. Much of the current year's grant revenue pertains to expenditures incurred in prior years, particularly those related to Hurricane Ian. Because reimbursement requests were not submitted until 2024, the associated revenue was not recognized until the current fiscal year.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities decreased the County's net position by \$0.4 million in 2024 compared to an increase of \$5.4 million in 2023. Net position decreased significantly this year due to an increase in the provision for closure and long-term care related to the Landfill. Following is further detail of the business-type activities financial results for 2024, compared to 2023:

Business-Type Activities - Expenses and Net Revenue (Cost) by Function

			2024			2023	
	Re	venues	Expenses	Net	Revenues	Expenses	Net
Functions/Programs: Landfill Water and Sewer	1	4,176,386 0,631,201 4,807,587	\$ 9,920,562 6,040,717 15,961,279	\$ (5,744,176) 4,590,484 (1,153,692)	\$ 3,533,084 11,088,805 14,621,889	\$ 6,309,456 5,307,481 11,616,937	\$ (2,776,372) 5,781,324 3,004,952
General Revenues (Expenses) Transfers Net	\$ 1	804,990 - 5,612,577	\$ 1,252 15,962,531	\$ 804,990 (1,252) (349,954)	\$ 343,655 2,001,649 16,967,193	\$ - - 11,616,937	\$ 343,655 2,001,649 5,350,256

Business-Type Activities - Revenues by Source

	% of			% of
2024	Total		2023	Total
\$ 9,276,219	59.4%	\$	8,045,853	53.8%
386,656	2.5%		267,175	1.8%
5,144,712	33.0%		6,308,861	42.2%
 804,990	5.2%		343,655	2.3%
\$ 15,612,577	100.0%	\$	14,965,544	100.0%
\$	\$ 9,276,219 386,656 5,144,712 804,990	\$ 9,276,219 59.4% 386,656 2.5% 5,144,712 33.0% 804,990 5.2%	\$ 9,276,219 59.4% \$ 386,656 2.5% 5,144,712 33.0% 804,990 5.2%	2024 Total 2023 \$ 9,276,219 59.4% \$ 8,045,853 386,656 2.5% 267,175 5,144,712 33.0% 6,308,861 804,990 5.2% 343,655

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on *near-term* inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33.8 million, an increase of \$4.0 million for the year. At the end of 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined *restricted fund balances* of \$12.5 million. This represents amounts that can only be spent for specific purposes as stipulated by external resource providers or by enabling legislation. The County's governmental funds reported combined *assigned fund balances* of \$6.6 million. *Unassigned fund balances* totaled \$8.6 million and are available for spending. The remainder of the fund balances are *non-spendable* to indicate that they are not available for spending: 1) for prepaids and inventories (\$323 thousand); and 2) for advances to other funds (\$5.7 million).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of 2024, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$14.3 million, while total fund balance reached \$24 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 20.6% of the total General Fund expenditures and other uses, while total fund balance represents 34.6% of the same amount. During 2024, the fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$2.2 million primarily due to decreases in intergovernmental revenues.

The County Transportation Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$1.2 million during 2024, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$3.2 million.

The Fire and EMS Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$688 thousand during 2024, compared to an increase of \$9 thousand in 2023. The fund balance is in a positive position of \$2.5 million at September 30, 2024. Revenues and expenditures were consistent from 2023 to 2024. The increase in change in net position from 2023 is primarily due to an increase in transfers in.

The Hurricane Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$3.3 million during 2024, resulting in an ending fund balance deficit of (\$5.1) million. This is a result of timing of grant reimbursements for expenditures incurred during the response to Hurricane Ian.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The only two enterprise funds, Landfill and Water/Sewer Utility, are reported as major funds.

The Landfill Fund reported a decrease in net position of \$5.3 million, as compared to a decrease net position of \$2.6 million in 2023. This increase compared to prior year is attributable to an increase in annual landfill closure and post-closure care costs in 2024.

The Water and Sewer Fund reported an increase in net position of \$5.0 million, as compared to an increase net position of \$8.0 million in 2023. Net position increased significantly more in the current year due to large amounts of capital fees related to on-going development within the County.

Unrestricted net position for proprietary funds are as follows:

	 Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)							
Fund	2024		2023					
Landfill	\$ (7,323,763)	\$	(2,209,815)					
Water and Sewer	(640,044)		5,372,859					
Total	\$ (7,963,807)	\$	3,163,044					

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

A budget versus actual comparison of the operating results of the County's General Fund (excluding the County Officers) can be found in the Required Supplementary Information section of the report. Final budgeted revenues increased from the original budget by \$3.6 million, mostly related to intergovernmental revenues and taxes. As shown below, final budgeted expenditures and transfers out increased by \$3.4 million from the original budget due primarily to an increase in transfers out to other funds and increases in planned public safety projects.

	Or	iginal Budget	idget Final Budget			Difference
General Government	\$	11,321,030	\$	11,802,734	\$	481,704
Public Safety		2,326,319		3,337,186		1,010,867
Physical Environment		605,851		629,851		24,000
Economic Environment		245,332		32,632		(212,700)
Human Services		2,052,162		2,092,570		40,408
Culture/Recreation		2,658,813		2,713,453		54,640
Debt Service		25,764		25,764		-
Transfers Out		27,503,926		29,484,269		1,980,343
	\$	46,739,197	\$	50,118,459	\$	3,379,262
					_	

The General Fund final actual revenues were \$1.7 million less than the final budget. As shown below, the General Fund actual expenditures and transfers out were \$3.7 million less than the final amended budget. The most significant factor was budgeted general government and public safety expenditures of \$1.3M and \$1.1 million, respectively, that were not expended.

General Fund budgeted and actual expenditures and transfers out for 2024 were as follows:

		Actual				
	E	Expenditures		Final Budget		Difference
General Government	\$	10,547,630	\$	11,802,734	\$	1,255,104
Public Safety		2,211,229		3,337,186		1,125,957
Physical Environment		503,740		629,851		126,111
Economic Environment	25,118			32,632		7,514
Human Services		1,814,263		2,092,570		278,307
Culture/Recreation		2,237,079		2,713,453		476,374
Debt Service		25,764		25,764		-
Transfers Out		29,033,331		29,484,269		450,938
	\$	46,398,154	\$	50,118,459	\$	3,720,305
					_	

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2024, amounted to \$103.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$5.8 million or 6.0%. Major capital asset events during 2024 included the following:

- Depreciation expense for governmental activities was \$5.3 million. Capital asset additions were \$11.8 million, including \$7.4 million for various transportation projects, \$1 million in various additions at the Sheriff's Office, and \$3 million for various furniture and equipment additions among other additions.
- Depreciation expense for business-type activities was \$2.2 million. Capital asset additions were \$1.6 million, including \$182,522 for a wheel loader and \$1 million in wastewater treatment rehabilitation and expansions projects among other additions.

Following is a summary of the County's capital assets at the end of 2024 and 2023:

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Land and Easements	\$ 3,886,219	\$ 3,886,219	\$ 3,233,640	\$ 2,464,957	\$ 7,119,859	\$ 6,351,176	
Construction in Progress	5,323,452	5,064,537	965,182	4,784,386	6,288,634	9,848,923	
Buildings and Improvements	32,252,711	32,088,826	892,303	892,303	33,145,014	32,981,129	
Intangibles	551,756	551,756	330,101	117,338	881,857	669,094	
Machinery and Equipment - Board	18,415,494	16,452,966	3,192,371	3,179,102	21,607,865	19,632,068	
Machinery and Equipment - Sheriff	8,964,250	8,447,216	-	-	8,964,250	8,447,216	
Right-to-Use Leased Equipment	196,248	196,248	13,344,755	-	13,541,003	196,248	
Subscription Assets - Sheriff	68,520	68,520	182,525	-	251,045	68,520	
Infrastructure	63,996,284	56,609,483	-	13,349,275	63,996,284	69,958,758	
Water Distribution System			43,764,683	39,748,944	43,764,683	39,748,944	
	133,654,934	123,365,771	65,905,560	64,536,305	199,560,494	187,902,076	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/							
Amortization	(61,290,156)	(57,427,046)	(34,885,993)	(32,922,839)	(96,176,149)	(90,349,885)	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 72,364,778	\$ 65,938,725	\$ 31,019,567	\$ 31,613,466	\$103,384,345	\$ 97,552,191	

More detailed information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

The County's outstanding long-term debt consists of revenue bonds/notes, other notes payable, installment obligations, leases payable, and subscription-based information technology arrangements. At the end of 2024, the County's governmental activities had an increase of \$10,855 in outstanding long-term debt, including the reduction of installment purchases totaling \$158 thousand, reduction of leases payable of \$24 thousand, and reduction in subscription-based information technology arrangements of \$34 thousand, which was offset by additions of installment purchases of \$226 thousand. Business-type activities had a decrease of \$473 thousand in outstanding long-term debt. This activity was the result of debt installment payments of \$210 thousand, principal payments on revenue bonds and notes payable of \$443 thousand, and reduction of installment purchases of \$2 thousand, which was offset by additions of leases payable of \$183 thousand.

Following is a summary of the County's long-term debt at the end of 2024 and 2023:

 Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-Ty	ре А	ctivities		To	otal	
2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,397,691	\$	5,734,917	\$	5,397,691	\$	5,734,917
-		-		1,263,343		1,368,647		1,263,343		1,368,647
581,788		513,306		757,290		967,695		1,339,078		1,481,001
_		33,720		_		-		-		33,720
 24,817		48,724		180,474				205,291		48,724
\$ 606,605	\$	595,750	\$	7,598,798	\$	8,071,259	\$	8,205,403	\$	8,667,009
\$	\$ - 581,788	\$ - \$ 581,788 - 24,817	\$ - \$ - 581,788 513,306 - 33,720 24,817 48,724	2024 2023 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 581,788 513,306 - 33,720 24,817 48,724 48,724	2024 2023 2024 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,397,691 1,263,343 581,788 513,306 757,290 - 33,720 - 24,817 48,724 180,474	2024 2023 2024 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,397,691 \$ 1,263,343 581,788 513,306 757,290 - 33,720 - 24,817 48,724 180,474	2024 2023 2024 2023 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,397,691 \$ 5,734,917 1,263,343 1,368,647 581,788 513,306 757,290 967,695 - 33,720 24,817 48,724 180,474	2024 2023 2024 2023 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,397,691 \$ 5,734,917 \$ 5,8397,691 \$ 5,734,917 \$ 5,81,788 \$ 513,306 757,290 967,695 967,695 \$ 757,290 967,695 \$ 757,290 967,695 \$ 757,290 967,695 \$ 757,290	2024 2023 2024 2023 2024 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,397,691 \$ 5,734,917 \$ 5,397,691 1,263,343 1,368,647 1,263,343 581,788 513,306 757,290 967,695 1,339,078 - 33,720	2024 2023 2024 2023 2024 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,397,691 \$ 5,734,917 \$ 5,397,691 \$ 5,397,691 \$ 5,397,691 \$ 5,397,691 \$ 5,397,691 \$ 5,397,691 \$ 1,263,343 1,263,343 1,263,343 1,263,343 1,339,078 1,339,078 1,339,078 1,339,078 1,339,078 1,339,078 1,339,078 1,263,343 1,368,647 1,263,343 1,368,647 1,263,343 1,339,078 1,339

More detailed information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The County's millage rate for general operations was unchanged from 2024 in 2025 at 7.9048 mills. The Law Enforcement M.S.T.U. remained the same in 2025 as in 2024, at 2.4399 mills. Budgets remained conservative with little activity in upcoming capital improvements. The 2025 general fund budget utilizes a surplus of \$3,911,361 to balance.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the County's Finance Department, 201 E. Oak Street, Suite 205, Arcadia, Florida 34266.



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets	ć 24.402.2E1	ć 1F 202 217	ć 40.706.560
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 34,403,251	\$ 15,383,317	\$ 49,786,568
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	711,863	24,025,989	24,737,852
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,582,472	585,964	2,168,436
Special Assessments Receivable	1,472	147	1,619
Notes Receivable	1,375,000	-	1,375,000
Lease Receivable	339,989	6 226	339,989
Internal Balances	(6,226) 12,204,902	6,226 86,079	12 200 001
Due from Other Governments		00,079	12,290,981
Due from Individuals	69,517 97,737	224 267	69,517 422,104
Inventories	224,783	324,367	238,842
Prepaids	80,000	14,059	80,000
Deposits Capital Assets - Non-Depreciated/Amortized	9,209,671	4,198,822	13,408,493
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciated/Amortized	63,155,107		89,975,852
Total Assets	123,449,538	26,820,745 71,445,715	194,895,253
Deferred Outflows of Resources	123,443,336	/1,443,/13	134,033,233
Contractual Rights	_	40,000	40,000
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	10,517,646	295,172	10,812,818
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	1,497,738	117,064	1,614,802
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,015,384	452,236	12,467,620
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	135,464,922	71,897,951	207,362,873
Liabilities			
Vouchers Payable	4,108,536	920,492	5,029,028
Construction Retainage Payable	56,091	-	56,091
Accrued Liabilities	792,417	33,258	825,675
Accrued Interest	-	39,231	39,231
Due to Other Governments	339,820	-	339,820
Deposits	23,368	222,882	246,250
Unearned Revenue	7,705,230	5,959,094	13,664,324
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	951,677	705,098	1,656,775
Due in More Than One Year	44,173,924	27,105,789	71,279,713
Total Liabilities	58,151,063	34,985,844	93,136,907
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	3,829,199	104,824	3,934,023
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	3,788,718	233,958	4,022,676
Lease Related	319,337		319,337
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,937,254	338,782	8,276,036
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	66,088,317	35,324,626	101,412,943
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	71,702,082	23,420,769	95,122,851
Restricted for:	_	21,116,363	21,116,363
Capital Expansion Program Transportation	3,068,847	21,110,303	3,068,847
Public Safety	3,296,125	_	3,296,125
Economic Development	4,076,975	-	4,076,975
Other Purposes	2,062,615	-	2,062,615
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(14,830,039)	(7,963,807)	(22,793,846)
Total Net Position	\$ 69,376,605	\$ 36,573,325	\$ 105,949,930

See accompanying notes.

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			Pro	gram Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Posi			t Position		
Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and	and					,,		Total
\$	Ş	, ,	Ş		Ş	-	Ş	, ,	Ş	-	\$	18,130,573
						-				-		(19,150,000)
				20,000		-				-		(21,967,913)
				-	6,3	344,988		, ,		-		3,730,198
3,898,078						-				-		(2,626,029)
4,594,554				,		-		(4,335,266)		-		(4,335,266)
3,475,152		295,008		49,208				(2,955,956)		-		(2,955,956)
2,748,429		1,487,284		340,465	5	500,000		(420,680)		-		(420,680)
 218,259		-				-		(218,259)				(218,259)
83,131,561		17,212,728		29,085,533	7,0	19,968		(29,813,332)		_		(29,813,332)
9,920,562		4,082,636		93,750		-		-		(5,744,176)		(5,744,176)
6,054,592		5,193,583		292,906	5,1	144,712		-		4,576,609		4,576,609
15,975,154		9,276,219		386,656	5,1	44,712		-		(1,167,567)		(1,167,567)
\$ 99,106,715	\$	26,488,947	\$	29,472,189	\$ 12,1	64,680		(29,813,332)		(1,167,567)		(30,980,899)
			Fr In M Trai Tota Cha Net	Axes: Property Tax Small County Sur Law Enforcemen Communications Tourist Developm Surtax Gas and Fuel Tax ranchise Fees ter-Governmenta Pari-Mutuel Tax State Shared Rev Local Shared Rev State Sales Tax liscellaneous nsfers In (Out), N al General Reven nge in Net Positio Position, Beginn	t inent es al Revenue: enue enue et ues and Tran on ing of Year	sfers		21,244,595 4,121,549 5,134,285 165,849 170,923 2,585,778 1,459,247 1,745,097 314,333 1,190,285 858,293 4,155,335 542,752 1,252 43,689,573 13,876,241 55,500,364			¢	21,244,595 4,121,549 5,134,285 165,849 170,923 2,585,778 1,459,247 1,745,097 314,333 1,190,285 858,293 4,155,335 1,361,617
\$	\$ 12,711,714 28,428,755 24,263,877 2,792,743 3,898,078 4,594,554 3,475,152 2,748,429 218,259 83,131,561 9,920,562 6,054,592 15,975,154	\$ 12,711,714 \$ 28,428,755 24,263,877 2,792,743 3,898,078 4,594,554 3,475,152 2,748,429 218,259 83,131,561 9,920,562 6,054,592 15,975,154	Expenses Services \$ 12,711,714 \$ 5,328,736 28,428,755 7,621,867 24,263,877 2,275,964 2,792,743 177,953 3,898,078 2,160 4,594,554 23,756 3,475,152 295,008 2,748,429 1,487,284 218,259 - 83,131,561 17,212,728 9,920,562 4,082,636 6,054,592 5,193,583 15,975,154 9,276,219	Charges for Services	Services	Charges for Services	Expenses Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions \$ 12,711,714 \$ 5,328,736 \$ 25,513,551 \$ - 28,428,755 7,621,867 1,656,888 - 24,263,877 2,275,964 20,000 - 2,792,743 177,953 - 6,344,988 3,898,078 2,160 1,269,889 - 4,594,554 23,756 235,532 - 2,748,429 1,487,284 340,465 500,000 218,259 - - - 2,920,562 4,082,636 93,750 - 9,920,562 4,082,636 93,750 - 6,054,592 5,193,583 292,906 5,144,712 \$ 99,106,715 \$ 26,488,947 \$ 29,472,189 \$ 12,164,680 General Revenues Taxes:	Charges for Services	Charges for Services	Charges for Services	Expenses	Expenses

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		General	Tra	County nsportation		Fire and EMS		
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,510,162	\$	3,514,916	\$	2,260,879		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-				
Accounts Receivable, Net		687,085		-		892,677		
Special Assessments Receivable		-		-		1,472		
Notes Receivable, Net		<u>-</u>		-		-		
Lease Receivable		339,989		-		-		
Due from Other Funds		608,979		-		28,052		
Due from Other Governments		1,828,700		1,127,555		1,294		
Due from Individuals		53,583		-		-		
Inventories		11,876		85,861		-		
Prepaids		99,284		1,966		33,229		
Deposits		80,000		-		-		
Advances to Other Funds Total Assets		5,699,319		4 720 200		- 2 247 602		
Liabilities		27,918,977		4,730,298		3,217,603		
		4 072 024		074 454		262.750		
Vouchers Payable		1,872,831		971,451		262,759		
Construction Retainage Payable Accrued Liabilities		-		48,209		4 47 050		
		562,950		42,008		147,050		
Due to Other Funds		55,205		122,356		-		
Due to Other Governments		339,820		-		-		
Deposits		17,455		-		-		
Unearned Revenues Advances from Other Funds		200,833		-		-		
Total Liabilities		2.040.004		1 104 024		400,000		
Deferred Inflows		3,049,094		1,184,024		409,809		
Unavailable Revenues		E40 906		200 600		246 165		
Lease Related		540,806		389,600		346,165		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		319,337 860,143		389,600	-	346,165		
Fund Balances (Deficits)	-	800,143		389,000		340,103		
Non-Spendable:								
Prepaids and Inventories		111,160		87,827		33,229		
Advances to Other Funds		5,699,319		67,627		33,223		
Restricted for:		3,033,313						
Transportation		_		3,068,847		_		
Economic Development		_		-		_		
Streetlighting		_		_		_		
Public Safety		_		_		2,428,400		
Court-Related Services		_		_		-,0, .00		
Solid Waste Control Services		_		_		_		
Debt Service		_		_		_		
Building Code Enforcement		-		_		_		
Assigned for:								
Subsequent Year Budget		3,911,361		_		_		
Construction Projects		-		_		_		
Unassigned (Deficit)		14,287,900		-		-		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		24,009,740		3,156,674	-	2,461,629		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,		, ,				,,		
and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	27,918,977	\$	4,730,298	\$	3,217,603		

See accompanying notes.

Hurricane Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ć F42.027	ć 0.572.267	ć 24.402.2E4
\$ 543,927	\$ 9,573,367	\$ 34,403,251
-	711,863	711,863
-	2,710	1,582,472
-	4 275 000	1,472
-	1,375,000	1,375,000
-	- 20.027	339,989
	20,927	657,958
7,680,803	1,566,550	12,204,902
-	15,934	69,517
-	-	97,737
-	90,304	224,783
-	-	80,000
	<u> </u>	5,699,319
8,224,730	13,356,655	57,448,263
239,457	762,038	4,108,536
-	7,882	56,091
6,689	17,383	776,080
-	486,623	664,184
-	· -	339,820
-	5,913	23,368
5,519,620	1,984,777	7,705,230
5,668,671	30,648	5,699,319
11,434,437	3,295,264	19,372,628
1,923,851	809,131	4,009,553
1,923,851	809,131	319,337 4,328,890
1,923,831		4,328,890
-	90,304	322,520
-	-	5,699,319
		2.000.047
-	4 076 075	3,068,847
-	4,076,975	4,076,975
-	12,632	12,632
-	867,725	3,296,125
-	802,449	802,449
-	1,072	1,072
-	4	4
-	1,246,458	1,246,458
-	-	3,911,361
-	2,673,574	2,673,574
(5,133,558)		8,635,409
(5,133,558)		33,746,745
\$ 8,224,730	\$ 13,356,655	\$ 57,448,263

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		\$ 33,746,745
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Revenues are deferred in governmental funds when both the measurable and available criteria are not met under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, these revenues would be recognized when earned		
regardless of when they are received.		4,009,553
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$133,654,934, and the accumulated		
depreciation is \$61,290,156.		72,364,778
Net pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due or available in the current period and, therefore, are not recognized in the governmental funds:		
Deferred Outflows	\$ 10,517,646	
Deferred Inflows	(3,829,199)	
Net Pension Liability	 (34,971,751)	(28,283,304)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities,		
both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net		
position. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Installment Purchase Obligations	(581,788)	
Leases Payable	(24,817)	
Interest Payable	(16,337)	
Compensated Absences	 (1,547,999)	(2,170,941)
The other postemployment benefits liability is not recorded in the		
fund financial statements because it does not utilize current resources:		
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	(7,999,246)	
Deferred Outflows	1,497,738	
Deferred Inflows	 (3,788,718)	 (10,290,226)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 69,376,605

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		General	Tra	County	Fire and EMS		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	30,666,278	\$	1,459,247	\$	_	
Special Assessments	•	-	•	-	•	3,018,718	
Permits and Fees		1,897,736		43,054		17,597	
Intergovernmental Revenues		9,411,624		5,815,163		269,770	
Charges for Services		4,349,886		47,492		1,567,375	
Fines and Forfeitures		231,751		, -		-	
Miscellaneous Revenues		1,179,045		87,405		54,519	
Total Revenues		47,736,320		7,452,361		4,927,979	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government		13,863,805		-		90,373	
Public Safety		19,265,492		-		7,556,183	
Physical Environment		503,740		-		-	
Transportation		-		9,026,130		-	
Economic Environment		25,118		-		-	
Human Services		1,814,263		-		-	
Culture and Recreation		2,237,079		-		-	
Court-Related		1,471,098		-		-	
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		57,627		157,668		-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,857		20,052		-	
(Total Expenditures)		(39,240,079)		(9,203,850)		(7,646,556)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		8,496,241		(1,751,489)		(2,718,577)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		617,672		2,745,863		3,406,039	
Transfers (Out)		(11,153,573)		(68,826)		-	
Distributions of Excess Commissions		(253,227)		-		-	
Financed Purchase		-		226,150		-	
Insurance Proceeds		62,817		35,914		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,726,311)		2,939,101		3,406,039	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,230,070)		1,187,612		687,462	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, As Restated		26,239,810		1,969,062		1,774,167	
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$	24,009,740	\$	3,156,674	\$	2,461,629	

Hurricane Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ -	\$	2,756,701	\$	34,882,226
-	•	53,596	•	3,072,314
-		711,491		2,669,878
23,002,185		2,289,849		40,788,591
-		3,896,880		9,861,633
-		120,294		352,045
112,085		263,131		1,696,185
23,114,270		10,091,942		93,322,872
-		488,486		14,442,664
812,100		1,579,689		29,213,464
21,770,331		2,379,768		24,653,839
19,145		581		9,045,856
-		1,622,866		1,647,984
-		2,798,446		4,612,709
-		711,299		2,948,378
-		1,298,383		2,769,481
-		-		215,295
(22.604.576)		(40.070.540)		21,909
(22,601,576)		(10,879,518)		(89,571,579)
512,694		(787,576)		3,751,293
2,637,235		2,373,369		11,780,178
(18,284)		(538,243)		(11,778,926)
-		-		(253,227)
-		-		226,150
207,759		209		306,699
2,826,710		1,835,335		280,874
3,339,404		1,047,759		4,032,167
(8,472,962)		8,204,501		29,714,578
\$ (5,133,558)	\$	9,252,260	\$	33,746,745

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 4,032,167
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Governmental funds report capital purchases as expenditures. Donated and transferred capital assets are not recorded in the fund statements. In the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets acquired is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital Asset Purchases Capital Asset Disposals Transfers of Capital Assets Depreciation Expense Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	11,822,081 (82,776) (1,921) (5,311,331)	6,426,053
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. In addition, principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, and proceeds from debt issuances are recorded as other financing sources.		
New Debt	(226,150)	
Principal Paid	 215,295	(10,855)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. Adjustments are as follows:		
Accrued Interest Other Postemployment Benefits Pension Adjustments Compensated Absences	(3,915) 395,176 (163,927) (202,535)	24,799
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, revenues are recognized when they are earned, measurable, and available. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they are earned		
and measurable.		3,404,077

See accompanying notes.

\$ 13,876,241

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	•	Water/Sewer				
Assets	Landfill	Utility	Total			
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,049,980	\$ 6,333,337	\$ 15,383,317			
Accounts Receivable, Net	. , ,					
Assessments Receivable	111,091	474,873	585,964			
Due from Other Funds	147	-	147			
Due from Other Governments	6,226	20.542	6,226			
Inventories	47,536	38,543	86,079			
	- 7.445	324,367	324,367			
Prepaids	7,415	6,644	14,059			
Restricted Assets:	22.4-2		202.444			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	20,450	241,664	262,114			
Total Current Assets	9,242,845	7,419,428	16,662,273			
Non-Current Assets:						
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,588,954	21,174,921	23,763,875			
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciated	795,800	3,403,022	4,198,822			
Capital Assets - Depreciated, Net	3,506,875	23,313,870	26,820,745			
Total Non-Current Assets	6,891,629	47,891,813	54,783,442			
Total Assets	16,134,474	55,311,241	71,445,715			
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Contractual Rights	-	40,000	40,000			
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	117,946	177,226	295,172			
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	62,453	54,611	117,064			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	180,399	271,837	452,236			
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Vouchers and Contracts Payable	18,181	902,311	920,492			
Accrued Liabilities	15,554	17,704	33,258			
Accrued Interest		39,231	39,231			
Deposits	20,450	202,432	222,882			
Unearned Revenue	-	5,959,094	5,959,094			
Accrued Compensated Absences	2,724	4,252	6,976			
Notes Payable	195,022	107,730	302,752			
Bonds Payable	155,022	343,187	343,187			
Leases Payable	25,633	545,107	25,633			
Other Postemployment Benefits	12,944	12,944	25,888			
Net Pension Liability	265	397	662			
Total Current Liabilities	290,773	7,589,282	7,880,055			
Non-Current Liabilities:	230,773	1,303,202	7,000,033			
Accrued Compensated Absences	24,511	20.264	62,775			
Notes Payable		38,264 1,155,613	,			
Bonds Payable	562,268	5,054,504	1,717,881			
Leases Payable	154.041	5,054,504	5,054,504			
Net Pension Liability	154,841		154,841			
Other Postemployment Benefits	402,801	605,252	1,008,053			
Accrued Landfill Closure/Post-Closure Costs	358,458	414,890	773,348			
·	18,334,387	7,260,522	18,334,387			
Total Non-Current Liabilities	19,837,266	7,268,523	27,105,789			
Total Liabilities	20,128,039	14,857,805	34,985,844			
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	41,885	62,939	104,824			
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	103,801	130,157	233,958			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	145,686	193,096	338,782			
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,364,911	20,055,858	23,420,769			
Restricted for:						
Capital Expansion Program	-	21,116,363	21,116,363			
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(7,323,763)	(640,044)	(7,963,807)			
Total Net Position	\$ (3,958,852)	\$ 40,532,177	\$ 36,573,325			

See accompanying notes.

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Water/Sewer					
	Landfill	Utility	Total				
Operating Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 3,354,874	\$ 5,113,367	\$ 8,468,241				
Special Assessments	669,158	-	669,158				
Miscellaneous Operating Revenues	58,604	80,216	138,820				
Total Operating Revenues	4,082,636	5,193,583	9,276,219				
Operating Expenses							
Purchased Water	-	1,316,644	1,316,644				
Personnel Services	585,449	855,532	1,440,981				
Contracted Services	1,201,054	190,457	1,391,511				
Supplies and Materials	54,719	195,399	250,118				
Repairs and Maintenance	169,491	1,300,842	1,470,333				
Other Services and Charges	100,934	157,900	258,834				
Utilities	13,150	196,988	210,138				
Depreciation	476,773	1,672,134	2,148,907				
Amortization	-	40,000	40,000				
Provision for Closure and Long-Term Care	7,293,695		7,293,695				
(Total Operating Expenses)	(9,895,265)	(5,925,896)	(15,821,161)				
Operating (Loss)	(5,812,629)	(732,313)	(6,544,942)				
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Operating Grants	93,750	292,906	386,656				
Interest Income	198,386	384,694	583,080				
Interest Expense	(25,297)	(128,696)	(153,993)				
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	(1,160)	13,875	12,715				
Other Non-Operating Revenues	223,070		223,070				
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	488,749	562,779	1,051,528				
(Loss) Before Transfers and Contributions	(5,323,880)	(169,534)	(5,493,414)				
Operating Transfers							
Operating Transfers In	6,227	-	6,227				
Operating Transfers (Out)	(1,620)	(5,859)	(7,479)				
Total Operating Transfers	4,607	(5,859)	(1,252)				
Capital Contributions							
Capital Grants	-	40,906	40,906				
Capital Contributions	-	1,921	1,921				
Capital Fees	-	5,101,885	5,101,885				
Total Capital Contributions	-	5,144,712	5,144,712				
Changes in Net Position	(5,319,273)	4,969,319	(349,954)				
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,360,421	35,562,858	36,923,279				
Total Net Position (Deficit), End of Year	\$ (3,958,852)	\$ 40,532,177	\$ 36,573,325				

See accompanying notes.

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
			W	/ater/Sewer		
		Landfill		Utility		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		_				
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	4,080,454	\$	16,305,702	\$	20,386,156
Payments to Suppliers		(1,555,198)		(3,029,293)		(4,584,491)
Payments to Employees		(524,083)		(804,234)		(1,328,317)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		2,001,173		12,472,175		14,473,348
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities						
Transfers from Other Funds		6,227		-		6,227
Transfers to Other Funds		(1,620)		(5,859)		(7,479)
Interfund Loans (Repayments)		1,923		-		1,923
Operating Grants		93,750		292,906		386,656
Non-Operating Revenue		175,534		-		175,534
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities		275,814		287,047		562,861
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets		(60,152)		(1,311,570)		(1,371,722)
Principal Paid		(212,456)		(442,530)		(654,986)
Interest Paid		(31,088)		(130,200)		(161,288)
Capital Grants		-		40,906		40,906
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-		13,875		13,875
Net Cash (Used in) Capital and Related						
Financing Activities		(303,696)		(1,829,519)		(2,133,215)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Interest Received		198,386		384,694		583,080
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		198,386		384,694		583,080
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,171,677		11,314,397		13,486,074
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		9,487,707		16,435,525		25,923,232
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	11,659,384	\$	27,749,922	\$	39,409,306

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water/Sewer					
		Landfill		Utility		Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents Classified as:						
Current Assets	\$	9,049,980	\$	6,333,337	\$	15,383,317
Current Assets - Restricted		20,450		241,664		262,114
Non-Current Assets - Restricted		2,588,954		21,174,921		23,763,875
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,659,384	\$	27,749,922	\$	39,409,306
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net						
Cash (Used In) Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(5,812,629)	\$	(732,313)	\$	(6,544,942)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating						
Income to Net Cash Provided by						
Operating Activities:						
Depreciation		476,773		1,672,134		2,148,907
Amortization		-		40,000		40,000
Pension Adjustments		45,547		31,084		76,631
OPEB Adjustments		4,565		4,565		9,130
Provision for Closure and Post-Closure		7,293,695		-		7,293,695
Capital Fees		-		5,101,885		5,101,885
Change in Assets and Liabilities:						
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable		(5,182)		46,069		40,887
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Governments		-		383		383
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		-		(228,109)		(228,109)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaids		(6,077)		(6,644)		(12,721)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(9,773)		563,308		553,535
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		297		2,426		2,723
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits		3,000		5,070		8,070
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		5,959,094		5,959,094
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		10,957		13,223		24,180
Total Adjustments		7,813,802		13,204,488		21,018,290
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,001,173	\$	12,472,175	\$	14,473,348

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,942,003
Accounts Receivable	31,607
Due from Other Governments	3,723
Total Assets	1,977,333
Liabilities	
Due to Other Governments	650,112
Due to Individuals and Businesses	55,242
Due to Others	9,000
Deposits	47,751
Total Liabilities	762,105
Net Position	
Restricted for:	
Individuals, Businesses, and Other Governments	1,215,228
Total Net Position	\$ 1,215,228

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Fees/Fines Collected for Other Governments	\$ 4,913,691
Deposits and Other Trust Activities	2,209,173
Property Taxes and Fees Collected for Local Governments	18,493,057
Tax Certificate Redemptions and Fees Collected for Business and Individuals	7,750,098
Cash Bonds Collected	135,901
Fines, Forfeitures, and Fees Collected	36,323
Evidence Monies Collected	77,889
Collections from Inmates	560,636
Interest Income	11
Total Additions	34,176,779
Deductions	
Fees/Fines Disbursed to Other Governments	4,853,627
Deposits and Other Trust Activities Disbursed	2,504,203
Property Taxes and Fees Disbursed to Local Governments	18,493,057
Tax Certificate Redemptions and Fees Disbursed to Business and Individuals	7,750,098
Cash Bonds Disbursed	135,901
Fines, Forfeitures, and Fees Disbursed	39,471
Evidence Monies Disbursed	77,913
Inmate Funds Disbursed	559,509
(Total Deductions)	(34,413,779)
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(237,000)
Beginning Net Position	1,452,228
Ending Net Position	\$ 1,215,228

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of DeSoto County, Florida (the County) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Significant accounting policies used in these financial statements are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a political subdivision of the State of Florida, established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(e). It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) which must comply with specific state statutes and regulations. In addition to the Board, there are five elected Constitutional Officers: Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector. The Constitutional Officers maintain separate accounting records and budgets. The Board funds a portion or, in certain instances, all of the operating budgets, of the County's Constitutional Officers. The operations of each Constitutional Officer are reported as part of the consolidated general fund and non-major special revenue funds within the County's financial statements.

As required by GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, the financial reporting entity consists of: (1) the primary government of the County; (2) organizations for which the County is financially accountable; and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and: (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization; or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County. The County may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County regardless of whether the organization has: (1) a separately elected governing board; (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government; or (3) a jointly appointed board. Based on these criteria, County management examined all organizations which were legally separate in order to determine which organizations, if any, should be included in the County's financial statements. Management determined that the County has no component units. However, the Board has created several taxing districts by ordinance or resolution, and these are included in the financial statements as special revenue funds.

Other governmental entities who serve all or part of the County's population include the City of Arcadia and the DeSoto County School Board. These entities are autonomous organizations with their own governmental powers and constituencies.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues, are reported separately from

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses and indirect costs of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are those costs that are allocated to functions and activities in accordance with the County's adopted indirect cost allocation plan. The expenses column includes both direct and indirect expenses. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Reconciliations are provided that convert the results of governmental fund accounting to the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, emergency services fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Reimbursement-type grants are considered susceptible to accrual when all restrictions have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

The financial transactions of the County are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets plus deferred outflows, liabilities plus deferred inflows, revenues, expenditures/expenses of either fund category, or the governmental and enterprise funds combined) for the determination of major funds. In addition, funds may be considered major for qualitative reasons.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the primary government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The County Transportation Fund, a special revenue fund, was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 129.02, Florida Statutes, to account for restricted transportation-related grants and gas taxes, and expenditures not more properly accounted for elsewhere.
- The Fire and Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the revenue and costs of providing fire-fighting and EMS throughout the County. Its significant restricted revenues come from special assessments.
- The *Hurricane Fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for the revenue and costs to aid in response to natural disasters affecting the County.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The Landfill Fund accounts for the fiscal activity of all solid waste disposal within the County.
- The Water/Sewer Utility Fund accounts for the fiscal activity of providing water and wastewater services to residential and commercial customers in the County's service area.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

- *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed for specified purposes.
- A *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, governmental long-term debt principal and interest.
- Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

■ Custodial Funds are fiduciary funds that are custodial in nature and include those activities that are not derived from the government's own source revenue. They are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the ongoing costs of providing these sales and services, administrative expenses, depreciation of capital assets, and amortization of landfill closure and post-closure costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgetary Requirements

The following procedures are utilized by the County in establishing and/or amending the budgetary information contained in the financial statements:

- On or before July 15 of each year, or within 15 days after the receipt of certified taxable property values from the Property Appraiser, whichever occurs last, management presents to the Board a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129.01, Florida Statutes, the proposed budget as submitted contains balanced statements of estimated revenues (including unexpended fund balances to be carried forward) and proposed appropriations for all funds of the County, except fiduciary funds.
- Following a preliminary review of the proposed budgets by the Board, whose members make such changes as are deemed necessary (provided that the proposed budget for each fund remains balanced), the Board causes a notice of proposed property taxes to be mailed to each County property taxpayer. Included in the notice is a statement of the Board's intent to hold a public hearing to consider adoption of the tentative millage rates and budgets, as well as a comparison of the taxpayer's proposed property tax bill with the actual tax bill of the preceding year.
- Following successful completion of the above-referenced public hearings, the Board advertises and subsequently conducts a second public hearing to finally adopt a millage rate and budget for each of the taxing entities under their jurisdiction. These public hearings are ordinarily held prior to October 1 each year. If, however, for some reason the Board is unable to finally adopt a budget prior to October 1, state law permits the re-adoption by resolution of the budget of the preceding year as an interim measure.
- Adoption and execution of the budgets are governed in accordance with applicable provisions of Florida Statutes. The budget is legally enacted by resolution.
- Formal budgetary integration at the object level is used as a management control device for all governmental funds of the County for which annual budgets are adopted. The level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the functional level for the County's general fund (e.g., general government, public safety), the fund level for other Board funds, and for the Constitutional Officers.

- Budgets for the general fund and major special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. However, beginning in 2011, certain budgetary funds have been combined for financial reporting purposes. For financial reporting, the general fund includes the following funds of the County or its Officers that are budgeted separately:
 - Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) General Fund
 - Clerk of the Courts General Fund
 - Property Appraiser General Fund
 - Sheriff General Fund
 - Supervisor of Elections General Fund
 - Tax Collector General Fund

The required supplementary information (RSI) section presents budget vs. actual information for the general fund and major special revenue funds. Where needed, combining schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are presented as other supplementary information, which will reconcile the actual column of the budgetary schedules to the amounts reported in the basic financial statements.

All appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year, although the County expects to honor purchase orders and contracts in process, subject to authority provided in the subsequent years' budget.

E. Property Taxes

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal, school board, and other property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of Florida regulating tax assessment are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. Florida Statutes permit counties to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The tax millage rate for general operations of the County was 7.90480 mills for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. The tax millage rate for the law enforcement municipal service taxing unit was 2.4399 mills for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

The tax levy of the County is established by the Board prior to October 1 of each year and the Property Appraiser incorporates the millages into the total tax levy, which includes the municipalities, independent districts, and the County School Board tax requirements.

All property is reassessed according to its fair market value on January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the State of Florida Department of Revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of Florida Statutes.

All taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January, and 1% in the month of February. Taxes paid in March are without discount.

On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property. Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest at 18% per year or as bid in a public sale of tax certificates. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years.

Unsold certificates are held by the County. Delinquent taxes on personal property bear interest at 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five-year statute of limitations.

The County does not accrue its portion of the County-held tax sale certificates or personal property tax warrants because such amounts are not considered to be material.

Key dates in the property tax cycle for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, were as follows:

Assessment Roll Certified July 2023

Beginning of Fiscal Year for Which

Taxes Were Being Levied October 2023

Property Taxes Levied October 2023

Tax Bills Issued November 1, 2023

Property Taxes Due by:

For Maximum Discount November 30, 2023

Delinquent After March 31, 2024

Tax Certificates (Liens) Sold on

Unpaid Property Taxes May 15, 2024

F. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund, and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

G. Interfund Payables and Receivables

Unpaid amounts of current interfund transactions at year-end are reflected as due from other funds or due to other funds in the related fund financial statements. Non-current portions of interfund payables and receivables are reported as advances. In governmental funds, advances receivable are offset equally by a non-spendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute expendable financial resources available for appropriation. In the entity-wide financial statements, interfund transactions within governmental and business-type activities are eliminated and the net amount is reported as internal balances on the statement of net position.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, repurchase agreements with financial institutions, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, deposits in the State of Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust (Florida PRIME) administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

I. Investments

Investments, if any, are carried at fair market value unless the investment qualifies as an external investment pool under the guidance of GASB Statement No. 79, which allows under certain criteria, these investments to be recorded at amortized cost. Florida PRIME is considered a stable value investment pool. The Office of the Auditor General of the State of Florida performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the SBA.

J. Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market value, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Prepaids represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond September 30, 2024. These payments are generally recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

K. Restricted Assets

The use of certain assets is restricted by specific provisions of debt resolutions, developer agreements, or landfill regulations. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the statement of net position, as their use is limited.

L. Utility Receivables

Water and wastewater operating revenues are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly. Revenues for services rendered during the current fiscal year are billed at the close of the fiscal year.

M. Special Assessment Receivables

The Board imposes special assessments against property located within specified areas, as set forth in the related assessment resolution, for the construction of improvements. The assessment of each parcel is generally based upon the lineal feet of frontage along the areas to be improved. The assessments are collected on the ad valorem tax bill, as authorized by Section 197.3632, Florida Statutes.

N. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, water mains and wastewater force mains, landfill facilities, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All land and land improvements are capitalized. Buildings and intangibles with initial costs of \$50,000 or more, and furniture and equipment with initial costs of \$1,000 or more and estimated useful lives of over one year, are recorded as capital assets.

Roads, bridges, and other infrastructure assets are capitalized when their initial costs equal or exceed \$50,000 and possess estimated useful lives of more than one year. Governmental infrastructure constructed prior to June 30, 1980, is not reported, as permitted by GASB Statement No. 34.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value on the date contributed. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Intangibles assets are amortized over their useful lives, when the length of their lives is limited by contractual or legal limitations. Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives in the period they are placed in service:

Buildings and Improvements	10-50 Years
Landfill and Water/Sewer Structures	10-50 Years
Machinery, Equipment, and Vehicles	2-20 Years
Infrastructure	10-50 Years
Right-to-Use Assets	Lease Term
Subscription Assets	Subscription Term

O. Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position, or balance sheet, will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets (or fund balance) that applies to a future period(s) and so it will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position, or balance sheet, will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets (or fund balance) that applies to a future period(s) and so it will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

P. Compensated Absences

It is the County's general policy to grant all permanent full-time and part-time employees annual leave based upon the number of years of employment. Employees are encouraged to use their annual leave in the year that it is earned. The County records compensated absences in governmental funds as expenditures for the amount accrued during the year that would normally be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources. The County accrues compensated absences in the period they are earned in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements.

Q. Landfill Closure Costs

The Board recognizes municipal solid waste landfill closure and post-closure care costs under the State of Florida's *Solid Waste Management Act of 1988*, regulations of the Federal Environmental Protection Agency, and GASB Statement No. 18, *Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs*. The Board is required to place a final cover on closed landfills and to provide long-term care for up to 30 years after closure. These obligations for closure and post-closure are recognized in the enterprise fund for the County's landfill operations over the active life of the landfill, based on landfill capacity.

R. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Principal payments reduce these obligations. Refunding losses are reported as deferred outflows and amortized over the remaining term. Issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Principal, interest, and issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

S. Leases

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term leases where the County is the lessee are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Principal payments reduce these obligations. Additionally, long-term leases where the County is the lessor are reported as receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Payments received and recognized as lease revenue reduce these receivables, while the related deferred inflows of resources are reduced by an even amount over the lease term.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Principal, interest, and issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual lease proceeds received, are reported as lease service expenditures in leases where the County is the lessee. While the lease term is stated in the contract, the interest rates can be either stated or implicit and based on the internal rate of return. In long-term leases where the County is the lessor, the amount expected to be received over the lease term is reported as a lease receivable, which is reduced by lease revenue recognized while the deferred inflows of resources are reduced evenly over the lease term in governmental fund financial statements.

T. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, SBITAs where the County is the subscriber are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Principal payments reduce these obligations. The subscription asset is initially recognized at the present value of the subscription payments, plus any initial direct costs. Amortization of the subscription asset is recorded systematically over the term of the arrangement.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of subscription payments is reported as other financing sources, while principal payments are recognized as expenditures for principal retirement. Additionally, interest or other financing costs related to the SBITAs are recognized as expenditures as incurred, based on the terms of the subscription arrangement.

U. OPEB

It is the County's policy to provide retirement health benefits based on three classes of employees as discussed further in Note 9. The County records OPEB liabilities based on actuarially-determined annual costs in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements.

V. Florida Retirement System

It is the County's policy to provide defined benefits through a pension plan based on several classes of employees as discussed further in Note 8. The County records defined benefit pension liabilities based on actuarially-determined annual costs in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements.

W. Unearned Revenues/Unavailable Revenues

Unearned revenues reported on the balance sheet or statement of net position represent revenues that have been received but not earned. Deferred inflows — unavailable revenues on the governmental fund balance sheet represent revenues that are earned and receivable but have not been recognized because they have not met the "availability" criteria for governmental fund revenues.

X. Grant Revenues

Program and capital grants received by governmental funds are recorded in the applicable governmental fund as receivables, and revenues at the time reimbursable costs are incurred and all significant grant restrictions are satisfied. Grant revenues received in advance of meeting all major grant restrictions are reported as unearned revenues. Grant revenues that have met all significant restrictions, but have not met the "availability" criteria, are reported as deferred inflows.

Y. Fund Balance and Net Position

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets—Consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and other assets financed by the related debt, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted—Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by: (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted—Consists of the net amount of assets (plus deferred outflows) and liabilities (plus deferred inflows) that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Proprietary Fund Statements

In the fund financial statements, proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

■ Non-Spendable Fund Balance—Represents fund balance that is: (a) not in a spendable form such as prepaid items; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as an endowment.

- Restricted Fund Balance—Consists of amounts that can be spent only on the specific purposes stipulated by law or by the external providers of those resources such as voter approved gas taxes and grant revenues.
- Committed Fund Balance—Self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the fiscal period. These amounts can be used only for specific purposes as determined by a formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., the County Commission by ordinance, or where applicable, a Constitutional Officer by policy). In addition, to meet this classification, the expenditure constraint cannot be removed except by a similar formal action.
- Assigned Fund Balance—Amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the County Commission or by their designated body or official (to date, the Board has not designated any such body or official). The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the fund. Formal action is not necessary to impose, remove, or modify a constraint in this category. Additionally, this category is used to reflect the appropriation of a portion of existing fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget. It is also used for residual balances in special revenue funds, debt service, and capital projects funds.
- Unassigned Fund Balance—Represents the residual classification of fund balance and includes all spendable amounts not contained within the other classifications of the general fund. This classification also includes deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The County's fund balance policy states that "a minimum fund balance shall be established that may be provided for the purpose of paying expenses from October 1 of the ensuing fiscal year until the time when revenues for that year are expected to be available. This minimum fund balance shall accumulate to an amount which represents no less than two (2) months of operating and debt expenditures. Upon accumulation, this minimum fund balance shall be maintained; however, when possible, increase to a goal of three (3) months. Recognizing that the minimum of the two (2) months of operating and debt expenditures may not be accomplished immediately, the County Administrator will provide annually one-half of one percent of projected expenditures until the two (2) month target is reached. The minimum fund balance may not exceed 20 percent of the total revenues and balances of the budget." The policy requirements have been met as of September 30, 2024.

Use of Available Equity

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) first, and then restricted resources, as they are needed for their intended purposes. When unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use committed resources, then assigned, and then unassigned, as needed.

Z. New Accounting Pronouncement

During the fiscal year, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. The statement enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. The statement defines accounting changes as: (a) changes in accounting principles, (b) changes in accounting estimates, or (c) changes to or within the financial reporting entity,

each with its own financial reporting requirements. Disclosure requirements include description of accounting changes and error corrections and their quantitative effects on account balances. See Note 16 for further information regarding changes which were required to be disclosed under this standard.

Note 2 - Deposits/Investments

A. Deposits

At September 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the County's deposits, including agency funds, was \$76,446,813 (and \$19,610 in cash on hand). All of the County's public deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280. Qualified public depositories are required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer with a market value equal to 50% of the average daily balance of all public deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In addition, to the extent that total public deposits exceed the total amount of the regulatory capital accounts of a bank or the regulatory net worth of a savings association, the required collateral shall have a market value equal to 125% of the deposits.

In the event of default by a qualified public depository, all claims for public deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. Therefore, all cash and time deposits held by banks are fully insured and collateralized.

B. Restricted Cash

Following is a summary of restricted cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2024:

	Gov	ernmental Funds	Proprietary Funds		
Major Funds:					
Landfill - Closure/Post-Closure	\$	-	\$	2,588,954	
Landfill - Deposits		-		20,450	
Water/Sewer Utility - Wastewater Impact Fees		-		21,174,922	
Water/Sewer Utility - Deposits		-		202,432	
Water/Sewer Utility - Accrued Interest		-		39,231	
Special Revenue Fund - Court Fees Fund		711,863			
Total	\$	711,863	\$	24,025,989	

Note 3 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of short-term interfund balances as of September 30, 2024, is as follows:

-		Due to Other Funds						ner Funds	Purpose
Governmental Funds									
General Fund (GF)	\$	55,205	\$	608,979	Receivables are primarily for grant expenditures. Payables were for excess fees and reimbursements.				
County Transportation		122,356		-	Payables are for grant-related road projects.				
Fire and EMS		-		28,052	Receivables are for excess tax collector fees.				
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds		43,726		20,927	Payables are for on-going grant projects. Receivables are reimbursements for expenditures.				
Non-Major Capital Project Funds		442,897		-	Payables are for on-going capital improvement projects.				
Enterprise Funds									
Landfill		-		6,226	Receivables are for excess tax collector fees.				
	\$	664,184	\$	664,184	•				

The composition of interfund advances as of September 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Α	dvances to Other Funds	Advances rom Other Funds	Purpose
General Fund (GF)	\$	5,699,319	\$ -	Loans to non-major special revenue funds for cash shortages.
Hurricane Fund		-	5,668,671	Loan to Hurricane for cash shortage.
Non-Major Funds		-	 30,648	Loans from the General Fund for cash shortages.
	\$	5,699,319	\$ 5,699,319	

Interfund transfers consist of the following:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Purpose
Governmental Funds			
General Fund	\$ 617,672	\$ 11,153,573	3 Transfers in were mainly from various grants and related programs. Transfers out were mainly to fund projects and operations across funds.
County Transportation	2,745,863	68,826	5 Transfers in are for funding transportation projects. Transfers out were primarily for debt service.
Fire and EMS	3,406,039		Transfers in were mainly to fund emergency services.
Hurricane	2,637,235	18,284	Transfers in were primarily related to grant activities.
Non-Major Special Revenue	617,703	538,213	3 Transfers out were primarily for reimbursements. Transfers in were primarily for program costs.
Non-Major Capital Projects	1,755,666	30) Transfers in were to fund on-going capital projects.
Enterprise Funds			
Landfill	6,227	1,620	Transfers in are from Constitutional Officers and transfers out are for program costs.
Water/Sewer Utility	-	5,859	Transfers out are for program costs.
	\$ 11,786,405	\$ 11,786,405	; =

Note 4 - Other Receivables

Following is a summary of other receivables balances at September 30, 2024:

		Accounts		Special sessments		Notes		Lease		Total
Governmental Funds	-	Accounts		ocssinents		Notes		Ecuse		10141
General Fund	\$	687,085	\$	-	\$	_	\$	339,989	\$	1,027,074
Fire and EMS	·	1,460,661	·	1,472	·	-	·	, -	·	1,462,133
Non-Major Special Revenue		2,710		-		9,558,884		-		9,561,594
(Less Allowance)		(567,984)		_		(8,183,884)				(8,751,868)
Total Governmental Funds		1,582,472		1,472		1,375,000		339,989		3,298,933
Enterprise Funds										
Landfill		111,282		147		-		-		111,429
Water/Sewer Utility		487,098		-		-		-		487,098
(Less Allowance)		(12,416)								(12,416)
Total Enterprise Funds		585,964		147		-		-		586,111
Fiduciary Funds		31,607								31,607
Totals	\$	2,200,043	\$	1,619	\$	1,375,000	\$	339,989	\$	3,916,651

The entire balance of notes receivable at September 30, 2024, is non-current. All other net receivables above are considered to be current.

Notes Receivable

Loans in the State Housing Initiative Partnership Program (SHIP) have been provided for home rehabilitation, reconstruction, or down-payment assistance under terms of the various grant programs. Receivables are generally secured by zero-interest, primary, or subordinate mortgages on the affected property, some with principal due in full when the property is sold or otherwise transferred, or after thirty years, and some forgiven with the passage of time.

Water/Sewer Utility Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable for the water/sewer utility fund includes outstanding receivable balances for customer usage charges.

Lease Receivable

The County leases land and office space to third parties. As of September 30, 2024, the County's lease receivables were valued at \$339,989 and the deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the term of the leases is \$319,337. Included in revenue is lease revenue of \$19,755 and interest revenue from leases of \$8,988.

The lease receivables for Governmental Activities as of September 30, 2024, are as follows:

Land Lease – annual lease payments totaling \$13,200 plus interest at a rate of 2.56%, maturing in 2052.	\$ 333,771
Office Space Lease – annual lease payments totaling \$10,692 plus	
interest at rates ranging of 0.92%, maturing in 2025.	\$ 6,218

Note 5 - Capital Assets

A. Changes in Capital Assets

The following shows the changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Beginning Balance 10/01/2023	Additions	Transfers	Disposals	Ending Balance 9/30/2024
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated/Amortized:					
Land and Easements	\$ 3,886,219	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,886,219
Construction in Progress	5,064,537	7,459,153	(7,200,238)		5,323,452
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated/Amortized	8,950,756	7,459,153	(7,200,238)		9,209,671
Capital Assets, Depreciated/Amortized:					
Buildings and Improvements	32,088,826	163,885	-	-	32,252,711
Intangibles	551,756	· -	-	-	551,756
Machinery and Equipment - Board	16,452,966	3,037,884	(15,367)	(1,059,989)	18,415,494
Machinery and Equipment - Sheriff	8,447,216	974,596	-	(457,562)	8,964,250
Right-to-Use Leased Equipment	196,248	-	-	-	196,248
Subscription Assets - Sheriff	68,520	-	-	-	68,520
Infrastructure	56,609,483	186,563	7,200,238		63,996,284
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated/Amortized	114,415,015	4,362,928	7,184,871	(1,517,551)	124,445,263
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(21,246,098)	(1,037,328)	-	-	(22,283,426)
Intangibles	(551,756)	-	-	-	(551,756)
Machinery and Equipment - Board	(10,373,318)	(1,094,006)	13,446	988,436	(10,465,442)
Machinery and Equipment - Sheriff	(5,042,923)	(968,538)	-	446,339	(5,565,122)
Right-to-Use Leased Equipment	(130,832)	(24,531)	-	-	(155,363)
Subscription Assets - Sheriff	(2,855)	(34,260)	-	-	(37,115)
Infrastructure	(20,079,264)	(2,152,668)			(22,231,932)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(57,427,046)	(5,311,331)	13,446	1,434,775	(61,290,156)
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated/Amortized	56,987,969	(948,403)	7,198,317	(82,776)	63,155,107
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 65,938,725	\$ 6,510,750	\$ (1,921)	\$ (82,776)	\$ 72,364,778

The following is a summary of governmental activities depreciation expense by function:

Depreciation/Amortization Expense by Function						
Governmental Activities		_				
General Government	\$	442,368				
Public Safety (Board)		733,468				
Public Safety (Sheriff)		1,002,798				
Physical Environment		19,908				
Economic Environment		333				
Transportation		2,254,712				
Human Services		7,494				
Culture/Recreation		836,129				
Court Services		14,121				
Total Depreciation Expense						
Governmental Activities	\$	5,311,331				

The following shows the changes in capital assets for the County's business-type activities, by fund:

	Beginning Balance 10/01/2023	Additions	Transfers	Disposals	Ending Balance 9/30/2024
Landfill Fund	10/01/2023	Additions	Transiers	Бізрозаіз	3/30/2024
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 768,683	\$ - 27,117	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 768,683 27,117
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	768,683	27,117			795,800
Capital Assets, Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Right-to-Use Leased Equipment	245,520 10,638,588 48,471 2,188,318	33,035 182,525	(5,589)	(14,177)	245,520 10,638,588 48,471 2,201,587 182,525
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	13,120,897	215,560	(5,589)	(14,177)	13,316,691
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Right-to-Use Leased Equipment	(206,661) (8,217,063) (10,656) (917,269)	(9,818) (283,252) (12,118) (169,014) (2,571)	- - - 5,589	13,017	(216,479) (8,500,315) (22,774) (1,067,677) (2,571)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,351,649)	(476,773)	5,589	13,017	(9,809,816)
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	3,769,248	(261,213)		(1,160)	3,506,875
Landfill Capital Assets	\$ 4,537,931	\$ (234,096)	\$ -	\$ (1,160)	\$ 4,302,675
	Danimaina				Ending
Water Course Hillian	Beginning Balance 10/01/2023	Additions	Transfers	Disposals	Balance 9/30/2024
Water/Sewer Utility Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land and Easements Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	Balance	\$ - 938,101 938,101	\$ - (4,015,739) (4,015,739)	\$ -	Balance
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land and Easements Construction in Progress	Balance 10/01/2023 \$ 2,464,957 4,015,703	\$ - 938,101	\$ - (4,015,739)		\$ 2,464,957 938,065
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land and Easements Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	Balance 10/01/2023 \$ 2,464,957 4,015,703	\$ - 938,101	\$ - (4,015,739)		\$ 2,464,957 938,065
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land and Easements Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated Capital Assets, Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Water Distribution System Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	\$ 2,464,957 4,015,703 6,480,660 646,783 2,710,687 68,867 990,784 39,748,944	\$ 938,101 938,101 - 373,469	\$ - \(\(\frac{4,015,739}{0.015,739}\)\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\$ - - (4,520) (181,662)	\$ 2,464,957 938,065 3,403,022 646,783 2,706,167 281,630 990,784 43,764,683
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land and Easements Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated Capital Assets, Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Water Distribution System Total Capital Assets, Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Water Distribution System	\$ 2,464,957 4,015,703 6,480,660 646,783 2,710,687 68,867 990,784 44,166,065 (571,183) (1,126,856) (54,358) (605,069) (21,213,724)	\$ - 938,101 938,101 - 373,469 - 373,469 (34,066) (2,616) (112,184) (117,126) (1,406,142)	\$ - (4,015,739) (4,015,739) - 20,956 - 4,015,739 4,036,695 - (19,035)	\$ - - (4,520) (181,662) - (186,182) - 4,520 181,662	\$ 2,464,957 938,065 3,403,022 646,783 2,706,167 281,630 990,784 43,764,683 48,390,047 (605,249) (1,124,952) (3,915) (722,195) (22,619,866)
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land and Easements Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated Capital Assets, Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Water Distribution System Total Capital Assets, Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Water Distribution System Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 2,464,957 4,015,703 6,480,660 646,783 2,710,687 68,867 990,784 39,748,944 44,166,065 (571,183) (1,126,856) (54,358) (605,069) (21,213,724) (23,571,190)	\$ - 938,101 938,101 - 373,469 - 373,469 (34,066) (2,616) (112,184) (117,126) (1,406,142) (1,672,134)	\$ - (4,015,739) (4,015,739) - 20,956 - 4,015,739 4,036,695 - (19,035) - (19,035)	\$ - - (4,520) (181,662) - (186,182)	\$ 2,464,957 938,065 3,403,022 646,783 2,706,167 281,630 990,784 43,764,683 48,390,047 (605,249) (1,124,952) (3,915) (722,195) (22,619,866) (25,076,177)
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land and Easements Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated Capital Assets, Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Water Distribution System Total Capital Assets, Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Water Distribution System Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	\$ 2,464,957 4,015,703 6,480,660 646,783 2,710,687 68,867 990,784 39,748,944 44,166,065 (571,183) (1,126,856) (54,358) (605,069) (21,213,724) (23,571,190) 20,594,875	\$ - 938,101 938,101 - 373,469 - 373,469 (34,066) (2,616) (112,184) (117,126) (1,406,142) (1,672,134) (1,298,665)	\$ - \(\(\(\frac{4},015,739\)\) \(\((4,015,739\)\)\\ \(\(\frac{2}{0},956\)\\ \(\frac{4},015,739\)\\ \(\frac{4},036,695\)\\ \(\(\frac{1}{0},035\)\\ \(\frac{1}{0},035\)\\ \(\frac{1}{0},035\)\\ \(\frac{1}{0},035\)\\ \(\frac{4}{0},017,660\)\	\$ - - (4,520) (181,662) - - (186,182) - 4,520 181,662 - - - 186,182	\$ 2,464,957 938,065 3,403,022 646,783 2,706,167 281,630 990,784 43,764,683 48,390,047 (605,249) (1,124,952) (3,915) (722,195) (22,619,866) (25,076,177) 23,313,870
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land and Easements Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated Capital Assets, Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Water Distribution System Total Capital Assets, Depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Intangibles Machinery and Equipment Water Distribution System Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 2,464,957 4,015,703 6,480,660 646,783 2,710,687 68,867 990,784 39,748,944 44,166,065 (571,183) (1,126,856) (54,358) (605,069) (21,213,724) (23,571,190)	\$ - 938,101 938,101 - 373,469 - 373,469 (34,066) (2,616) (112,184) (117,126) (1,406,142) (1,672,134)	\$ - (4,015,739) (4,015,739) - 20,956 - 4,015,739 4,036,695 - (19,035) - (19,035)	\$ - - (4,520) (181,662) - (186,182) - 4,520 181,662	\$ 2,464,957 938,065 3,403,022 646,783 2,706,167 281,630 990,784 43,764,683 48,390,047 (605,249) (1,124,952) (3,915) (722,195) (22,619,866) (25,076,177)

The following is a summary of business-type activities depreciation expense by activity:

Depreciation Expense by Activity						
Business-Type Activities						
Landfill	\$	476,773				
Water/Sewer Utility		1,672,134				
Total Depreciation						
Expense Business-Type Activities	\$	2,148,907				

The following summarizes capital assets found on the statement of net position for governmental activities and business-type activities:

	Governmental		Business-Type			Total
Land and Easements	\$	3,886,219	\$	3,233,640	\$	7,119,859
Construction in Progress		5,323,452		965,182		6,288,634
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable/Amortized	\$	9,209,671	\$	4,198,822	\$	13,408,493
Buildings and Improvements	\$	32,252,711	\$	892,303	Ś	33,145,014
Intangibles	Y	551,756	Y	330,101	Y	881,857
Machinery and Equipment - Board		18,415,494		3,192,371		21,607,865
Machinery and Equipment - Sheriff		8,964,250		-		8,964,250
Infrastructure		63,996,284		13,344,755		77,341,039
Right-to-Use Leased Equipment		196,248		182,525		378,773
Subscription Assets - Sheriff		68,520		· -		68,520
Water Distribution System		-		43,764,683		43,764,683
		124,445,263		61,706,738		186,152,001
(Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization)		(61,290,156)		(34,885,993)		(96,176,149)
Capital Assets - Depreciated/Amortized	\$	63,155,107	\$	26,820,745	\$	89,975,852

B. Commitments

The following is a summary of major construction commitments remaining at fiscal year-end:

			Expended	
	Contract		as of	Remaining
Project/Description	Amount	S	September 30, 2024	Commitment
Wastewater Expansion	\$ 4,670,175	\$	3,409,397	\$ 1,260,778
Welles Sidewalk	588,357		324,000	264,357
Welles Avenue CR 760A	456,024		553	455,471

Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

A. Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt

The County's outstanding long-term debt includes bonds payable, notes payable, installment purchases, leases, SBITAs, compensated absences, OPEB, net pension liability, and accrued landfill closure costs. The following is a schedule of changes in the County's long-term debt for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024:

	 Balance 9/30/23	 Additions	 Reductions	 Balance 9/30/24	ue Within One Year	ا	ong-Term Portion
Governmental Activities							
Installment Purchases*	\$ 513,306	\$ 226,150	\$ (157,668)	\$ 581,788	\$ 153,348	\$	428,440
Subscription-Based IT							
Arrangements - Sheriff	33,720	-	(33,720)	-	-		-
Leases Payable	48,724	-	(23,907)	24,817	24,817		-
Long-Term Debt - At Par	 595,750	226,150	(215,295)	606,605	178,165		428,440
Other Long-Term Obligations							
Other Postemployment							
Benefits Liability	7,340,551	1,252,771	(594,076)	7,999,246	589,876		7,409,370
Compensated Absences:							
Board	619,959	594,344	(508,445)	705,858	70,586		635,272
Clerk	49,260	34,758	(43,360)	40,658	4,066		36,592
Property Appraiser	40,338	30,954	(21,590)	49,702	4,970		44,732
Sheriff	628,638	118,257	-	746,895	74,690		672,205
Supervisor	2,500	6,300	(8,300)	500	500		-
Tax Collector	4,769	29,760	(30,143)	4,386	4,386		-
Net Pension Liability	35,111,166	269,865	(409,280)	34,971,751	24,438		34,947,313
Governmental Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 44,392,931	\$ 2,563,159	\$ (1,830,489)	\$ 45,125,601	\$ 951,677	\$	44,173,924

^{*}Per GASB Statement No. 88, this debt meets the definition of a direct borrowing.

	Balance 9/30/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 9/30/24	ue Within One Year	L	ong-Term. Portion
Business-Type Activities	 						
Bonds and Notes Payable:							
Revenue Bonds	\$ 5,734,917	\$ -	\$ (337,226)	\$ 5,397,691	\$ 343,187	\$	5,054,504
Notes Payable*	1,368,647	-	(105,304)	1,263,343	107,730		1,155,613
Leases Payable	-	182,525	(2,051)	180,474	25,633		154,841
Installment Purchases*	967,695	-	(210,405)	757,290	195,022		562,268
Total Long-Term Debt	8,071,259	182,525	(654,986)	7,598,798	671,572		6,927,226
Other Long-Term Obligations							
Landfill Closure Costs	11,040,692	7,293,695	-	18,334,387	-		18,334,387
Other Postemployment							
Benefits Liability	741,732	57,504	-	799,236	25,888		773,348
Compensated Absences	45,570	51,355	(27,174)	69,751	6,976		62,775
Net Pension Liability	951,497	57,218	-	1,008,715	662		1,008,053
Business-Type Activities		-					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 20,850,750	\$ 7,642,297	\$ (682,160)	\$ 27,810,887	\$ 705,098	\$	27,105,789

 $^{{}^{*}\}text{Per GASB}$ Statement No. 88, this debt meets the definition of a direct borrowing.

Compensated absences for governmental activities and OPEB will be liquidated in future periods primarily by the general fund. The net pension liability will be liquidated through employer contributions by the funds where the current employees reside.

B. Governmental Debt Payable

Debt outstanding at September 30, 2024, consists of the following for governmental activities:

_	Purpose of Issue	Loan Amount	-	Amount tstanding	Interest Rate
Governmental Activities					
Installment Notes:	Various				
Lease to Own*	County				
(Matures 2027)	Equipment	\$ 631,150	\$	581,788	2.15% - 3.09%
Leases Payable:	Dominion				
Equipment Lease	Voting System				
(Matures 2025)	Equipment	196,248		24,817	3.81%
Total Governmental Activities Notes Payable			ċ	606.605	
Notes rayable			٠	000,003	

^{*}Per GASB Statement No. 88, this debt meets the definition of a direct borrowing.

Remedies in the Event of Default – The debt obligations all allow for the obligors to take whatever legal actions necessary to collect the amounts due in the event of default.

Bonds and notes/loans outstanding at September 30, 2024, consist of the following for business-type activities:

	Purpose of Issue		Loan Amount	0	Amount utstanding	Interest Rate
Business-Type Activities						
Revenue Bonds:						
Water and Wastewater	Refund the					
Refunding System	Outstanding					
Revenue Bond, Series 2022	U.S. Department of					
(Matures 2038)	Agriculture Loan	\$	7,080,000	\$	5,397,691	3.80%
(Matures 2036)	LOdii	Ş	7,080,000	Ş	3,397,091	3.80%
Notes Payable:						
State Revolving	Wastewater System					
Fund Loans* (Matures 2035)	Improvements DP63904S		2,900,528		1,263,343	2.29%
(Matures 2033)	DF033043		2,900,328		1,203,343	2.29/0
Leases Payable:						
Equipment Lease						
(Matures 2030)	Wheel Loader		182,525		180,474	7.49%
Installment Notes:						
Caterpillar Financial*						
(Matures 2024-2029)	Compactor #2		824,316		662,539	3.63%
	Dozer		199,747		94,751	3.63%
Total Business-Type						
Activities - Bonds and						
Notes Payable				\$	7,598,798	

^{*}Per GASB Statement No. 88, this debt meets the definition of a direct borrowing.

The Water and Wastewater System Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2022 (the 2022 Bond) is payable solely from and secured by a senior lien on, and pledge of, the net revenue of the water and wastewater systems, and is payable through 2038. A legislative appropriation of \$957,000 was awarded to the County in 2016 to offset the principal balances. The obligation was incurred to refund a prior obligation of the County. The total principal and interest remaining to be repaid on the bond is \$6,113,564. Debt service for 2024 was \$436,683. Pledged revenues of the water/wastewater system for 2024 were \$6,076,109. In the event of default, the lender has the right to take whatever legal actions are necessary to collect the amounts due.

The State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loans – Direct Borrowings are through the Florida Department of Environmental Protection and provide for level semiannual debt service over the life of the loan. The loans are secured by a junior lien on, and pledge of, the gross revenues of the water/wastewater systems (including interest income), after payment of operation and maintenance expenses and certain other future senior debt.

The final maturity of SRF loan #DP63904S is in 2035. The total principal and interest remaining to be repaid on the loan is \$1,428,494. Debt service for 2024 was \$136,047. Pledged revenues of the water/wastewater system for 2024 were \$6,460,803.

In the event of default, the lender, subject to superior liens on the pledged revenues, may request a court to appoint a receiver to manage the water and sewer systems, intercept the delinquent amount from any unobligated funds due to the County under any revenue or tax sharing fund established by the State of Florida, impose a penalty in the amount of 6% percent per annum on the amount due, notify financial market credit rating agencies and potential creditors, and may accelerate the repayment schedule or increase the interest rate on the unpaid principal of the loan to as much as 166.7% of the loan interest rate.

Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows debt service requirements to maturity for the County's revenue bonds and notes:

	 Governmental Activities								
	Direct Bo	rrow	ings						
Fiscal Year	Principal Interest								
2025	\$ 153,348	\$	24,372						
2026	159,374		18,346						
2027	165,682		12,038						
2028	103,384		5,434						
	\$ 581,788	\$	60,190						

	Business-Type Activities										
	Revenu	e Boı	nds		Direct Bo	orrowings					
Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest				
2025	\$ 343,187	\$	93,496	\$	302,752	\$	45,642				
2026	349,254		87,429		212,874		38,000				
2027	355,428		81,255		217,861		33,013				
2028	361,711		74,972		222,966		27,908				
2029	368,105		68,578		364,874		19,880				
2030-2034	1,940,464		242,953		632,050		48,183				
2035-2039	1,679,542		67,190		67,256		770				
	\$ 5,397,691	\$	715,873	\$	2,020,633	\$	213,396				

C. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

The County has adopted a policy based on U.S. Environmental Protection Agency rules and in accordance with Florida law, to set aside funds for the closure and post-closure care costs of its current landfill. At September 30, 2024, the County had \$2,588,954 in restricted cash and investments in the landfill fund for these purposes. The shortfall between the escrow balance and the statutorily required amount to be set aside for closure is \$1,856,701.

Accounting rules require the recording of a liability for the estimated future costs (in current dollars) for all landfill closure and post-closure care costs attributable to the portion of the landfill capacity filled to-date (state laws require post-closure monitoring of closed landfills for thirty years). The County's estimate of future costs was based on their consulting engineer's report and the County's estimated remaining landfill capacity. As of September 30, 2024, the County has recognized \$18,334,387, or approximately 80% of the remaining estimated closure and post-closure care totaling \$22,958,830. The following table summarizes the estimated remaining closure costs and post-closure costs, and costs incurred through September 30, 2024, by zone:

 Zone	R	emaining Closure Costs	Remaining ost-Closure Costs	Remaining Total Costs		Percent Filled	Rela	Total Liability ative to Costs	Closing Costs Paid To-Date	F	Remaining To Be Paid
 1	\$	-	\$ 2,617,084	\$ 2,617,084		100.00%	\$	2,617,084	\$ -	\$	2,617,084
2		-	2,209,982	2,209,982		100.00%		2,209,982	_		2,209,982
3		-	3,024,186	3,024,186		100.00%		3,024,186	-		3,024,186
4		3,631,588	4,245,492	7,877,080		97.20%		7,656,522	(716,331)		6,940,191
5		2,868,691	4,361,807	7,230,498		49.00%		3,542,944	-		3,542,944
	\$	6,500,279	\$ 16,458,551	\$ 22,958,830	-	83.0%	\$	19,050,718	\$ (716,331)	\$	18,334,387

The accrued closure and post-closure care costs are \$18,334,387 at September 30, 2024, and have been accrued as a liability on the statement of net position - proprietary funds of the landfill fund.

D. Lease Payable

The County is a lessee for an eight-year non-cancellable lease agreement of voting equipment through 2026. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$24,817. The County is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$25,764. The lease has an interest rate of 3.81%. The equipment originally had an eight-year estimated useful life, of which approximately one year remains. The value of the right-of-use asset as of the end of the fiscal year was \$196,248 and had accumulated depreciation of \$155,363.

During 2024, the County entered into a new agreement as a lessee for a Wheel Loader in the Landfill Fund. The lease is for a six-year non-cancellable agreement with monthly payments of \$3,190 and an interest rate of 7.49%. The equipment has an expected useful life approximating the lease term of six years. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$180,474. The value of the right-of-use asset as of the end of the fiscal year was \$182,525 and had accumulated depreciation of \$2,571.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of September 30, 2024, were as follows:

		Governmen	tal Acti	vities	E	Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities		
Fiscal Year		Direct Bo	orrowin	gs		Direct Bo	rrowings			
	P	rincipal	Int	erest	Р	rincipal		nterest		
2025	\$	24,817	\$	947	\$	25,633	\$	12,649		
2026		-		-		27,621		10,662		
2027		-		-		29,762		8,521		
2028		-		-		32,069		6,214		
2029		-		-		34,555		3,727		
Thereafter		-		-		30,834		1,509		
	\$	24,817	\$	947	\$	180,474	\$	43,282		

E. SBITAs Payable

In 2024, the County recognized payments of \$33,720 and \$1,080 for principal and interest, respectively, under a non-cancellable arrangement for data backup services. This obligation was fully retired in 2024.

Note 7 - Restricted Net Position (Other Purposes)

Net position restricted for other purposes on the face of the statement of net position for governmental activities includes the following:

Governmental Activities	Oth	er Purposes
Court-Related Services	\$	802,449
Debt Service		4
Street Lighting		12,632
Building Code Enforcements		1,246,458
Solid Waste Control Services		1,072
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,062,615

Note 8 - Retirement System

A. General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the County are eligible to enroll as members of the state-administered FRS. Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, *Florida Administrative Code*; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other non-integrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The County's pension expense totaled \$4,962,937 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 (all plans). The County's deferred outflows for all plans totaled \$10,812,818, and the County's deferred inflows for all plans totaled \$3,934,023. The County's total net pension liability for all plans totaled \$35,980,466 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County's contributions to all plans totaled \$4,417,991. For further information of contributions by plan for each Constitutional Officer, see the schedule below:

	Florida Retirement System	He	alth Insurance Subsidy	_ Inv	estment Plan	Total
Board of County Commissioners	\$ 1,806,422	\$	202,140	\$	40,449	\$ 2,049,011
Clerk of Circuit Court	128,304		11,871		2,776	142,951
Property Appraiser	127,917		11,556		2,370	141,843
Tax Collector	66,294		10,077		7,969	84,340
Sheriff	1,632,376		128,904		159,254	1,920,534
Supervisor of Elections	75,825		3,389		98	79,312
	\$ 3,837,138	\$	367,937	\$	212,916	\$ 4,417,991

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u>. The County reported a payable of \$82,370 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

B. FRS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The FRS Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan with a DROP available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature established and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the FRS Pension Plan. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. The general classes of membership applicable to the County are as follows:

- Regular Class—Members of the FRS Pension Plan who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officer Class—Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class—Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class—Members who are employed as law enforcement officers and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Pension Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Pension Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Pension Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Members of the FRS Pension Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service.

The FRS Pension Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Pension Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Pension Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS trust fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and	Percent
Retirement Age/Years of Service	Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled On or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Regular	
Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974	2.00
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

<u>Contributions</u>. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the County's 2023-24 fiscal year were as follows:

		une 30, 2024, Gross Salary	Year Ended June 30, 2025, Percent of Gross Salary		
Class	Employee	<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer</u>	
FRS, Regular	3.00	11.51	3.00	11.57	
FRS, Elected County					
Officers	3.00	56.62	3.00	56.62	
FRS, Senior Management					
Service	3.00	32.46	3.00	32.46	
FRS, Special Risk Regular	3.00	30.61	3.00	30.73	
DROP - Applicable to					
Members from All of the					
Above Classes	0.00	19.13	0.00	19.13	
FRS, Reemployment					
Retiree	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed. Employer contributions are also required for members in the FRS Investment Plan for a portion of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

The County's contributions (employer only) to the Plan totaled \$4,307,272 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>. At September 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$28,765,207 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2024. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2023-24 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2023-24 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2024, the County's proportion was 0.07435809194%, which was an increase of 0.00286426069% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,576,985 related to the Plan. At September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the FRS Plan from the following sources:

		Deferred outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
<u>Description</u>	Resources		 Resources
Employer Contributions After Measurement Date	\$	1,075,298	\$ -
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience		2,906,058	-
Changes of Assumptions		3,942,535	-
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between			
County Contributions and Proportionate Share of			
Contributions		2,028,598	933,492
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings			
on Pension Plan Investments	-		 1,911,885
Total	\$	9,952,489	\$ 2,845,377

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$1,075,298, resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year		
<u>Ending</u>	A	mount
2025	\$	(312,078)
2026		4,962,396
2027		803,791
2028		265,298
2029		312,407
Total	<u>\$</u>	6,031,814

For information regarding the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources by each Constitutional Officer, see the table below:

erred Inflows
f Resources
1,072,079
119,166
101,472
198,961
1,264,486
89,213
2,845,377
П

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry age cost method and the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.50% Average, Including Inflation
Discount Rate	6.70%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return,	
Net of Investment Expense	6.70%
Municipal Bond Index	N/A

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base tables, which vary by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2024 valuation, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below.

Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
Asset	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Class	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%	1.1%
Fixed Income	29.0%	5.7%	5.6%	3.9%
Global Equity	45.0%	8.6%	7.0%	18.2%
Real Estate	12.0%	8.1%	6.8%	16.6%
Private Equity	11.0%	12.4%	8.8%	28.4%
Strategic Investments	2.0%	6.6%	6.2%	8.7%
Total	100.0%			
Assumed Inflation – Mean			2.4%	1.5%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the FRS Pension Plan's investment policy available from "Funds We Manage" on the SBA's website at www.sbafla.com.

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.7%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate was 6.7% in the July 1, 2023 valuation.

<u>Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.7%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.7%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.7%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%		Discount		1%	
		Decrease (5.70%)		Rate (6.70%)		Increase (7.70%)
County's Proportionate Share of the				_		_
Net Pension Liability	\$	50,596,992	\$	28,765,207	\$	10,476,457

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

C. HIS Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The HIS Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature established and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS Program. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$7.50. Beginning July 1, 2023, the minimum payment is \$45 and the maximum payment is \$225 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u>. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the HIS Plan, the contribution rate increased to 2.00% of payroll effective July 1, 2023, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The County contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and all preceding years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The County's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$415,110 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>. At September 30, 2024, the County reported a net pension liability of \$7,215,259 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2024. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (HIS) was based on the County's 2023-24 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2023-24 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2024, the County's proportionate share was 0.0480985943%, which was an increase of 0.0004033937% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$385,952 related to the HIS Plan. At September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan from the following sources:

-	Oi	Deferred outflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Description	R	esources			
Employer Contributions After Measurement Date	\$	103,322	\$	-	
Difference Between Expected and Actual					
Experience		69,668		13,854	
Changes of Assumptions		127,693		854,194	
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between					
County Contributions and Proportionate Share					
Contributions		559,646		217,989	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings					
on Pension Plan Investments				2,609	
Total	\$	860,329	\$	1,088,646	

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$103,322, resulting from County contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
<u>Ending</u>	Amount
2025	\$ (14,543
2026	(68,782
2027	(113,511
2028	(66,779
2029	(50,334
Thereafter	(17,690
Total	\$ (331,639

For information regarding the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources by each Constitutional Officer, see the table below:

	1	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	eferred Inflows of Resources
Board of County Commissioners	\$	3,545,482	\$ 390,944	\$ 557,119
Clerk of Circuit Court		248,517	23,372	45,915
Property Appraiser		235,648	24,492	30,239
Tax Collector		208,098	20,808	45,995
Sheriff		2,905,769	397,632	397,460
Supervisor of Elections		71,745	 3,081	 11,918
	\$	7,215,259	\$ 860,329	\$ 1,088,646

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry age cost method and the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.50% Average, Including Inflation
Discount Rate	3.93%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return,	
Net of Investment Expense	N/A
Municipal Bond Index	3.93%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2023.

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.93%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date.

Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate was 3.65% in the July 1, 2023 valuation.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.93%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.93%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.93%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1%	Discount	1%		
	Decrease (2.93%)	Rate (3.93%)	Increase (4.93%)		
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,213,645	\$ 7,215,259	\$ 6,386,437		

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

D. FRS—Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The County contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment member's accounts (employer and employee) during the 2023-24 fiscal year were as follows:

		une 30, 2024 s Compensation	Year Ended June 30, 2025 Percent of Gross Compensation	
Class	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer
FRS, Regular Class	3.00	8.30	3.00	8.30
FRS, Special Risk Class	3.00	16.00	3.00	16.00
FRS, Senior Management Service Class	3.00	9.67	3.00	9.67
FRS, Elected County Officers, Judges	3.00	15.23	3.00	15.23
FRS, Elected County Officers	0.00	13.34	0.00	13.34

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may roll over vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Note 9 - OPEB Plan

A. Plan Description

The Desoto County's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the County. The Plan, which is administered by the County, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the County's retirement plans to continue medical, dental, and life insurance coverage as a participant in the County's Plan. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the Plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust.

B. Benefit Provided

Retirees participating in the group insurance plans offered by the County, who retired on or before December 31, 2008 (Class A), are provided a benefit equal to 100% of the premium for the life of the retiree. The County also pays a portion of the costs for dependent coverage. Employees who retire after December 31, 2008 (Class B), and who meet the age and service requirements set forth by the Plan Provisions, are provided a benefit equal to 100% of the premium for the life of the retiree. All other individuals who retire after December 31, 2008, receive no explicit benefit and are expected to pay 100% of the active premium. For individuals who retire after December 31, 2008, Medicare is assumed to become primary upon attainment of age 65.

C. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At October 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	56
Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Employees	319
Total	375

D. Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$8,798,482 was measured as of September 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2022.

E. Actual Assumption and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increase Rate	Varies by Service
Discount Rate	4.06%
Initial Trend Rate	7.25%
Ultimate Trend Rate	4.00%
Years to Ultimate	52

All mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with fully generational improvement using Scale MP-2018. Rates are based on those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2023 FRS valuation report.

Mortality - Active Lives

- For female (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubG-2010 female below-median income employee table was used.
- For female special risk lives, the headcount-weighted PubS-2010 female employee table, set forward one year, was used.
- For male (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubG-2010 male below-median income employee table, set back one year, was used.
- For male special risk lives, the headcount-weighted PubS-2010 male below-median income employee table, set forward one year was used.

Mortality - Inactive Healthy Lives

- For female (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubG-2010 female below-median income healthy retiree table was used.
- For female special risk lives, the headcount-weighted PubS-2010 female healthy retiree table, set forward one year, was used.
- For male (non-special risk) lives, the headcount-weighted PubS-2010 male below-median income healthy retiree table, set back one year, was used.
- For male special risk lives, the headcount-weighted PubS-2010 male below-median income healthy retiree table, set forward one year, was used.

F. Discount Rate

Given the County's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 4.06%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices nearest the measurement date. The S&P Municipal 20 Year High Grade Rate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, Aa2 by Moody's, or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

G. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The following table shows the change in the County's OPEB Plan liability:

Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ 8,082,283
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	192,960
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	388,811
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	-
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	724,304
Benefit Payments	 (589,876)
Net Changes	716,199
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$ 8,798,482

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.87% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2023, to 4.06% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2024.

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (3.06%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.06%) than the current rate:

		1.00%		Current	1.00%
		Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	Increase
	3.06%			4.06%	 5.06%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	9,847,840	\$	8,798,482	\$ 7,918,313

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Н	lealthcare		
	1.00%	C	Cost Trend		1.00%
	Decrease 10% - 6.25%)	(4.0	Rates 00% - 7.25%)	(5.	Increase 00% - 8.25%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 7,725,497	\$	8,798,482	\$	10,094,361

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$208,030. At September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description	erred Outflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 77,239	\$	578,662
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	1,537,563		3,444,014
Total	\$ 1,614,802	\$	4,022,676

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ending			
September 30,	Amortization		
2025	\$	(377,937)	
2026		(567,207)	
2027		(922,023)	
2028		(534,445)	
2029		(109,734)	
Thereafter		103,472	
Total	\$	(2,407,874)	

Note 10 - Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County is a member of a non-profit risk sharing pool with membership limited to Florida governmental entities. The pool charges its members premiums based upon claim history. The pool provides coverage for most insurable risks, including covering the County to the statutory limit for each workers' compensation claim, up to \$2,000,000 for each general liability claim, and at replacement cost for each property damage claim. As of September 30, 2024, settled claims have not exceeded the pool coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 11 - Fund Balance and Net Position Deficits

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of September 30, 2024:

	Deficit
Fund Name	 Amounts
Major Funds	
Major Governmental Funds:	
Hurricane Fund	\$ 5,133,558
Major Enterprise Funds:	
Landfill	3,958,852
Non-Major Funds	
Special Revenue Funds:	
LIHEAP	680

	Deficit	
Fund Name	Aı	mounts
Kings Crossing Lighting	\$	4,947
Golden Melody Lighting		7,012
Lake Suzy Lighting		410
Spring Lakes Lighting	1,197	
Sunny Breeze Lighting		1,811
Emergency Management		1,552
Capital Projects:		
CDBG Projects		501,153

The deficit in the hurricane fund will be eliminated with future insurance claim payments and grant receipts. The deficit in the landfill fund will be eliminated with future rate increases. The deficits in the other special revenue funds will be eliminated with future special assessment receipts. The deficit in the capital projects – special projects fund will be eliminated with future transfers from the general fund.

Note 12 - Related-Party – Peace River Manasota Water Supply Authority

A. Water Supplier

The Peace River Manasota Regional Water Supply Authority (the Authority) was established in 1991 when it purchased the Peace River Plant located in DeSoto County. The Authority has four voting members: DeSoto County, Charlotte County, Sarasota County, and Manatee County.

On October 5, 2005, the Authority renegotiated new water supply contracts and established the Peace River Manasota Regional Water Supply Authority Master Water Supply Contract with all four counties – DeSoto County, Charlotte County, Sarasota County, and Manatee County, and with the City of North Port. The term of these contracts is 35 years, with an option to renew for an additional 35 years. A provision in each contract requires that customers of the Authority must identify and commit to water demands for a seven-year period.

The contracts require all customers to pay for all committed water through the Authority's annual budget process, which reflects the budgetary needs of the Authority every year. The contract does also have a provision for customers who exceed their allocation; a conservation rate will be charged to all customers exceeding their allocation, and a corresponding credit is given to the customers who do not use their full allocation. The conservation rate is adopted annually by a rate resolution. During 2024, the County's water purchases from the Authority were \$931,544 for base charges and \$385,100 for variable water use charges. The agreement also anticipates an expansion of the current water supply system to accommodate its customers' anticipated increased needs.

Additional amounts paid to the Authority in 2024 included an annual membership fee of \$64,926 and special assessment fee of \$13,945. Because the Authority's facility is located in the County, the County received \$796,000 in payments in lieu of property taxes in the general fund.

B. Water Contractual Rights

In 2007, the County acquired the contractual rights to a maximum flow capacity of 3.1 million gallons per day from a newly constructed potable water transmission pipeline owned by the Authority. The term of the contract extends for as long as the County continues to receive water from the Authority. The cost of

the contractual rights was \$800,000, approximating the allocable cost of the pipeline, and is reported as a deferred outflow on the statement of net position of the water/sewer utility fund, to be amortized over twenty years, beginning in 2007. Amortization expense was \$40,000 for 2024, and the unamortized balance is \$40,000 at September 30, 2024.

Note 13 - Related-Party - Steven Hickox

District 5 Commissioner to the County, Steven Hickox, has an ownership interest in "Copy Life," a company from which the County procures copying services. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the County incurred expenses totaling \$17,521 for these services. The County has determined that these transactions do not materially affect the financial position or operations of the County.

Note 14 - Fire and Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Merger

On May 15, 2006, the County entered into a 30-year Inter-Local Agreement with the City of Arcadia (the City) for the merger of Fire and EMS. With an effective date of June 1, 2006, the City Fire Department merged with the DeSoto County Fire Department to become one all-inclusive department within the County. All City fire personnel (14 employees) were transferred and employed by the County. The City and County retirement programs were unchanged by the merger. The transferred employees had the option to remain members of the City retirement program or join the County retirement program.

The City transferred ownership of all fire suppression and emergency medical assets to the County, including a deed, with the associated debt, to real property located on Highway 17 for the construction of a fire suppression and EMS station. The City agreed to allow the County to use the City's existing fire stations 1 and 2 for working stations without additional compensation for up to ten years from the effective date, or until the County determines that fire stations 1 and 2 are no longer needed. The County is responsible for all maintenance costs for the buildings while in use. To-date, the County has opted to use only station 1.

Finally, under terms of the Inter-Local Agreement, the City agreed to make monthly payments to the County for fire suppression and emergency medical services in accordance with the following schedule:

Fiscal Year	 Total		
2025	\$ 20,000	(1)(2)	

- (1) Each year is reduced by \$50,000. 2025 will be the last year.
- (2) If the City implements a municipal services benefit unit for fire suppression and/or a municipal services taxing unit for EMS equivalent to the County's fees, then the City may use the amount collected less any property assessor/tax collector's fees to reduce the payment due each year.

During 2007, the City initiated a special assessment for fire services within the City limits and added the City to the County-wide MSTU millage for EMS. No payments were made to the County in fiscal year 2024.

Note 15 - Other Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

The County is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Claims covered by the risk management program are reviewed and losses are accrued as required in the judgment of management. In the opinion of management, based on the advice of legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of lawsuits and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

The DeSoto County Sheriff's Office claims are covered by the Florida Sheriff's Risk Management Fund (FSRMF). The FSRMF believes that the potential liability under these claims is more than adequately covered by the risk management fund.

B. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from the grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. If expenditures are disallowed as a result of these audits, the claims for reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the County. In the opinion of management, except for potential adjustments from matters in the preceding paragraph, any such adjustments would not be significant.

Note 16 - Changes Within the Reporting Entity

A. Sheriff

The Sheriff made a change to report activity for communications in the general fund, instead of the previously reported major governmental fund. This represents a change within the reporting entity, but did not have an effect on the beginning fund balance of governmental funds or the net position for governmental activities appearing in the government-wide statements of the County.

B. Clerk

The Clerk made a change to report activity for the Documentary Stamp and Intangible Tax Fund as a custodial fund in the current year, whereas it was reported as a major special revenue fund in the prior year. This represents a change within the reporting entity, but did not have an effect on the beginning fund balance of governmental funds or the net position for governmental activities appearing in the government-wide statements of the County, as there was no beginning or ending fund balance, and subsequently net position, in that fund.



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND - BOARD ONLY FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 29,462,454	\$ 30,569,699	\$ 30,666,278	\$ 96,579
Permits and Fees	1,781,100	1,892,518	1,897,736	5,218
Intergovernmental Revenues	8,759,882	9,617,631	8,406,881	(1,210,750)
Charges for Services	964,687	996,709	506,833	(489,876)
Fines and Forfeitures	10,125	95,088	95,088	-
Miscellaneous Revenues	675,266	1,165,921	1,057,575	(108,346)
Less: 4% Reduction	(912,056)	-	-	-
Total Revenues	40,741,458	44,337,566	42,630,391	(1,707,175)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government	11,321,030	11,802,734	10,547,630	1,255,104
Public Safety	2,326,319	3,337,186	2,211,229	1,125,957
Physical Environment	605,851	629,851	503,740	126,111
Economic Environment	245,332	32,632	25,118	7,514
Human Services	2,052,162	2,092,570	1,814,263	278,307
Culture and Recreation	2,658,813	2,713,453	2,237,079	476,374
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	23,907	23,907	23,907	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,857	1,857	1,857	
(Total Expenditures)	(19,235,271)	(20,634,190)	(17,364,823)	3,269,367
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	21,506,187	23,703,376	25,265,568	1,562,192
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	1,093,569	1,475,641	1,481,250	5,609
Transfers (Out)	(27,503,926)	(29,484,269)	(29,033,331)	450,938
Insurance Proceeds		62,817	62,817	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(26,410,357)	(27,945,811)	(27,489,264)	456,547
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (4,904,170)	\$ (4,242,435)	\$ (2,223,696)	\$ 2,018,739

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original			Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues		Original	_	Filiai		Allioulits		ivegative)	
Taxes	\$	1,234,140	\$	1,446,616	\$	1,459,247	\$	12,631	
Permits and Fees	7	50,400	7	43,053	7	43,054	7	12,031	
Intergovernmental Revenues		3,627,509		11,667,794		5,815,163		(5,852,631)	
Charges for Services		42,500		46,817		47,492		675	
Miscellaneous Revenues		22,000		86,176		87,405		1,229	
Total Revenues		4,976,549		13,290,456		7,452,361		(5,838,095)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Transportation		9,353,862		16,064,894		9,026,130		7,038,764	
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		185,039		157,669		157,668		1	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		23,381		20,054		20,052		2	
(Total Expenditures)		(9,562,282)		(16,242,617)		(9,203,850)		7,038,767	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,585,733)		(2,952,161)		(1,751,489)		1,200,672	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In		2,640,287		2,740,287		2,745,863		5,576	
Transfers (Out)		-		(63,250)		(68,826)		(5,576)	
Lease Financing		412,350		412,350		226,150		(186,200)	
Insurance Proceeds		-		35,914		35,914		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,052,637		3,125,301		2,939,101		(186,200)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(1,533,096)	\$	173,140	\$	1,187,612	\$	1,014,472	

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FIRE AND EMS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budge	ted Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 50	00 \$	- \$ -	\$ -
Special Assessments	3,091,99	3,018,718	3,018,718	-
Permits and Fees	14,00	00 17,547	7 17,597	50
Intergovernmental Revenues	64,48	30 144,088	3 269,770	125,682
Charges for Services	1,165,00	00 1,656,78	1,567,375	(89,410)
Miscellaneous Revenues	33,41	.0 53,132	54,519	1,387
Less: 4% Reduction	(82,90	01)		-
Total Revenues	4,286,48	4,890,270	4,927,979	37,709
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government	89,51	.3 90,363	1 90,373	(12)
Public Safety	8,224,98	8,295,54	7,556,183	739,358
(Total Expenditures)	(8,314,49	(8,385,902	2) (7,646,556)	739,346
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,028,01	.5) (3,495,632	2) (2,718,577)	777,055
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	3,420,97	4 3,392,923	3,406,039	13,116
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,420,97	3,392,923	3,406,039	13,116
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (607,04	(102,709	9) \$ 687,462	\$ 790,171

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HURRICANE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 23,375,998	\$ 42,376,427	\$ 23,002,185	\$ (19,374,242)
Miscellaneous Revenues		98,000	112,085	14,085
Total Revenues	23,375,998	42,474,427	23,114,270	(19,360,157)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public Safety	-	6,461,346	812,100	5,649,246
Physical Environment	24,750,998	25,049,491	21,770,331	3,279,160
Transportation	-	95,723	19,145	76,578
Debt Service:				
Principal Repayment		3,995,377		3,995,377
(Total Expenditures)	(24,750,998)	(35,601,937)	(22,601,576)	(13,000,361)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,375,000)	6,872,490	512,694	(6,359,796)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	1,375,000	2,643,099	2,637,235	(5,864)
Transfers (Out)	-	(17,313)	(18,284)	(971)
Loan Proceeds	-	10,250,000	-	(10,250,000)
Insurance Proceeds		207,759	207,759	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,375,000	13,083,545	2,826,710	(10,256,835)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 19,956,035	\$ 3,339,404	\$ (16,616,631)

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Total OPEB Liability								
Service Cost	\$ 192,960	\$ 196,535	\$ 309,225	\$ 406,909	\$ 318,150	\$ 231,144	\$ 275,269	
Interest	388,811	421,593	304,553	319,628	450,300	459,010	403,256	
Differences Between Expected								
and Actual Experience	-	(620,635)	-	(315,815)	-	540,661	-	
Changes of Assumptions or								
Other Inputs	724,304	(871,801)	(2,972,984)	(2,397,207)	2,483,671	1,449,759	(760,615)	
Benefit Payments	(589,876)	(604,789)	(602,828)	(666,242)	(666,208)	(593,228)	(432,554)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	716,199	(1,479,097)	(2,962,034)	(2,652,727)	2,585,913	2,087,346	(514,644)	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	8,082,283	9,561,380	12,523,414	15,176,141	12,590,228	10,502,882	11,017,526	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 8,798,482	\$ 8,082,283	\$ 9,561,380	\$12,523,414	\$ 15,176,141	\$12,590,228	\$10,502,882	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 20,768,628	\$17,621,271	\$ 16,475,637	\$15,306,498	\$15,763,626	\$15,201,683	\$13,287,982	
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage								
of Covered-Employee Payroll	42.36%	45.87%	58.03%	81.82%	96.27%	82.82%	79.04%	

Notes to the Schedule:

Note 1: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. As a result, this schedule will present 10 years as information becomes available.

Note 2: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Note 1 - Change of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

: 4.06%

: 4.87%

: 4.77%

: 2.43%

: 2.14%

: 3.58%

: 4.18%

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLANS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Year Ended June 30,	County's Proportion of the FRS Net Pension Plan	of	County's portion Share the FRS Net ension Plan Liability	County's Covered Payroll (FYE June 30)	County's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	FRS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	0.068445798%	\$	8,840,692	\$ 13,896,326	63.62%	92.00%
2016	0.072780821%		18,377,214	13,755,262	133.60%	84.88%
2017	0.068892068%		20,377,811	13,792,933	147.74%	83.89%
2018	0.068222159%		20,548,868	13,702,518	149.96%	84.26%
2019	0.073663617%		25,368,724	14,671,101	172.92%	82.61%
2020	0.072702936%		31,510,524	15,336,406	205.46%	78.85%
2021	0.065540197%		4,950,817	15,306,023	32.35%	96.40%
2022	0.066715252%		24,823,435	16,475,637	150.67%	82.89%
2023	0.071493831%		28,488,029	18,964,768	150.22%	82.38%
2024	0.074358092%		28,765,207	20,384,782	141.11%	83.70%

HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

Percentage the Total ion Liability
0.50%
0.97%
1.64%
2.15%
2.63%
3.00%
3.56%
4.81%
4.12%
4.80%

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLANS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Contractually Required Contribution		Required Contractually Required Deficien		ibution ciency	County's Covered Payroll (FYE September 30)		FRS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
\$	1,698,148	\$	(1,698,148)	\$	-	\$	13,924,080	12.20%
	1,872,281		(1,872,281)		-		14,062,496	13.31%
	1,739,517		(1,739,517)		-		13,585,897	12.80%
	2,042,211		(2,042,211)		-		14,070,350	14.51%
	2,325,496		(2,325,496)		-		14,757,482	15.76%
	2,432,476		(2,432,476)		-		15,232,007	15.97%
	2,595,076		(2,595,076)		-		15,616,439	16.62%
	2,883,167		(2,883,167)		-		16,513,808	17.46%
	3,637,795		(3,637,795)		-		19,435,114	18.72%
	3,837,138		(3,837,138)		-		20,768,268	18.48%
	Co	Required Contribution \$ 1,698,148	Contractually Required Contribution \$ 1,698,148	Contractually Required Contribution Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions \$ 1,698,148 \$ (1,698,148) 1,872,281 (1,872,281) 1,739,517 (1,739,517) 2,042,211 (2,042,211) 2,325,496 (2,325,496) 2,432,476 (2,432,476) 2,595,076 (2,595,076) 2,883,167 (2,883,167) 3,637,795 (3,637,795)	Contractually Required Contribution Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions Contributions Contributions Contributions Contributions \$ \$ 1,698,148 \$ (1,698,148) \$ \$ 1,872,281 (1,872,281) \$ \$ 1,739,517 (1,739,517) \$ \$ 2,042,211 (2,042,211) \$ \$ 2,325,496 (2,325,496) \$ \$ 2,432,476 (2,432,476) \$ \$ 2,883,167 (2,883,167) \$ \$ 3,637,795 (3,637,795) \$	Contractually Required Contribution Relation to the Contributions Contribution Contribution \$ 1,698,148 \$ (1,698,148) \$ - 1,872,281 1,739,517 (1,739,517) - 2,042,211 2,325,496 (2,325,496) - 2,432,476 2,595,076 (2,595,076) - 2,883,167 2,883,167 (2,883,167) - 3,637,795 3,637,795 (3,637,795) - 3	Contractually Required Contribution Relation to the Contribution Contribution Contribution Countribution Countribution Countribution Excess) Countribution See \$ 1,698,148 \$ (1,698,148) \$ - \$ \$	Contractually Required Contribution Relation to the Contribution Contribution County's Covered Payroll (FYE September 30) \$ 1,698,148 \$ (1,698,148) \$ - \$ 13,924,080 1,872,281 (1,872,281) - 14,062,496 1,739,517 (1,739,517) - 13,585,897 2,042,211 (2,042,211) - 14,070,350 2,325,496 (2,325,496) - 14,757,482 2,432,476 (2,432,476) - 15,232,007 2,595,076 (2,595,076) - 15,616,439 2,883,167 (2,883,167) - 16,513,808 3,637,795 (3,637,795) - 19,435,114

HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

Year Ended September 30,	Contractually Required Contribution		Required Contractually Required		HIS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	County's Covered Payroll (FYE September 30)		HIS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2015	\$	188,729	\$ (188,729)	\$ -	\$	13,924,080	1.36%		
2016		233,588	(233,588)	-		14,062,496	1.66%		
2017		221,018	(221,018)	-		13,585,897	1.63%		
2018		237,438	(237,438)	-		14,070,350	1.69%		
2019		252,718	(252,718)	-		14,757,482	1.71%		
2020		251,984	(251,984)	-		15,232,007	1.65%		
2021		259,199	(259,199)	-		15,616,439	1.66%		
2022		273,686	(273,686)	-		16,513,808	1.66%		
2023		338,056	(338,056)	-		19,435,114	1.74%		
2024		415,110	(415,110)	-		20,768,268	2.00%		

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Note 1 - <u>Changes in Benefits and Assumptions – Florida Retirement System (FRS) and Health Insurance</u> <u>Subsidy (HIS) Pension Plans – 2024</u>

Changes in benefit terms from the year ended June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024:

- FRS: No significant changes.
- HIS: No significant changes.

Changes in assumptions from the year ended June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024:

- FRS: The expected average salary increase rate increased from 3.25% to 3.50%
- **HIS**: The municipal rate and the discount rate used to determine total pension liability increased from 3.65% to 3.93%. The expected average salary increase rate increased from 3.25% to 3.50%

Note 2 - <u>Changes in Benefits and Assumptions – Florida Retirement System (FRS) and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Pension Plans – 2023</u>

Changes in benefit terms from the year ended June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023:

- FRS: No significant changes.
- **HIS**: No significant changes.

Changes in assumptions from the year ended June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023:

- FRS: The long-term expected rate of return did not change.
- HIS: The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability increased from 3.54% to 3.65%.



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND BY CATEGORY SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	ard of County mmissioners	Clerk of he Courts	Property Appraiser	
Assets	 _	_		_
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,459,107	\$ 337,705	\$	161,682
Accounts Receivable, Net	687,085	-		-
Lease Receivable	339,989	-		-
Due from Other Funds	1,472,557	-		-
Due from Other Governments	1,781,910	19,549		-
Due from Individuals and Businesses	-	-		-
Inventories	11,876	-		-
Prepaids	85,791	-		-
Deposits	80,000	-		-
Advances to Other Funds	 5,699,319	 _		
Total Assets	 26,617,634	 357,254		161,682
Liabilities				
Vouchers Payable	1,653,272	672		13,960
Accrued Liabilities	107,769	75		-
Due to Other Funds	-	29,095		145,830
Due to Other Governments	3,554	324,847		1,892
Deposits	17,455	-		-
Unearned Revenue	-	-		-
Total Liabilities	1,782,050	354,689		161,682
Deferred Inflows				
Unavailable Revenues	520,000	2,565		-
Lease Related	319,337	-		-
Total Deferred Inflows	839,337	2,565		-
Fund Balances				
Non-Spendable:				
Prepaids	97,667	-		-
Advances	5,699,319	-		-
Assigned for Budget Carryforward	3,911,361	-		-
Unassigned	14,287,900	-		-
Total Fund Balances	23,996,247	-		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,				
and Fund Balances	\$ 26,617,634	\$ 357,254	\$	161,682

Sheriff	Supervisor of Elections	Tax Collector	Eliminating Entries	Total General Fund
\$ 1,190,882	\$ 21,133	\$ 339,653	\$ -	\$ 18,510,162
-	-	-	-	687,085
-	-	-	-	339,989
-	-	-	(863,578)	608,979
9,000	-	18,241	-	1,828,700
53,583	-	-	-	53,583
-	-	-	-	11,876
-	13,493	-	-	99,284
-	-	-	-	80,000
-	-	-	-	5,699,319
1,253,465	34,626	357,894	(863,578)	27,918,977
189,423	15,504	-	-	1,872,831
455,106	-	-	-	562,950
436,511	5,629	301,718	(863,578)	55,205
, -	-	9,527	-	339,820
_	_	, -	-	17,455
172,425	-	28,408	-	200,833
1,253,465	21,133	339,653	(863,578)	3,049,094
_	_	18,241	_	540,806
_	-	10,241	_	319,337
 		18,241		860,143
	13,493			111,160
_	13,493	_	_	5,699,319
_			_	3,911,361
_	_		_	14,287,900
 	13,493			24,009,740
 	13,433			2-1,003,140
\$ 1,253,465	\$ 34,626	\$ 357,894	\$ (863,578)	\$ 27,918,977

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	ard of County mmissioners	Clerk of the Courts	Property Appraiser	
Revenues	_			_
Taxes	\$ 30,666,278	\$ -	\$	-
Permits and Fees	1,897,736	-		-
Intergovernmental Revenues	8,406,881	340,465		-
Charges for Services	506,833	1,035,856		1,460,082
Fines and Forfeitures	95,088	-		-
Miscellaneous Revenues	 1,057,575	27,363		1,861
Total Revenues	42,630,391	1,403,684		1,461,943
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government	10,547,630	344,412		1,316,113
Public Safety	2,211,229	-		-
Physical Environment	503,740	-		-
Economic Environment	25,118	-		-
Human Services	1,814,263	-		-
Culture and Recreation	2,237,079	-		-
Court-Related	-	917,628		-
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	23,907	-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 1,857	 _		
(Total Expenditures)	 (17,364,823)	(1,262,040)		(1,316,113)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 25,265,568	 141,644		145,830
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	1,481,250	140,678		-
Transfers (Out)	(29,033,331)	(29,095)		(145,830)
Distribution of Excess Commissions	-	(253,227)		-
Insurance Proceeds	 62,817	 -		
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	 (27,489,264)	(141,644)		(145,830)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,223,696)	-		-
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	26,219,943			-
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 23,996,247	\$ -	\$	-

Sheriff		Supervisor of Elections	Tax Collector	Eliminating Entries	Total General Fund
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,666,278
•	-	· -	· -	-	1,897,736
	664,278	-	-	-	9,411,624
	50,095	1,436	1,295,584	-	4,349,886
	-	-	136,663	-	231,751
	90,678	3	1,565		1,179,045
	805,051	1,439	1,433,812		47,736,320
		F22 FFC	4 422 004		12.002.005
	- 17,054,263	523,556	1,132,094	-	13,863,805 19,265,492
	17,054,205	-	_	-	503,740
	_	_	_	_	25,118
	_	_	_	_	1,814,263
	_	_	_	-	2,237,079
	553,470	-	-	-	1,471,098
	33,720	-	-	-	57,627
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1,857
	(17,641,453)	(523,556)	(1,132,094)		(39,240,079)
	(16,836,402)	(522,117)	301,718		8,496,241
	17,272,913	521,372	-	(18,798,541)	617,672
	(436,511)	(5,629)	(301,718)	18,798,541	(11,153,573)
	-	-	-	-	(253,227)
	-	-			62,817
	16,836,402	515,743	(301,718)		(10,726,311)
	-	(6,374)	-	-	(2,230,070)
		19,867			26,239,810
\$	-	\$ 13,493	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,009,740

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue						
	<u> </u>	IHEAP	Kings Crossing Lighting	Peace River Lighting	Ogden Acres Lighting	Golden Melody Lighting	
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,917	\$ 1,289	\$ -	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	-	-	-	-	
Accounts Receivable		-	-	-	-	-	
Notes Receivable		-	-	-	-	-	
Due from Other Funds		-	236	17	19	65	
Due from Other Governments		4,146	-	-	-	-	
Due from Individuals and Businesses		-	-	-	-	-	
Prepaids			-				
Total Assets		4,146	236	3,934	1,308	65	
Liabilities				•			
Vouchers Payable		1,543	2,222	120	157	654	
Construction Retainage Payable		-	-	-	-	-	
Accrued Liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	
Due to Other Funds		-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits		-	-	-	-	-	
Unearned Revenue		-	-	-	-	-	
Advances from Other Funds		3,283	2,961			6,423	
Total Liabilities		4,826	5,183	120	157	7,077	
Deferred Inflows							
Unavailable Revenues		-	-	-	-	-	
Fund Balances (Deficits)							
Non-Spendable:							
Prepaids		-	-	-	-	-	
Restricted for:							
Economic Development		-	-	-	-	-	
Streetlighting		-	-	3,814	1,151	-	
Public Safety		-	-	-	-	-	
Court-Related Services		-	-	-	-	-	
Solid Waste Control Services		-	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service		-	-	-	-	-	
Building Code Enforcements		-	-	-	-	-	
Assigned for:							
Construction Projects		-	-	-	-	-	
Unassigned (Deficit)		(680)	(4,947)	-	-	(7,012)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		(680)	(4,947)	3,814	1,151	(7,012)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and				·	·		
Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	4,146	\$ 236	\$ 3,934	\$ 1,308	\$ 65	

_	 _	
Spe		

Harlem Heights Lighting		Lake Suzy Lighting	Spring Lakes Lighting	Sunny Breeze Lighting	E-911 Services	Emergency Management	Tourist Development Tax	
\$	7,837	\$ 266	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 291,027	\$ -	\$ 277,836	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	28	86	36	11	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	42,667	25,545	21,263	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	7,865	352	36	11	8,688 342,382	25,716	299,099	
	7,803	332	30		342,382	23,710	299,099	
	198	762	333	147	32	7,558	896	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	4,848	667	
	-	-	-	-	-	3,639	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	900	- 1,675	-	-	_	
	198	762	1,233	1,822	32	16,045	1,563	
	,							
	_	-	-	-	-	11,223	-	
						·		
	-	-	-	-	8,688	171	-	
	_	_	_	_	_	_	297,536	
	7,667	-	-	-	-	_	-	
	-	-	-	-	333,662	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		(410)	(1,197)	(1,811)		(1,723)		
	7,667	(410)	(1,197)	(1,811)	342,350	(1,552)	297,536	
Ś	7,865	\$ 352	\$ 36	\$ 11	\$ 342,382	\$ 25,716	\$ 299,099	

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			Special Revenue			
	Mosquito Control	Curbside Solid Waste Collection	Building	SHIP	Indigent Health Trust	
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	- \$ -	\$ 1,281,324	\$ 2,796,853	\$ -	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	-	-	-	
Accounts Receivable		-	-	-	-	
Notes Receivable		-	-	1,375,000	-	
Due from Other Funds		- 20,429	-	-	-	
Due from Other Governments	•	-	-	-	457,167	
Due from Individuals and Businesses	•	.	-	-	-	
Prepaids	-		19,428		-	
Total Assets		20,429	1,300,752	4,171,853	457,167	
Liabilities						
Vouchers Payable			22,025	2,327	457,167	
Construction Retainage Payable			-	-	-	
Accrued Liabilities	•	-	10,879	-	-	
Due to Other Funds	•	-	-	40,087	-	
Deposits		- 3,951	1,962	-	-	
Unearned Revenue		-	-	350,000	-	
Advances from Other Funds		- 15,406				
Total Liabilities		- 19,357	34,866	392,414	457,167	
Deferred Inflows						
Unavailable Revenues			-	-	-	
Fund Balances (Deficits)						
Non-Spendable:						
Prepaids			19,428	-	-	
Restricted for:						
Economic Development			-	3,779,439	-	
Streetlighting			-	-	-	
Public Safety			-	-	-	
Court-Related Services			-	-	-	
Solid Waste Control Services		- 1,072	-	-	-	
Debt Service			-	-	-	
Building Code Enforcements			1,246,458	-	-	
Assigned for:						
Construction Projects			-	-	-	
Unassigned (Deficit)			-	-	-	
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		- 1,072	1,265,886	3,779,439		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and	-					
F D. /D. fi-it-\	<u> </u>	. 20.420	ć 4.200.7E2	4 474 050		

1,300,752 \$

20,429 \$

4,171,853 \$

457,167

Fund Balances (Deficits)

Special	Revenue

Court Fees		Law Enforcement Trust		Sheriff Inmate Welfare		Sheriff Voluntary Extra Duty		Sheriff ducation	Sheriff Victim Advocate		Clerk of Courts Records Modernization	
\$	- 711,863	\$	64,344	\$	434,293	\$	-	\$ 16,994	\$	1,189	\$	111,117
	711,803		_		_		_	_		_		_
	_		-		-		-	_		-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
	22,708		2,767		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		14,819		805	310		-		-
	62,017						-	-				-
	796,588		67,111		449,112		805	17,304		1,189		111,117
	42,250		-		1,458		_	-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
	989		-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
	- 42 220				- 4 450			 				
	43,239		-		1,458		-	 -				
			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-	-		<u>-</u>		
	62,017		-		-		-	-		-		-
	_		_		_		_	_		_		_
	_		_		_		_	-		-		_
	-		67,111		447,654		805	17,304		1,189		-
	691,332		-		-		-	-		-		111,117
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
					-		-	 -		-		-
	753,349		67,111		447,654		805	 17,304		1,189		111,117
\$	796,588	\$	67,111	\$	449,112	\$	805	\$ 17,304	\$	1,189	\$	111,117

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Debt S	ervice	Capital Projects							
	Debt Service Fund		Construction Projects			Special Projects		CDBG Projects	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4	\$	3,420,299	\$	864,778	\$	-	\$	9,573,367
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-		-		711,863
Accounts Receivable		-		-		2,710		-		2,710
Notes Receivable		-		-		-		-		1,375,000
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		20,927
Due from Other Governments		-		-		516,115		474,172		1,566,550
Due from Individuals and Businesses		-		-		-		-		15,934
Prepaids		-						-		90,304
Total Assets		4		3,420,299		1,383,603		474,172		13,356,655
Liabilities	_	<u>.</u>		_		_				
Vouchers Payable		-		8,464		155,469		58,256		762,038
Construction Retainage Payable		-		-		7,882		-		7,882
Accrued Liabilities		-		-		-		-		17,383
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		442,897		486,623
Deposits		-		-		-		-		5,913
Unearned Revenue		-		1,009,777		625,000		-		1,984,777
Advances from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		30,648
Total Liabilities		_		1,018,241		788,351		501,153		3,295,264
Deferred Inflows										
Unavailable Revenues				_		323,736		474,172		809,131
Fund Balances (Deficits)				_		_				
Non-Spendable:										
Prepaids		-		-		-		-		90,304
Restricted for:										
Economic Development		-		-		-		-		4,076,975
Streetlighting		-		-		-		-		12,632
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		867,725
Court-Related Services		-		-		-		-		802,449
Solid Waste Control Services		-		-		-		-		1,072
Debt Service		4		-		-		-		4
Building Code Enforcements		-		-		-		-		1,246,458
Assigned for:										
Construction Projects		-		2,402,058		271,516		-		2,673,574
Unassigned (Deficit)		_		-		-		(501,153)		(518,933)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		4		2,402,058		271,516		(501,153)		9,252,260
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and				, - ,		,==-		(== , ==)		-, - ,
Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	4	\$	3,420,299	\$	1,383,603	\$	474,172	\$	13,356,655

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Special Revenue										
		Kings	Peace River	Ogden	Golden							
	LIHEAP	Crossing Lighting	Lighting	Acres Lighting	Melody Lighting							
Revenues	LINEAP	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
Special Assessments	-	25,341	1,804	2,017	6,983							
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-							
Intergovernmental Revenues	197,784	_	_	_	_							
Charges for Services		_	_	_	_							
Fines and Forfeitures	_	_	_	_	_							
Miscellaneous Revenues	_	109	109	_	-							
Total Revenues	197,784	25,450	1,913	2,017	6,983							
Expenditures												
Current:												
General Government	-	760	54	82	210							
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-							
Physical Environment	-	27,847	1,529	62	8,147							
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-							
Economic Environment	-	-	-	1,898	-							
Human Services	160,958	-	-	-	-							
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-							
Court-Related		-										
(Total Expenditures)	(160,958)	(28,607)	(1,583)	(2,042)	(8,357)							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over (Under) Expenditures	36,826	(3,157)	330	(25)	(1,374)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers In	-	236	17	19	65							
Transfers (Out)	(37,878)	-	-	-	-							
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	-									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(37,878)	236	17	19	65							
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,052)	(2,921)	347	(6)	(1,309)							
Fund Balances (Deficits),												
Beginning of Year	372	(2,026)	3,467	1,157	(5,703)							
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ (680)	\$ (4,947)	\$ 3,814	\$ 1,151	\$ (7,012)							

Special	Revenue

				Special Revenue			
Harlem Heights Lighting		Lake Suzy Lighting	Spring Lakes Lighting	Sunny Breeze Lighting	E-911 Services	Emergency Management	Tourist Development Tax
							
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170,923
	3,215	9,204	3,845	1,187	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	251,052	178,678	-
	-	-	-	-	58,248	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	120	51	-	-	5,242		4,494
	3,335	9,255	3,845	1,187	314,542	178,678	175,417
	-						
	92	276		47	475.226	-	2.000
	- 2,512	- 9,601	- 4,183	1,680	175,336	321,689	2,866
	2,512	9,601	4,165	1,000	-	11,000	-
							109,024
	_	_	_	_	_	_	103,024
	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
	(2,604)	(9,877	(4,298)	(1,727)	(175,336)	(332,689)	(111,890)
	731	(622	(453)	(540)	139,206	(154,011)	63,527
				· <u> </u>			
	28	86	36	-	-	181,357	-
	-	-	-	-	(60,271)	(9,903)	-
	-		-	-			
	28	86	36	-	(60,271)	171,454	
	759	(536	(417)	(540)	78,935	17,443	63,527
	6,908	126	(780)	(1,271)	263,415	(18,995)	234,009
\$	7,667	\$ (410	\$ (1,197)	\$ (1,811)	\$ 342,350	\$ (1,552)	\$ 297,536
T	.,,	. (120	. (1)237)	. (2)022)	, :=,550	, (2)332)	,

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Special Revenue Curbside Indigent Mosquito Solid Waste Building Health Control Collection Fund SHIP Trust Revenues Taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,585,778 Special Assessments Licenses and Permits 711,491 Intergovernmental Revenues 37,749 1,239,889 **Charges for Services** 2,222,367 2,160 Fines and Forfeitures Miscellaneous Revenues 8,027 31,614 199,654 2,585,778 37,749 2,230,394 745,265 1,439,543 **Total Revenues** Expenditures Current: 65,808 **General Government Public Safety** 476 710,804 **Physical Environment** 2,313,207 Transportation **Economic Environment** 3,024 1,508,920 2,585,778 **Human Services** 51,710 **Culture and Recreation** Court-Related (Total Expenditures) (52,186) (2,379,015) (713,828) (1,508,920) (2,585,778) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (148,621) (14,437)31,437 (69,377)Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In 14,437 178,216 Transfers (Out) (30,419) (116,619) Insurance Proceeds 209 14,437 **Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)** 147,797 209 (116,619) **Net Change in Fund Balances** (824) 31,646 (185,996)Fund Balances (Deficits), **Beginning of Year** 1,896 1,234,240 3,965,435

1,072

1,265,886

3,779,439

Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year

			Special Revenue			
	Law	Sheriff	Sheriff		Sheriff	Clerk of Courts
Court	Enforcement	Inmate	Voluntary	Sheriff	Victim	Records
 Fees	Trust	Welfare	Extra Duty	Education	Advocate	Modernization
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2,095	- 202.450	-	4.042	-	4 420 025
215,164	42.250	203,458	60,505	4,043	-	1,130,935
77,044	43,250 2,223	- 3,920	2	3	-	22
 292,208	47,568	207,378	60,507	4,046		1,130,957
232,206	47,300	207,376	00,307	4,040		1,130,337
2,075	-	-	-	-	-	60,032
113	-	177,898	60,280	4,180	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 222,242				-	-	1,076,141
(224,430)		(177,898)	(60,280)	(4,180)		(1,136,173)
67,778	47,568	29,480	227	(134)		(5,216)
243,206						
(151,427)	(122,114)		(9,582)			
(131,427)	(122,114)	_	(9,362)	_	_	_
 91,779	(122,114)		(9,582)			
159,557	(74,546)	29,480	(9,355)	(134)		(5,216)
, -	, //	,	, ,,===,	(- /		., -,
 593,792	141,657	418,174	10,160	17,438	1,189	116,333
\$ 753,349	\$ 67,111	\$ 447,654	\$ 805	\$ 17,304	\$ 1,189	\$ 111,117

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Debt Service		Capital Projects		
	Debt				Total Non-Major
	Service	Construction	Special	CDBG	Governmental
	Fund	Projects	Projects	Projects	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,756,701
Special Assessments		-	-	-	53,596
Licenses and Permits		-	-	-	711,491
Intergovernmental Revenues		190,223	192,379	-	2,289,849
Charges for Services		-	-	-	3,896,880
Fines and Forfeitures		-	-	-	120,294
Miscellaneous Revenues		5,524	2,017		263,131
Total Revenues		195,747	194,396	-	10,091,942
Expenditures					
Current:					
General Government		3,147	355,788	-	488,486
Public Safety		126,047	-	-	1,579,689
Physical Environment		-	-	-	2,379,768
Transportation		-	-	581	581
Economic Environment		-	-	-	1,622,866
Human Services		-	-	-	2,798,446
Culture and Recreation		64,177	173,530	473,592	711,299
Court-Related		-	-	-	1,298,383
(Total Expenditures)		(193,371)	(529,318)	(474,173)	(10,879,518)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		2,376	(334,922)	(474,173)	(787,576)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In		1,375,000	380,666	-	2,373,369
Transfers (Out)		-	(30)	-	(538,243)
Insurance Proceeds			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	209
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,375,000	380,636		1,835,335
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,377,376	45,714	(474,173)	1,047,759
Fund Balances (Deficits),					
Beginning of Year		1,024,682	225,802	(26,980)	8,204,501
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ 4	\$ 2,402,058	\$ 271,516	\$ (501,153)	\$ 9,252,260

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Board of County

	Comi	missioners		Sheriff								
	Emergency Support Fund		Cash Bond Fund		Individual Depositors Fund		Other Suspense Fund		Inmate Trust Fund			
Assets												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,303	\$	9,362	\$	10,872	\$	4,161	\$	45,603		
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		
Due from Other Governments		-		-		185		3,538		-		
Total Assets		2,303		9,362		11,057		7,699		45,603		
Liabilities												
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-		-		-		
Due to Individuals and Businesses		-		6,350		3,396		4,157		36,715		
Due to Others		-		3,000		3,000		3,000		-		
Deposits		-		-		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities		-		9,350		6,396		7,157		36,715		
Net Position												
Restricted for Individuals, Businesses,												
and Other Governments		2,303		12		4,661		542		8,888		
Total Net Position	\$	2,303	\$	12	\$	4,661	\$	542	\$	8,888		

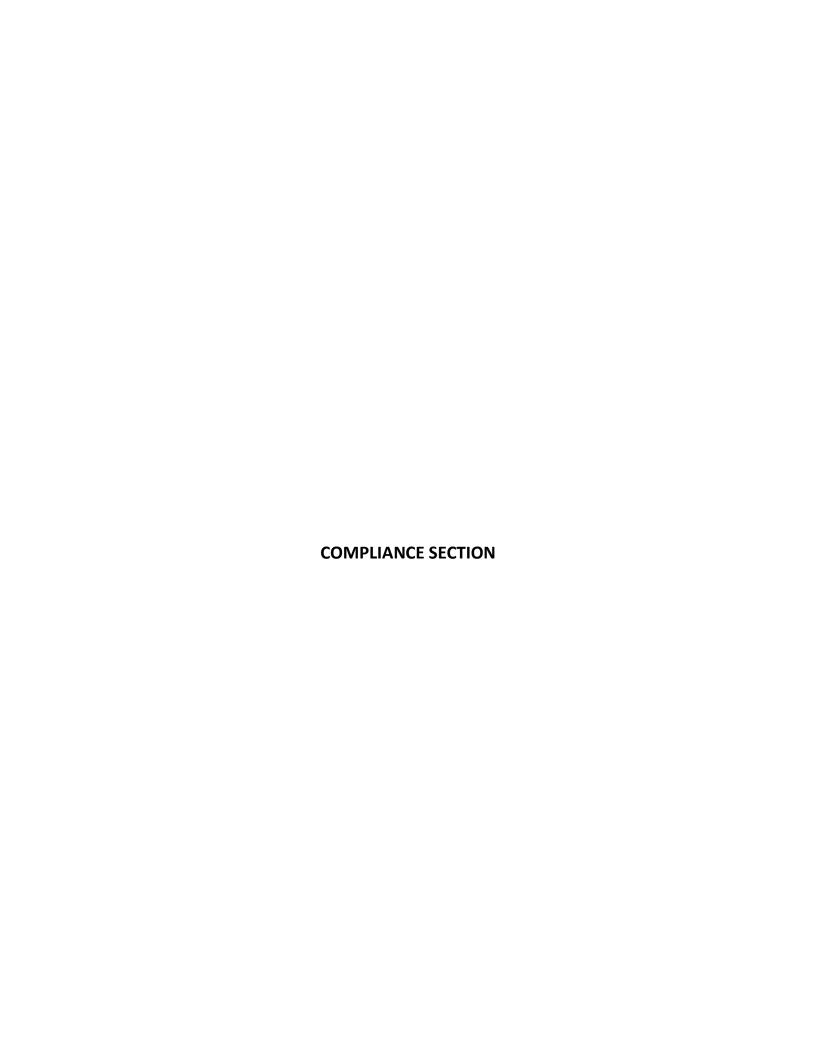
Clerk of the Courts						Tax	k Collector						
						Docum	entary						
				Fine	and	Stam	p and	(Child		Tax		
Registry of		Special		Special Forfeiture		Intangible Support		upport	Collector				
Co	urt Funds	Tr	ust Fund	Fu	nd	Tax	Fund		Fund	Fund			Totals
\$	496,688	\$	702,134	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,624	\$	666,256	\$	1,942,003
	-		-		-		-		-		31,607		31,607
	-		-		-				-		-		3,723
	496,688		702,134		-				4,624		697,863		1,977,333
									_			·	
											650,112		650,112
	-		-		-		-		4.62.4		050,112		
	-		-		-		-		4,624		-		55,242
	-		-		-		-		-		-		9,000
	-		-		-				-		47,751		47,751
					-	1			4,624		697,863		762,105
						1							
	496,688		702,134		-				-	_	-	_	1,215,228
\$	496,688	\$	702,134	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	1,215,228

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Board of County

	Commissioners		Sheriff		
	Emergency Support Fund	Cash Bond Fund	Individual Depositors Fund	Other Suspense Fund	Inmate Trust Fund
Additions					
Fees/Fines Collected for Other Governments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Deposits and Other Trust Activities	20,707	-	-	-	-
Property Taxes and Fees Collected for Local Governments	-	-	-	-	-
Tax Certificate Redemptions and Fees Collected for					
Businesses and Individuals	-	-	-	-	-
Cash Bond Collected	-	135,901	-	-	-
Fines, Forfeitures, and Fees Collected	-	-	36,323	-	-
Evidence Monies Collected	-	-	-	77,889	-
Collections from Inmates	-	-	-	-	560,636
Interest Income	-	2	2	2	5
Total Additions	20,707	135,903	36,325	77,891	560,641
Deductions					
Fees/Fines Disbursed to Other Governments	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and Other Trust Activities Disbursed	18,404	-	-	-	-
Property Taxes and Fees Disbursed to Local Governments	-	-	-	-	-
Tax Certificate Redemptions and Fees Disbursed to					
Businesses and Individuals	-	-	-	-	-
Cash Bonds Disbursed	-	135,901	-	-	-
Fines, Forfeitures, and Fees Disbursed	-	-	39,471	-	-
Evidence Monies Disbursed	-	-	-	77,913	-
Inmate Funds Disbursed	-	-	-	-	559,509
Total Deductions	18,404	135,901	39,471	77,913	559,509
Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	2,303	2	(3,146)	(22)	1,132
Beginning Net Position		10	7,807	564	7,756
Ending Net Position	\$ 2,303	\$ 12	\$ 4,661	\$ 542	\$ 8,888

	Clerk of the Courts				Tax Collector		
Registry of Court Funds	Special Trust Fund	Fine and Forfeiture Fund	Documentary Stamp and Intangible Tax Fund	Child Support Fund	Tax Collector Fund	Eliminating Entries	Totals
\$ -	\$ 473,407	\$ 1,266,113	\$ 3,174,171	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,913,691
1,572,156	278,885	-	-	337,425	-	-	2,209,173
-	-	-	-	-	48,253,940	(29,760,883)	18,493,057
-	-	-	-	-	7,767,453	(17,355)	7,750,098
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135,901
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,323
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77,889
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	560,636
	-						11
1,572,156	752,292	1,266,113	3,174,171	337,425	56,021,393	(29,778,238)	34,176,779
-	413,343	1,266,113	3,174,171	-	-	-	4,853,627
1,965,572	182,802	-	-	337,425		-	2,504,203
-	-	-	-	-	48,253,940	(29,760,883)	18,493,057
-	-	-	-	-	7,767,453	(17,355)	7,750,098
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135,901
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,471
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77,913
							559,509
1,965,572	596,145	1,266,113	3,174,171	337,425	56,021,393	(29,778,238)	34,413,779
(393,416)	156,147	. <u> </u>					(237,000)
890,104	545,987						1,452,228
\$ 496,688	\$ 702,134	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,215,228



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Grantor/Pass-Through Agency	AL/CSFA Number	Contract/ Grant Number	Grant Expenditures	
Expenditures of Federal Awards	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Emergency Watershed Protection Program - EWP-5078 *	10.923	EWP5078	\$ 16,626,710	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			16,626,710	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed Through Florida Department of Commerce:				
Community Development Block Grants - CR769 Bridge	14.228	MT040	219,937	
Community Development Block Grants - King & Baker	14.228	MT041	254,235	
Community Development Block Grants - Care Act DMS Generator	14.228	10167	1,260	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			475,432	
U.S. Department of Justice				
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcement:				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	Unknown	2,095	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			2,095	
U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration				
Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	FPN 438103-1-38/58-01	312,777	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	FPN 438105-1-38/58-01	437,869	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	FPN 437099-1-38/58/68/62-01	19,715 770,361	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration			770,361	
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Management:				
COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds - American Rescue Plan Act *	21.027	Unknown	1,426,078	
Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.027	Olikilowii	1,426,078	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,420,070	
Passed Through Florida Department of Revenue:				
Child Support Services - Reimbursement	93.563	COC14	50,970	
• •	33.303	60614	30,370	
Passed Through Florida Department of Commerce: Low Income Household Water Assistance Program	93.499	E2001-41281, 41311	26,250	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program	93.568	E2001-41281, 41311 E2001-39716, 40028, 40238	171,534	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	33.308	12001-33710, 40028, 40238	248,754	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security,				
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)				
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Management:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)*	97.036	DR-4337-FL	2,684,809	
Hazard Mitigation Grant - FDEM-EXT OFFICE	97.039	H0911	147,497	
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	G0247/G0450	57,741	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security, FEMA		-	2,890,047	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 22,439,477	
			7 22,733,711	

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Grantor/Pass-Through Agency	AL/CSFA Number	Contract/ Grant Number	Grant Expenditures	
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services				
Expenditures of State Financial Assistance				
Florida Executive Office of the Governor				
Emergency Management Programs	31.063	A0247	\$ 92,038	
Emergency Management Programs	31.063	A0379	11,223	
			103,261	
Hurricane Loss Mitigation Program	31.066	B0188	191,933	
Total Florida Executive Office of the Governor			295,194	
Florida Department of Environmental Protection				
Resilient Florida Program - Comprehensive Vulnerability Assessment Including Arcadia	37.098	23PLN109	20,000	
Small County Consolidated Grants	37.012	SC405	93,750	
Statewide Water Quality Restoration Projects - Peace River Basin Treatment	37.039	LPR0021	58,518	
Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection			172,268	
Florida Department of Commerce				
Growth Management Implementation	40.024	P0484	30,000	
Total Florida Department of Commerce			30,000	
Florida Housing Finance Corporation				
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program **	40.901	Unknown	890,882	
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program - Disaster **	40.901	Unknown	10,940	
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program - HHRP ** Total Florida Housing Finance Corporation	40.901	Unknown	723,717 1,625,539	
- '			1,023,339	
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services	42.002	20522	27.740	
Mosquito Control Total Florida Popartment of Agriculture and Consumer Services	42.003	30633	37,748 37,748	
Total Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services			37,740	
Florida Department of State, Division of Library and Information Services	45.020	24 CT 42	40.200	
State Aid to Libraries Total Florida Department of State Division of Library and Information Services	45.030	24-ST-13	49,208 49,208	
Total Florida Department of State, Division of Library and Information Services			49,208	
Florida Department of State Acquisition	45.022	22 11 50 100 026	465.663	
Acquisition, Restoration of Historic Properties - Courthouse Restoration Total Florida Department of State Acquisition	45.032	23.H.SC.100.026	465,663 465,663	
			403,003	
Florida Department of Transportation Small County Outreach Program - SW Welles **	55.009	446390 1 54 01 G2611	6,112	
Small County Outreach Program - CR760A Hawthorne **	55.009	443437 2 54 01 G2581	1,241	
Small County Outreach Program - SW Hull Avenue **	55.009	438576 1 54 01 G1215	2,378,867	
Small County Outreach Program - Bridge Scour SE Airport **	55.009	443436 2 54 01 G2580	436,293	
Small County Outreach Program - SE Hargrave**	55.009	453435 1 54 01 G2U97	81,765	
Small County Outreach Program - SW Reynolds Road **	55.009	445074 1 54 01 G2C57	828,176	
			3,732,454	
Small County Road Assistance Program - NE Cubitis AVE	55.016	453403 1 54 01 G2U52	134,587	
Total Florida Department of Transportation			3,867,041	
Florida Department of Law Enforcement				
Law Enforcement Salary Assistance For Fiscally Constrained Counties	71.067	5V005	396,305	
Law Enforcement Salary Assistance For Fiscally Constrained Counties	71.067	ME005	130,499	
Total Florida Department of Law Enforcement			526,804	
Florida Department of Management Services			·	
E911 State Grant Program	72.002	S24-23-08-10	9,552	
Total Florida Department of Management Services			9,552	
Florida Fish and Wildlife Commission				
Florida Boating Improvement Program	77.006	23099	174,980	
Total Florida Fish and Wildlife Commission			174,980	
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance			\$ 7,253,997	
* Denotes major federal awards program.				

^{*} Denotes major federal awards program.

^{**} Denotes major state financial assistance project.

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Note 1 - General

The accounting policies and presentation of the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance of DeSoto County, Florida (the County) have been designed to conform with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units, including the reporting and compliance requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (federal awards); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.

The County reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2024. All federal awards and state financial assistance received directly from federal or state agencies, as well as federal awards and state financial assistance passed through other governmental agencies, are included in the schedule.

Note 2 - Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented using the same basis of accounting as the fund in which the grant is recorded, generally the accrual or modified accrual basis, as described in Note 1C to the County's financial statements.

Note 3 - Contingencies

Grant monies received and disbursed by the County are for specific purposes and are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement due to the disallowance of expenditures. Based upon prior experience, the County does not believe that such disallowances, if any, would have a material effect on the financial position of the County.

Note 4 - Expenditures and Program Income

The amounts shown as current year expenditures on the accompanying schedule represent only the grant portion of the program/project costs. The total expenditures of the program/project may be more than shown. Program income generated by and expended on a federal or state award during the period of performance is included on this schedule if the program income is added to the award amount or if specifically directed by the awarding agency and/or required by program guidance. Program income that reduces the total allowable expenditures (deduction method) is not included.

Note 5 - Indirect Costs

DeSoto County Board of County Commissioners did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate in 2024 as covered in 2 CFR 200.414.

Note 6 - Disaster Public Assistance

Disaster funding received from the FEMA Public Assistance Program (AL 97.036) is based on Project Worksheets (PWs) that outline the eligible expenses and the scope of the project. Expenditures recorded on this schedule are contingent on when funds are obligated and approved, and the County has incurred eligible expenditures. The schedule includes \$2,684,809 of eligible expenditures that were incurred in prior years.

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DeSoto County, Florida (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-01 and 2024-02 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

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Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings is included in the accompanying management's response letter. *Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the findings identified in our audit. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



June 30, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program/State Project

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program/State Project

We have audited DeSoto County, Florida's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement*, and the requirements described in the Florida Department of Financial Services' *State Projects Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2024. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program/State Project

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* (Chapter 10.550). Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550 are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550 will always detect material non-compliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material non-compliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program and special project as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

June 30, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Part A - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued Unmodified

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes

Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Projects

Internal Control Over Major Programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance for Major Programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with CFR 200.516(a) or Chapter 10.557 for local

government entities? No

Identification of Major Programs/Projects:

Federal Program or Cluster

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Emergency Watershed Protection Program AL No. 10.923

U.S. Department of The Treasury

Passed Through Florida Emergency Management

COVID-19 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Finds –

American Rescue Plan Act AL No. 21.027

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

State Financial Assistance Projects

Florida Housing Finance Corporation

State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program CSFA No. 40.901

Florida Department of Transportation

Small County Outreach Program CSFA No. 55.009

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and

Type B programs - Federal Programs: \$750,000

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and

Type B programs - State Programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee pursuant to the Uniform Guidance? No

PART B - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

■ 2024-01 - Timeliness of Financial Close and Reporting (Significant Deficiency)

Condition – At commencement of final fieldwork, we noted that there were several large areas still requiring completion and adjustment. Management noted that these areas were still in process and adjustments were to be provided. The County subsequently provided adjustments to these areas. This resulted in significant updates to the original trial balance, a delay in the completion of final fieldwork, and a delay in the issuance of the financial statements.

Effect – At the commencement of final fieldwork, all significant audit areas should be completed in order to limit the need for a large volume of subsequent journal entries. This reduces the chance of errors and allows management to perform an effective review of final amounts prior to commencement of the audit.

Recommendation – We recommend management reviews policies and procedures in relation to the closing process in order to improve the timeliness of financial close and reporting.

■ 2024-02 - Inventory Management (Significant Deficiency)

Condition – During the audit, we performed an inventory observation that identified differences between recorded and actual inventory balances in both the Water and Sewer and County Transportation Fund. Additionally, for the Water and Sewer Fund, deviations of inventory cost from County policy were identified along with the identification of a previously unreported inventory location.

Effect – The deficiency in inventory management caused additional time in completion of the audit due to the difficulty in determining final inventory balances.

Recommendation — We recommend management review policies and procedures in relation to inventory to ensure that inventory counts are performed timely on a periodic basis and inventory is valued in accordance with established policies and procedures.

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

PART C - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

■ No matters are reported

PART D - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECTS

■ No matters are reported

PART E - OTHER ISSUES

Management has provided their summary schedule of prior audit findings on page 107 in response to the prior year findings required to be reported under the *Federal* and *Florida Single Audit Acts*.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES, SECTION 218.415 – INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS

Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

We have examined DeSoto County, Florida's (the County) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, as required by Section 10.566(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, DeSoto County Board of County Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Purvis Gray

June 30, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 365.172(10) AND SECTION 365.173(2)(d), FLORIDA STATUTES

Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

We have examined DeSoto County, Florida's (the County) compliance with Section 365.172(10), Florida Statutes, *Authorized Expenditures of E911 Fee*, and Section 365.173(2)(d), Florida Statutes, *Distribution and Use of (E911) Funds*, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 365.172(10), Florida Statutes, *Authorized Expenditures of E911 Fee*, and Section 365.173(2)(d), Florida Statutes, *Distribution and Use of (E911) Funds*, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, DeSoto County Board of County Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Purvis Gray

June 30, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of DeSoto County, Florida (the County) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Reports on an examination conducted in accordance with American Institute of Public Accountants *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated June 30, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. The table below has been provided to identify both prior audit findings that were corrected during the year and those that have continued to be reported during the year.

Tabulation of Uncorrected Audit Findings									
2023-2024 Fiscal 2022-2023 Fiscal 2021-2022 Fisca									
Year Finding #	Year Finding # Year Finding #								
2024-01	2023-01	2022-01							
2024-02	2023-02	N/A							
N/A	2023-03	N/A							
N/A	2023-04	N/A							
N/A	2023-05	N/A							

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Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants

Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners DeSoto County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The County has disclosed this information in Note 1 of the financial statements and there were no component units.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the County met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the County. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations other than those reported on the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Programs

As required by Section 10.554(1)(i)6.A, *Rules of the Auditor General*, a PACE program, authorized pursuant to Section 163.081 or Section 163.082, Florida Statutes, did not operate within the County's geographical boundaries during the fiscal year under audit.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Honorable Members of the DeSoto County Board of County Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.



June 30, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

DeSoto County

Board of County Commissioners Administrative Services Department

201 East OakStreet, Suite 205 Arcadia, Florida 34266

> (863) 993-4587 (863) 993-4643 fax www.desotobocc.com

June 30, 2025

Purvis, Gray and Company Certified Public Accountants 5001 Lakewood Ranch Boulevard, N., Suite 101 Sarasota, FL 34240

Re: 2024 Audit – Management Response Letter

<u>2024-01 – Timeliness of Financial Close and Reporting</u>

We acknowledge the delay in finalizing several key financial areas at the commencement of audit fieldwork, which led to a series of post-closing adjustments and a subsequent delay in the issuance of the audited financial statements. This deficiency was primarily due to resource constraints and competing priorities at year-end. Management has already begun reviewing the financial close process and is implementing the following corrective actions:

- A revised year-end close calendar will be developed and implemented with stricter internal deadlines and clearer task ownership.
- Additional staff training will be provided to ensure accurate and timely recording of complex transactions.
- Management will conduct interim closings and financial reviews on a quarterly basis to reduce the volume of adjustments required at year-end.

We are committed to improving the efficiency and timeliness of the financial reporting process and to meeting all statutory deadlines going forward.

<u>2024-02 – Inventory Management</u>

We recognize the issues identified with inventory management within the Water and Sewer, and County Transportation Fund, including untimely inventory counts and deviation from the County's valuation policy. To address this, management has initiated a full review of current inventory procedures and is implementing the following corrective measures:

- An updated inventory procedure is being developed to clearly define roles, timelines, and valuation methods in accordance with County policy and best practices.
- A physical inventory count schedule will be implemented and monitored to ensure that counts are performed at least annually and more frequently for high-activity locations.
- The Water and Sewer, and County Transportation Department will coordinate with the Finance Department to ensure inventory values are reviewed and reconciled.
- Inventory tracking systems are being implemented for accuracy and, if necessary, system enhancements or staff retraining will be initiated.

We are confident that these actions will strengthen internal controls over inventory and support the timely and accurate reporting of inventory balances.

We take these audit findings seriously and are fully committed to enhancing our financial operations and internal control framework. We thank you for your continued partnership and support as we implement these improvements. Sincerely,

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

Peter Danao
Peter Danao, Finance Director

DeSoto County



201 East Oak Street, Suite 205 Arcadia, Florida 34266

(863) 993-4587 (863) 993-4643 fax www.desotobocc.com

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND STATE PROJECTS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS and QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS

Finding Number	Prior Audit Finding
2023-04	Preparation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Material
	Weakness)
	Condition – The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provided
	during the audit incorrectly omitted the activity for two grant programs,
	resulting in a material understatement of expenditures of federal awards.
	Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend management review the
	process of preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and
	implement additional controls to ensure that all expenditures are
	included.
	Current Status: The finding was corrected in fiscal year 2024.

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS and QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR STATE PROJECTS

FINION AUDIT TIND	indo and Questioned Costs — MAJON STATE PROJECTS									
Finding Number	Prior Audit Finding									
2023-05	Preparation of Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance									
	(Significant Deficiency)									
	Condition – The Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance									
	provided during the audit incorrectly omitted the activity for two grant									
	projects, resulting in an understatement of expenditures of state financial									
	assistance.									
	Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend management review the									
	process of preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial									
	Assistance and implement additional controls to ensure that all									
	expenditures are included.									
	Current Status: The finding was corrected in fiscal year 2024.									

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared, **Peter Danao**, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of **DeSoto County**, a county of the State of Florida;
- 2. **DeSoto County** adopted Ordinances 2020-4 and 2020-5 on March 24, 2020, repealing the county and school board impact fees respectively;
- 3. For ten years prior to adoption of Ordinances 2020-4 and 2020-5, **DeSoto**County waived county and school board impact fees annually; and
- 3. By waiving and repealing the county and school board impact fee ordinances, **DeSoto County** complied with and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

	Peter Danao Peter Danao
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF DESOTO	
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED be	fore me this $\frac{14}{2}$ day of $\frac{\text{Jane}}{2}$, 2025.
	NOTARY PUBLIC Print Name Lesyani Martine?
Personally known or produced identifica	tion
Type of identification produced:	
My Commission Expires: 05/14/2027	LESYANI MARTINEZ COMMISSION # HH 350565 EXPIRES: May 14, 2027

OFFLORE

2024

DeSoto County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report September 30, 2024



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Governmental Funds	5
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	6
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8-14
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	15
Note to Required Supplementary Information	16
Supplementary Information	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	17
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	18
Other Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	19-20
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with	
Florida Statutes, Section 218.415 - Investments of Public Funds	21
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with	
Florida Statutes, Sections 28.35 and 28.36 - Certain Court-Related Functions	22
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with	
Florida Statutes, Section 61.181 - Alimony and Child Support Payments	23
Management Letter	24-25

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts (the Clerk) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Clerk and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position, only for that portion of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of DeSoto County, Florida that is attributable to the Clerk. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of DeSoto County, Florida as of September 30, 2024, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

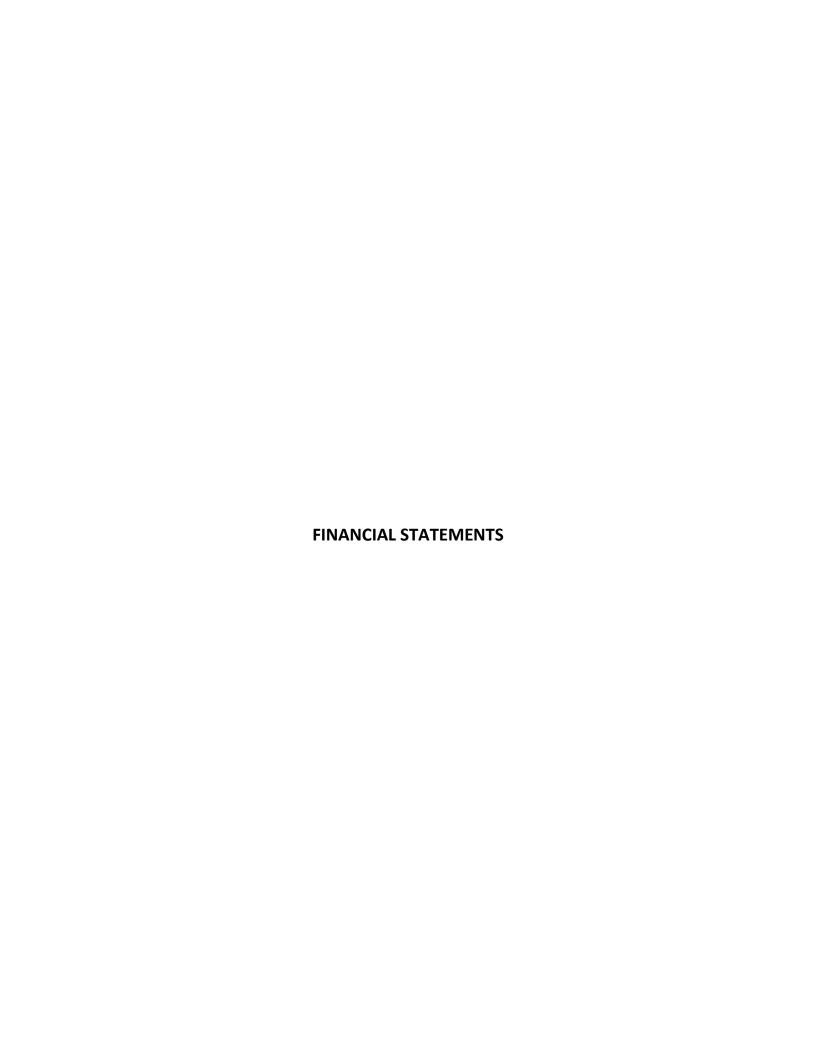
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements. The accompanying combining statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying combining statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2025, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



January 28, 2025 Sarasota, Florida



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Major Funds					
			ı	Public		Total	
	Gene	General		Records		Governmental	
	Fun	d	Tru	ust Fund		Funds	
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3	37,705	\$	111,117	\$	448,822	
Due from Other Governments		19,549		-		19,549	
Total Assets	3	57,254		111,117		468,371	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,							
and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		672		-		672	
Accrued Payroll and Payroll Taxes		75		-		75	
Due to Board of County Commissioners		29,095		-		29,095	
Due to Other Governments	3	24,847		-		324,847	
Total Liabilities	3	54,689		-		354,689	
Deferred Inflows							
Unavailable Revenues		2,565		-		2,565	
Total Deferred Inflows		2,565		-		2,565	
Fund Balances							
Restricted for:							
Records Modernization		_		111,117		111,117	
Total Fund Balances		-		111,117		111,117	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,							
and Fund Balances	\$ 3	57,254	\$	111,117	\$	468,371	

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Major Funds					
	Publi			Public	Total	
		General	Records		Governmental	
		Fund	T	rust Fund	Funds	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	340,465	\$	-	\$	340,465
Charges for Services		1,035,856		1,130,935		2,166,791
Interest		27,363		22		27,385
Total Revenues		1,403,684		1,130,957		2,534,641
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government:						
Personnel Services		297,084		-		297,084
Operating Expenditures		47,328		60,032		107,360
Court-Related Services:						
Personnel Services		793,250		-		793,250
Operating Expenditures		124,378		1,076,141		1,200,519
(Total Expenditures)		(1,262,040)		(1,136,173)		(2,398,213)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		141,644		(5,216)		136,428
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Reversion to the State of Florida		(253,227)		-		(253,227)
Transfers in from DeSoto County						
Board of County Commissioners		140,678		-		140,678
Transfers (out) to DeSoto County						
Board of County Commissioners		(29,095)				(29,095)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(141,644)				(141,644)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(5,216)		(5,216)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				116,333		116,333
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	_	\$	111,117	\$	111,117

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Total Custodial Funds				
Assets					
Cash	\$ 1,203,446				
Total Assets	1,203,446				
Liabilities and Net Position					
Liabilities					
Due to Individuals and Businesses	4,624				
Total Liabilities	4,624				
Net Position					
Restricted for Individuals and Businesses	1,198,822				
Total Net Position	1,198,822				
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 1,203,446				

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Total Custodial Funds			
Additions				
Fees/Fines Collected for Other Governments	\$ 4,913,691			
Deposits and Other Trust Activities	2,188,466			
Total Additions	7,102,157			
Deductions				
Fees/Fines Disbursed to Other Governments	4,853,627			
Deposits and Other Trust Activities Disbursed	2,485,799			
(Total Deductions)	(7,339,426)			
Change in Net Position	(237,269)			
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,436,091			
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,198,822			

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Reporting Entity

DeSoto County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and an appointed County Administrator. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of Florida.

The DeSoto County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts (the Clerk) is an elected constitutional officer of the County as provided by the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Clerk is responsible for the administration and operation of the Clerk's office, including the Circuit and County court systems.

Certain costs of the court systems (communications services; existing radio systems; existing multiagency criminal justice information systems; and the cost of construction or lease, maintenance, utilities, and security of facilities for the trial courts, public defenders' offices, and state attorneys' offices) are required by Article V, *Florida Constitution*, to be funded by the Board. Such costs are not included herein.

For financial statement reporting purposes, the Clerk is deemed to be a part of the primary government of the County and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all the funds and accounts of the Clerk's office but are not a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General - Local Governmental Entity Audits.

The financial transactions of the Clerk are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. These funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

GAAP sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures of each fund category) for the determination of major funds. Major funds are reported separately in the financial statements of the Clerk.

The Clerk reports the following major governmental funds:

Governmental Funds

• **General Fund**—is a governmental fund used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Clerk that are not accounted for in another fund.

 Public Records Trust Fund—is a special revenue fund used to account for recording fees, licenses, and investment income on the money restricted for record modernization. Revenues from the operational, clerical, and administrative functions of the Clerk's court activities are also accounted for here.

In addition, the Clerk also reports the following other fund type:

■ Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds—funds are used to account for assets received and held by the Clerk on behalf
of outside parties, including other governments. Custodial funds are used to report resources
held by the reporting governments in a purely custodial capacity. Custodial funds typically involve
only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of custodial resources to individuals,
private organizations, or other governments. The Clerk reports activity for four Custodial funds:
Registry of Court, Special Trust, Fine and Forfeiture, Documentary Stamp and Intangible Tax, and
Child Support.

Funding of Clerk Activities

With the implementation of Revision 7 to Article V on July 1, 2004, the Clerk's activities are now classified as either court or non-court. Both the court and non-court activities are reported within the Clerk's general fund.

The non-court activities are funded through service charges for recording instruments and documents into the official records, and through transfers in from the Board.

The court activities are funded by fines, fees, service charges, and court cost collections, plus a monthly state appropriation for the projected deficiency. Beginning in 2014, the state appropriation represented an allocation from the Clerks of Court Operations Corporation (CCOC), pursuant to a contract between the CCOC and the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida.

The Public Records Trust Fund is funded by a portion of recording fees and 10% of the collections of court-related fines, fees, service charges, and court cost collections.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, and also refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. The Clerk considers receivables collected within 30 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which are not recorded until paid. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the capital assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet.

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

The custodial funds are accounted for using an economic resource measurement focus and require a resource flow statement. The Clerk reports aggregated totals for additions and aggregated totals for deductions of custodial funds in which resources, upon receipt, are normally expected to be held for three months or less. The descriptions of the aggregated totals of additions and deductions indicate the nature of the resource flows.

Budgetary Requirement

The budget for the Clerk's general fund consists of two parts: a budget for non-court activities approved by the Board (the Board Budget), and a budget for court activities approved by the CCOC (the State Budget). Both budgets are on a basis consistent with GAAP. The budget adopted for the Public Records Trust Fund is internally developed and approved budgets, with no legal level of budgetary control.

Budgetary control in the Board Budget is generally at the total appropriations level (before transfers out). Budgetary changes within the total Board Budget are made at the discretion of the Clerk. Amendments that increase total appropriations (before transfers out) must be submitted to the Board. In the case of the State Budget, budgetary control is also at the total appropriations level (including reserves but excluding intergovernmental expenditures). Amendments must be approved by the CCOC.

Included in the required supplementary information (RSI) section of the accompanying financial statements is a budget to actual comparison for the general fund. Expenditures for the general fund are segregated between the State and the Board Budgets to illustrate budgetary compliance. As described in the note to RSI, the Public Records Trust Fund expenditures are restricted by statute and are not included in the RSI.

Supplemental Funding and Return of "Excess Fees"

The operations of the Clerk are approved and primarily funded from fees and charges authorized under Florida Statutes and supplemental appropriations from the CCOC or the Board. For non-court activities, the supplemental funding from the Board is recorded as transfers in on the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. Any excess of revenues and transfers in over expenditures for non-court activities (including child support activities) for the year ended September 30 are reported as transfers out and due to the Board and are payable by October 31.

For court activities, the supplemental funding from the CCOC is recorded as intergovernmental revenue on the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The amount returned, if any, is recorded as reversion to the State of Florida under other financing sources (uses). For

the period October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024, the amount recorded as due to other governments includes \$64,206 of September 2024 revenues that can be retained to fund 2025 expenditures, as well as \$260,641, which is due to the state.

Deferred Inflows/Unavailable Revenues

Deferred inflows represent revenues that have been earned but are not available (because they were received more than 30 days after year-end).

Fund Balances

Fund balance classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components—non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned:

- Non-Spendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because: (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The Clerk does not have any non-spendable fund balances.
- **Restricted**—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained either: (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., policy) of the organization's governing authority. By statute, the Clerk herself is the governing authority. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Clerk removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (e.g., policy) she employed to constrain those amounts. The Clerk does not have any committed fund balances.
- Assigned—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-thanformal action of the organization's governing authority, or by an individual or body to whom the governing authority has delegated this responsibility. The Clerk has not delegated the responsibility to assign fund balances to any individual or body.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for: (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed, or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned), as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned, as needed.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees of the Clerk are entitled to leave with pay. The employees may accumulate unused leave up to a maximum based on their years of service as follows:

Service Years	Maximum Accumulation (Hours)
1	80
2-5	200
6-10	250
11-15	300
16+	400

Employees leaving the office in good standing may be entitled to receive compensation subject to funding availability, at the Clerk's discretion and at the percentage of the Clerk's discretion. The Clerk does not, nor is legally required to, accumulate financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the governmental funds but rather is reported in the basic financial statements of the County.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the accompanying financial statements and notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Clerk's deposits was \$1,650,388 (\$446,942 in governmental funds and \$1,203,446 in fiduciary funds). All of the Clerk's public deposits are held in qualified public depositories (QPDs) pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280. Under this Chapter, each QPD is required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer against the public deposits. In the event of default by a QPD, all claims for public deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the QPD in default and, if necessary, assessments against other QPDs of the same type as the depositor in default.

In addition to cash deposits, the Clerk maintains cash on hand for the purpose of making change on transactions. At September 30, 2024, the Clerk held \$1,880 in cash on hand.

Investments

The Clerk has not adopted an investment policy and so, by statute, follows the state's guidance set forth in Section 219.075, Florida Statutes, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. That Section requires local governments without written investment policies, including County officers, to follow the state policy in Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes. That Section authorizes the following investments:

■ The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the *Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act*, as provided in Florida Statute 163.01.

- Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in QPDs.
- Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.

The Clerk does not have policies that address credit risk, custodial credit risk, or interest rate risk. The Clerk had no investments at year-end, or during the year.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

The tangible personal property used by the Clerk in its governmental fund operations is reported as capital assets in the statement of net position in the County's basic financial statements. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types of the Clerk and capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Clerk maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by her office.

Note 4 - Compensated Absences

The amount of compensated absences payable under the Clerk's leave policy is reported as a liability in the statement of net position in the County's basic financial statements. That liability is based on earned but unused leave time (vacation and sick) at current pay rates, plus *Federal Insurance Contributions Act* taxes related thereto. Leave time is accrued per the policy based on length of employment, is payable at 100% upon retirement in good standing, and is capped at 400 hours depending on years of service. The policy explains that payouts for unused leave time are subject to funding availability.

The change in compensated absences during the year is as follows:

Ва	lance					Balance			Due
Oct	ober 1,					Sept	ember 30,	٧	Vithin
2023		Ac	<u>lditions</u>	Re	<u>tirements</u>		2024		ne Year
\$	49,260	\$	34,758	\$	(43,360)	\$	40,658	\$	4,066

These liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Clerk but rather are reported in the basic financial statements of the County.

Note 5 - Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Benefits

The Clerk participates in the FRS for pension benefits. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Clerk are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 6 - <u>Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u>

The Clerk participates in the plan established by the Board to provide other postemployment benefits to retirees of the Board and Constitutional Officers. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Clerk are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 7 - Risk Management

The Clerk's office is covered for employee medical, workers' compensation, liability, and casualty risks by the Board. The Board provides coverage as a member of a public risk management pool in amounts that the Board feels are adequate.

The Clerk is also protected under sovereign immunity up to a maximum of \$200,000 per person/\$300,000 per occurrence for claims against the Clerk involving negligence, including automobile and general liability. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits set forth in Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, can only be recovered through an act of the State of Florida Legislature.

Note 8 - Litigation and Contingencies

From time to time, the office of the Clerk is involved as a defendant in certain litigation and claims arising from the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of legal counsel, the range of potential liabilities will not materially affect the operations of the Clerk's office or the financial position of the County, which would be required to fund any claim payments.

Note 9 - Change in Reporting Entity

In the current year, the Documentary Stamp and Intangible Tax Fund is reported as custodial fund after being reported as a major special revenue fund in the prior year. This fund no longer meets the criteria to be recognized as a special revenue fund, and is reported as a custodial fund in the current year. There was no beginning fund balance to restate as of September 30, 2023, so there were no adjustments made to the financial statements due to this change in reporting entity.



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget - Positive
	Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 292,945	\$	411,514	\$	340,465	\$	(71,049)
Charges for Services:							
Court Activities	608,821		608,821		663,315		54,494
Non-Court Activities	205,000		205,000		372,541		167,541
Interest	-		-		27,363		27,363
Total Revenues	 1,106,766		1,225,335		1,403,684		178,349
Expenditures							
Board Budget:							
General Government:							
Personnel Services	285,053		285,053		297,084		(12,031)
Operating Expenditures	45,000		60,625		47,328		13,297
State Budget:							
Court-Related Services:							
Personnel Services	782,165		900,734		793,250		107,484
Operating Expenditures	72,178		72,178		124,378		(52,200)
Capital Outlay	 47,423		47,423				47,423
(Total Expenditures)	 (1,231,819)		(1,366,013)		(1,262,040)		103,973
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues							
(Under) Over Expenditures	 (125,053)		(140,678)		141,644		282,322
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Reversion to the State of Florida	-		-		(253,227)		(253,227)
Transfers in from DeSoto County							
Board of County Commissioners	125,053		140,678		140,678		-
Transfers (out) to DeSoto County							
Board of County Commissioners	-		-		(29,095)		(29,095)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	125,053		140,678		(141,644)		(282,322)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$		\$		\$	

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Note 1 - Budgetary Information

Budgets are legally adopted for the general fund and are on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary control is exercised at the fund level; net expenditures cannot exceed the budgeted appropriation from the Board of County Commissioners (the Board) or the State of Florida, as amended. Budgetary changes within each fund can be made at the discretion of the Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts. Amendments to increase appropriations must be submitted to the Board or to the State of Florida.

The general fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with Florida Statutes. The Public Records Trust Fund expenditures are restricted by statute; therefore, this budget is not approved by the Board or by the State of Florida and is not included as required supplementary information.



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Registry of Court Fund		Special Trust Fund		Fine and Forfeiture Fund		Documentary Stamp and Intangible Tax Fund		Child Support Fund		Tot	tal Custodial
											Funds	
Assets												
Cash	\$	496,688	\$	702,134	\$	-	\$	_	\$	4,624	\$	1,203,446
Total Assets		496,688		702,134		-		-		4,624		1,203,446
Liabilities and Net Position Liabilities												
Due to Individuals												
and Businesses		-		-		-				4,624		4,624
Total Liabilities		-		-		-				4,624		4,624
Net Position												
Restricted for:												
Individuals and												
Businesses		496,688		702,134		-				-		1,198,822
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	496,688	\$	702,134	\$	-	\$		\$	4,624	\$	1,203,446

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT AND COUNTY COURTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			Documentary Fine and Stamp and						
	Registry of	egistry of Special		Intangible Tax	Child Support	Total Custodial			
	Court Fund	Trust Fund	Forfeiture Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds			
Additions									
Fees/Fines Collected for									
Other Governments	\$ -	\$ 473,407	\$ 1,266,113	\$ 3,174,171	\$ -	\$ 4,913,691			
Deposits and Other									
Trust Activities	1,572,156	278,885			337,425	2,188,466			
Total Additions	1,572,156	752,292	1,266,113	3,174,171	337,425	7,102,157			
Deductions Fees/Fines Disbursed to									
Other Governments	-	413,343	1,266,113	3,174,171	-	4,853,627			
Deposits and Other Trust	4.005.570	402.002			227.425	2 405 700			
Activities Disbursed	1,965,572	182,802	- (1.222.112)		337,425	2,485,799			
(Total Deductions)	(1,965,572)	(596,145)	(1,266,113)	(3,174,171)	(337,425)	(7,339,426)			
Change in Net Position	(393,416)	156,147	-	-	-	(237,269)			
Net Position, Beginning of Year	890,104	545,987	-		-	1,436,091			
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 496,688	\$ 702,134	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,198,822			



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts (the Clerk) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Clerk's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on

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Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

January 28, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES, SECTION 218.415 – INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS

Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

We have examined the DeSoto County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts' (the Clerk) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk and management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



January 28, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES, SECTIONS 28.35 AND 28.36 – CERTAIN COURT-RELATED FUNCTIONS

Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

We have examined the DeSoto County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts' (the Clerk) compliance with Sections 28.35 and 28.36, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk and management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



January 28, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES, SECTION 61.181 – ALIMONY AND CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS

Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

We have examined the DeSoto County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts' (the Clerk) compliance with Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk and management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



January 28, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts (the Clerk) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Reports on an examination conducted in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated January 28, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Clerk was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Clerk does not have any component units.

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Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Tampa purvisgray.com Honorable Nadia Daughtrey Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts DeSoto County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General,* requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of Auditor General, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that has occurred, or is likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk and management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purvis Gray

January 28, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

2024

DeSoto County, Florida Sheriff

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report September 30, 2024



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

SHERIFF DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	5
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	
Notes to Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	16
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual - Inmate Welfare Fund	17
Note to Required Supplementary Information	18
Supplementary Information	
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	19
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds	20
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -	
Custodial Funds	21
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -	
Custodial Funds	22
Other Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	23-24
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Florida	
Statutes, Section 218.415 - Investments of Public Funds	25
Management Letter	26-27

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable James Potter Sheriff DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County, Florida Sheriff (the Sheriff) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Sheriff and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of DeSoto County, Florida that is attributable to the Sheriff. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of DeSoto County, Florida as of September 30, 2024, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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Honorable James Potter Sheriff DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Honorable James Potter Sheriff DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

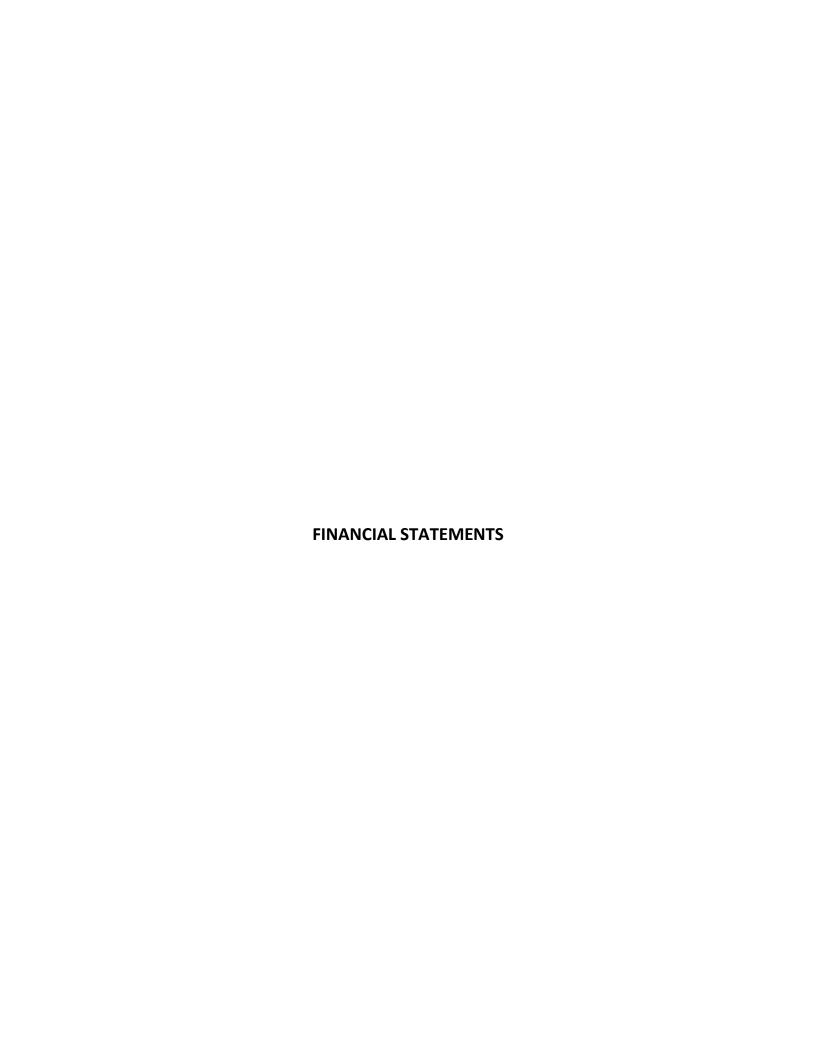
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements. The accompanying combining statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2025, on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



January 29, 2025 Sarasota, Florida



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Major	Funds		
		Inmate	Non-Major	Total
	General	Welfare	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets				
Cash	\$ 1,190,882	\$ 434,293	\$ 18,183	\$ 1,643,358
Due from Other				
Funds	9,000	-	-	9,000
Due from Individuals				
and Businesses	53,583	14,819	1,115	69,517
Total Assets	1,253,465	449,112	19,298	1,721,875
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Vouchers Payable	189,423	1,458	-	190,881
Accrued Liabilities	455,106	-	-	455,106
Unearned Revenue	172,425	-	-	172,425
Due to Board of County				
Commissioners	436,511			436,511
Total Liabilities	1,253,465	1,458		1,254,923
Fund Balances				
Restricted for:				
Inmate Benefits	-	447,654	_	447,654
Education and Training	_		17,304	17,304
Voluntary Extra Duty	_	_	805	805
Victim Advocate	-	-	1,189	1,189
Total Fund Balances		447,654	19,298	466,952
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,253,465	\$ 449,112	\$ 19,298	\$ 1,721,875

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Revenues Imate of September 1 Non-Hapfor September 2 Total South September 2 Revenues 1 \$ 664,278 \$ 5.0 \$ 5.664,278 Charge for Services 50,095 203,458 64,548 318,101 Miscellaneous Income 90,675 203,458 64,548 318,101 Miscellaneous Income 90,675 203,458 64,548 318,101 Total Revenues 90,675 203,458 64,548 318,102 Total Revenues 805,051 207,378 64,553 10,76,982 Total Cardian Control 805,051 207,378 60,288 7,873,508 Personnel Services 7,813,223 3 60,288 7,873,508 Operating Expenditures 11,009 4,188 136,689 3 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 11,009 12,009 11,009 12,00		Maj	or Funds			
Intergovernmental		General	ı	Inmate Velfare	Governmental	Governmental
Charges for Services 50,095 203,488 64,548 31,101 Miscellaneous Income 90,678 3,290 5 94,603 Total Revenues 805,051 207,378 64,553 1,076,982 Expenditures Current: Personnel Services 7,813,223 60,280 7,873,503 Operating Expenditures 13,62,719 4,180 1,366,899 Obet Service - Principal 11,009 0 82,971 Debt Service - Principal 11,009 0 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 1,785,728 0 68,699 Public Safety - Corrections: 1765,728 177,898 0 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 1,685,728 177,898 0 68,699 Debt Service - Principal 1,1708 0 0 68,699 Debt Service - Principal 11,708 0 1,148,859 Operating Expenditures 280,578 0 28,078 Debt Services - Principal 12,083 0 58,512 <td>Revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Revenues					
Miscellaneous Income 90,678 3,920 5 94,003 Total Revenues 805,051 207,378 64,553 1,076,982 Expenditures Current: Public Safety - Law Enforcement: Personnel Services 7,813,223 60,280 7,873,503 Operating Expenditures 1,362,719 4,180 1,366,999 Capital Outlay 826,971 0 4,180 1,360,999 Capital Outlay 826,971 0 0 10,009 Public Safety - Corrections: 3,727,924 0 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 1,765,728 177,898 0 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 1,1765,728 177,898 0 1,170,806 Operating Expenditures 280,578 17,898 0 1,148,859 Operating Expenditures 280,578 0 5,8512 Operating Expenditures 58,512 0 5,8512 Personnel Services 58,512 0 5,070,80 O	Intergovernmental	\$ 664,278	3 \$	-	\$ -	\$ 664,278
Total Revenues	Charges for Services	50,095	5	203,458	64,548	318,101
Personnel Services Personnel Service Pe	Miscellaneous Income	90,678	3	3,920	5	94,603
Public Safety - Law Enforcement: Personnel Services 7,813,223 - 60,280 7,873,503 Operating Expenditures 1,362,719 - 4,180 1,366,899 Capital Outlay 826,971 - 0 4,180 1,366,899 Capital Outlay 811,009 - 0 11,009 Public Safety - Corrections:	Total Revenues	805,053	1	207,378	64,553	1,076,982
Public Safety - Law Enforcement: 7,813,223 60,280 7,873,68,699 Personnel Services 1,362,719 4,180 1,366,899 Capital Outlay 826,971 0 4,180 1,366,899 Debt Service - Principal 11,009 0 0 10,009 Public Safety - Corrections: 3,727,924 0 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 3,727,924 0 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 1,765,728 177,898 0 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 68,669 0 0 10,943,626 Capital Outlay 68,669 0 0 11,708 Debt Service - Principal 11,708 0 11,708 Public Safety - Communications: 1 280,578 0 280,578 Operating Expenditures 280,578 0 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 0 0 58,512 Court Services: 2 20,708 0 58,512 Personnel Services 520	Expenditures					
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Operating Expenditures 1,362,719 4,180 1,366,899 Capital Outlay 826,971 - 826,971 Debt Service - Principal 11,009 - - 11,009 Public Safety - Corrections: 3,727,924 - - 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 3,727,924 - - 1,943,626 Capital Outlay 68,669 - - 1,943,626 Debt Service - Principal 11,708 - - 1,170,809 Public Safety - Communications: - - 1,148,859 - 1,148,859 Operating Expenditures 280,578 - - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 12,083 Personnel Services 58,512 - - 58,512 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 520,708 Personnel Services 520,708 - - 520,708 Operating Expenditures 32,762 - - 520,708	Public Safety - Law Enforcement:					
Capital Outlay 826,971 - 826,971 Debt Service- Principal 11,009 - 11,009 Public Safety - Corrections: 3,727,924 - 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 1,765,728 177,898 - 1,943,626 Capital Outlay 68,669 - - 68,669 Debt Service - Principal 11,708 - - 1,148,859 Pebt Safety - Communications: 280,578 - - 1,148,859 Operating Expenditures 280,578 - - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 58,512 Court Services: - - - 58,512 Court Services: - - - 50,708 Operating Expenditures 32,762 - - 32,762 (Total Expenditures) 11,48,44,453 (177,898) (64,460) 17,893,8111 (Pri	Personnel Services	7,813,223	3	-	60,280	7,873,503
Debt Service - Principal 11,009 - 11,009 Public Safety - Corrections: 3,727,924 - 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 1,765,728 177,898 - 1,943,626 Capital Outlay 68,669 - - 68,669 Debt Service - Principal 11,708 - - 11,708 Public Safety - Communications: - - 11,708 - - 11,708 Public Safety - Communications: - - - 11,708 - - 280,578 - - 280,578 - - 12,083 - - 12,083 - - 12,083 - - 12,083 - - 12,083 - - 12,083 - - 12,083 - - 12,083 - - 12,083 - - - 12,083 - - - 28,512 - - - 58,512 - - - -	Operating Expenditures	1,362,719	9	-	4,180	1,366,899
Public Safety - Corrections: Personnel Services 3,727,924 - - 3,727,924 - - 3,727,924 - - 3,727,924 - - 3,727,924 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 68,669 - - - 1,148,859 - - - 1,148,859 - - - 280,578 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Capital Outlay	826,973	1	-	=	826,971
Personnel Services 3,727,924 - - 3,727,924 Operating Expenditures 1,765,728 177,898 - 1,943,626 Capital Outlay 68,669 - - 68,669 Debt Service - Principal 11,708 - - 11,708 Public Safety - Communications: - - 280,578 - - 280,578 Operating Expenditures 280,578 - - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 58,512 - - 58,512 Court Services 58,512 - - 58,512 Court Services 520,708 - - 520,708 Operating Expenditures 32,762 - - 32,762 (Total Expenditures) (17,641,453) (17,898) (64,460) (17,883,811) (Deficiency) Excess of Revenues -	Debt Service - Principal	11,009	9	-	-	11,009
Operating Expenditures 1,765,728 177,898 1,943,626 Capital Outlay 68,669 - - 68,669 Debt Service - Principal 11,708 - - 68,669 Public Safety - Communications: *** 11,708 Public Safety - Communications: *** 1,148,859 - - 1,148,859 Operating Expenditures 280,578 - - 280,578 Obst Service - Principal 12,083 - - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 280,578 Personnel Services 58,512 - - 58,512 Court Services: ** ** ** 520,708 Personnel Services \$20,708 - - \$20,708 Operating Expenditures \$20,708 - - \$20,708 Operating Expenditures \$17,641,453 \$17,898 \$64,460 \$17,898,811 Operating Expenditures \$12,202 \$2,802 \$2,802 \$2,802	Public Safety - Corrections:					
Operating Expenditures 1,765,728 177,898 1,943,626 Capital Outlay 68,669 - - 68,669 Debt Service - Principal 11,708 - - 11,708 Public Safety - Communications: TURN	Personnel Services	3,727,924	1	-	-	3,727,924
Debt Service - Principal 11,708 - - 11,708 Public Safety - Communications: 9 - 1,148,859 - - 1,148,859 - 280,578 - 280,578 - 280,578 - 280,578 - - 280,578 - - 280,578 - - - 280,578 - - - 280,578 -	Operating Expenditures	1,765,728	3	177,898	-	1,943,626
Public Safety - Communications: Personnel Services 1,148,859 - - 1,448,859 Operating Expenditures 280,578 - - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 12,083 Public Safety - E-911 Coordinators: - - 58,512 - - 58,512 Personnel Services 58,512 - - 58,512 - - 58,512 - - 58,512 - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 32,762 - - - 32,762 - - 32,762 - - 32,762 - - 32,762 - - - 16,864,712 <t< td=""><td>Capital Outlay</td><td>68,669</td><td>9</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>68,669</td></t<>	Capital Outlay	68,669	9	-	-	68,669
Public Safety - Communications: Personnel Services 1,148,859 - - 1,148,859 Operating Expenditures 280,578 - - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 12,083 Public Safety - E-911 Coordinators: - - 58,512 - - 58,512 Personnel Services 58,512 - - 58,512 - - 58,512 - - 58,512 - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 58,512 - - - 32,762 - - - 32,762 - - 32,762 - - 32,762 - - 32,762 - - - 16,864,712 <t< td=""><td>Debt Service - Principal</td><td>11,708</td><td>3</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>11,708</td></t<>	Debt Service - Principal	11,708	3	-	-	11,708
Operating Expenditures 280,578 - 280,578 Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 12,083 Public Safety - E-911 Coordinators: Personnel Services 58,512 - - 58,512 Court Services: Courthouse Security: Personnel Services 520,708 - - 520,708 Operating Expenditures 32,762 - - 32,762 (Total Expenditures) (17,641,453) (177,898) (64,460) (17,883,811) (Deficiency) Excess of Revenues (10,641,453) 29,480 93 (16,806,829) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from Board of County Commissioners Primary Allocation 16,644,711 - - 16,644,711 Supplemental Funding 618,620 - - 618,620 Transfers to Board of - - - 618,620 County Commissioners (436,511) - - 618,620 Transfers from Other Funds 9,582	Public Safety - Communications:					
Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 12,083 Public Safety - E-911 Coordinators: Personnel Services 58,512 - - 58,512 Court Services: Services: Courthouse Security: Personnel Services 520,708 - - 520,708 Operating Expenditures 32,762 - - 32,762 (Total Expenditures) (17,641,453) (177,898) (64,460) (17,883,811) (Deficiency) Excess of Revenues (16,836,402) 29,480 93 (16,806,829) Charm Financing Sources (Uses) 1 29,480 93 (16,806,829) Primary Allocation 16,644,711 - - 16,644,711 Supplemental Funding 618,620 - - 618,620 Transfers to Board of - - (436,511) - - (436,511) County Commissioners (436,511) - - (436,511) - - (436,511) - -	Personnel Services	1,148,859	9	-	-	1,148,859
Debt Service - Principal 12,083 - - 12,083 Public Safety - E-911 Coordinators: Personnel Services 58,512 - - 58,512 Court Services: Services: Courthouse Security: Personnel Services 520,708 - - 520,708 Operating Expenditures 32,762 - - 32,762 (Total Expenditures) (17,641,453) (177,898) (64,460) (17,883,811) (Deficiency) Excess of Revenues (16,836,402) 29,480 93 (16,806,829) Charm Financing Sources (Uses) 1 29,480 93 (16,806,829) Primary Allocation 16,644,711 - - 16,644,711 Supplemental Funding 618,620 - - 618,620 Transfers to Board of - - (436,511) - - (436,511) County Commissioners (436,511) - - (436,511) - - (436,511) - -	Operating Expenditures	280,578	3	-	-	280,578
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Personnel Services 58,512 - - 58,512 Court Services: Courthouse Security: Personnel Services 520,708 - - 520,708 Operating Expenditures 32,762 - - 32,762 (Incle Expenditures) (17,641,453) (177,898) (64,460) (17,883,811) (Deficiency) Excess of Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures (16,836,402) 29,480 93 (16,806,829) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from Board of County Commissioners: Primary Allocation 16,644,711 - - 16,644,711 Supplemental Funding 618,620 - - 618,620 Transfers to Board of - - (436,511) - - 618,620 County Commissioners (436,511) - - (436,511) - - (436,511) - - (436,511) - - - - - - - - - - -	•	,				,
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Courthouse Security: Personnel Services 520,708 - - 520,708 Operating Expenditures 32,762 - - 32,762 (Total Expenditures) (17,641,453) (177,898) (64,460) (17,833,811) (Deficiency) Excess of Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures (16,836,402) 29,480 93 (16,806,829) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from Board of County Commissioners: Primary Allocation 16,644,711 - - 16,644,711 Supplemental Funding 618,620 - - 618,620 Transfers to Board of County Commissioners (436,511) - - (436,511) Transfers from Other Funds 9,582 - (9,582) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 16,836,402 - (9,582) 16,826,820 Net Change in Fund Balances - 29,480 (9,489) 19,991 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year - 418,174 28,787 446,961						
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Net Change in Fund Balances - 29,480 (9,489) 19,991 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year - 418,174 28,787 446,961			_			16 826 820
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year - 418,174 28,787 446,961	Total Other I mancing Jources (USES)	10,630,402			(3,302)	10,020,020
	Net Change in Fund Balances		-	29,480	(9,489)	19,991
A 4700 A 4000 A 4000 A	Fund Balances, Beginning of Year			418,174	<u>28,</u> 787	446,961
Fund Balances, End of Year \$ - \$ 447,654 \$ 19,298 \$ 466,952	Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	- \$	447,654	\$ 19,298	\$ 466,952

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds				
Assets					
Cash	\$	69,998			
Due from Others		3,723			
Total Assets		73,721			
Liabilities					
Due to Others		50,618			
Due to Other Funds		9,000			
Total Liabilities		59,618			
Net Position					
Restricted for Individuals,					
Organizations, and Other Governments		14,103			
Total Net Position		14,103			
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	73,721			

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Cash Bonds Collected	\$ 135,901
Fines, Forfeitures, and Fees Collected	36,323
Evidence Monies Collected	77,889
Collections from Inmates	560,636
Miscellaneous Income	 11
Total Additions	 810,760
Deductions	
Cash Bonds Disbursed	135,901
Fines, Forfeitures, and Fees Disbursed	39,471
Evidence Monies Disbursed	77,913
Inmate Funds Disbursed	 559,509
Total Deductions	 812,794
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(2,034)
Beginning Net Position	 16,137
Ending Net Position	\$ 14,103

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity

DeSoto County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and an appointed County Administrator. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of Florida.

The DeSoto County, Florida Sheriff (the Sheriff) is an elected constitutional officer of the County as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida. Pursuant to Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, the Sheriff's budget is submitted to the Board for approval. The Board appropriates and distributes to the Sheriff on a monthly basis funds necessary to operate the Sheriff's office. Any excess of appropriations received from the Board over actual expenditures for the fiscal year is required to be returned to the Board within 31 days after the close of the fiscal year.

For financial statement purposes, the Sheriff is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all the funds and accounts of the Sheriff's office but are not intended to be a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General—Local Governmental Entity Audits.

The financial transactions of the Sheriff are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. These funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

U.S. GAAP sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures of each fund category) for the determination of major funds. Major funds are reported separately in the financial statements of the Sheriff.

The Sheriff reports the following major governmental funds:

Governmental Fund Types

• **General Fund**—a governmental fund—is used to account for all general operations of the Sheriff and all transactions that are not accounted for in another fund.

• Inmate Welfare Fund—a special revenue fund—is used to account for the proceeds from the commissary and pay phone sources that are restricted for inmate benefits.

In addition, the Sheriff also reports the following other fund types:

■ Governmental Fund Types

• **Special Revenue Funds**—special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted for specified purposes.

■ Fiduciary Fund Types

• **Custodial Funds**—custodial funds are fiduciary funds, which are used to account for assets received and held by the Sheriff in the capacity of a trustee or as an agent for individuals, governmental agencies, and other public organizations.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Grants are the primary revenue source considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which are not recorded until paid. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Sheriff considers receivables collected within 30 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year.

Custodial funds are accounted for using an economic resource measurement focus requiring a resource flow statement. Liabilities are recognized when an event occurs that compels the Sheriff to disburse fiduciary resources, which is when a demand for resources has been made or when no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken or not by the beneficiary to release the assets.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the capital assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet.

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

The custodial funds are accounted for using an economic resource measurement focus and require a resource flow statement. The Sheriff reports aggregated totals for additions and aggregated totals for deductions of custodial funds in which resources, upon receipt, are normally expected to be held for three months or less. The descriptions of the aggregated totals of additions and deductions indicate the nature of the resource flows.

Budgetary Process

On or before June 1 of each year, the Sheriff submits a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year to the Board. The budget of the general fund is then adopted in the same manner as the budget of the Board.

A budget is legally adopted for the general fund and is on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP. Budgetary control is exercised at the fund level; net expenditures cannot exceed the budgeted appropriation from the Board, as amended. Budgetary changes within each fund can be made at the discretion of the Sheriff. Amendments to increase appropriations must be submitted to the Board. Although budgets were not formally adopted for the remaining special revenue funds, the internal budget has been included for the inmate welfare fund's budget and actual schedule.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include vehicles and equipment, are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds at the time goods are received and a liability is incurred. These assets are then capitalized at cost in the County-wide statement of net position as part of the basic financial statements of the County. Capital assets acquired under capital leases are capitalized at cost in the County's statement of net position at the time the assets are received. Donated and confiscated capital assets are recorded in the County's statement of net position at acquisition value at the time received. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over three to twenty-five years. The depreciation expense is recorded in the County-wide statement of activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees of the Sheriff are entitled to annual vacation and sick leave with pay. The employees may accumulate unused vacation leave up to a maximum of 340 hours and can accumulate sick leave with no limit. Accrued vacation leave is paid at termination, while accrued sick leave is only paid to employees who retire. Accrued sick leave is paid at a rate of 20% of the hours accrued up to a maximum of 300 hours for employees with 10 to 20 years of service, 30% of the hours accrued up to a maximum of 450 hours for employees with 21 to 25 years of service, and 50% up to a maximum of 600 hours for employees with 26 to 30 years of service. Vacation and sick leave payments are included in operating costs when payments are made to the employees. The Sheriff does not, nor is he legally required to, accumulate financial resources for these unmatured obligations. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the governmental funds, but rather is reported in the basic financial statements of the County.

Appropriations from the Board and Refund of "Excess Fees"

The County funds the majority of the operating budget of the Sheriff. The payments by the County to fund the operations of the Sheriff are recorded as other financing uses (transfers out) in the basic financial statements of the County, and as other financing sources (transfers in) in the financial statements of the Sheriff.

The Board requires that the excess of the County's appropriations (and other revenues) over expenditures be returned to the Board at the end of the fiscal year in the general fund. Repayments to the County are recorded as other financing uses (transfers out) in the financial statements of the Sheriff and as other financing sources (transfers in) in the basic financial statements of the County. The amount of undistributed excess appropriations at the end of the fiscal year is reported as amounts due the Board.

Deferred Inflows

Deferred inflows represent revenues that have been earned but are not available (because they were received more than 30 days after year-end).

Fund Balances

Fund balance classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components—non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned:

- Non-Spendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because: (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The Sheriff does not have any non-spendable fund balances.
- Restricted—This component of fund balances consists of amounts that are constrained either: (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., policy) of the Sheriff. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Sheriff removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (e.g., policy) he employed to constrain those amounts. The Sheriff does not have any committed fund balances.
- Assigned—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-thanformal action of the organization's governing authority, or by an individual or body to whom the governing authority has delegated this responsibility. The Sheriff has not delegated the responsibility to assign fund balances to any individual or body.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for: (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed, or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Sheriff's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use, it is the Sheriff's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the accompanying financial statements and notes. Actual results could differ from estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncement

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the Sheriff implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This pronouncement prescribes accounting and financial reporting for each category of accounting change and error correction. Statement No. 100 addresses how accounting changes and error corrections should be displayed in financial statements, disclosed in notes, and presented in required supplementary information and supplementary information.

Change Within the Reporting Entity

The Sheriff made a change to report activity for communications in the general fund, instead of the previously reported major governmental fund. This represents a change within the reporting entity, the result of which had no effect on the beginning fund balance of the governmental funds, nor the net position for governmental activities appearing in the government-wide statements of the County.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Sheriff's deposits was \$1,713,356 (\$1,643,358 in governmental funds and \$69,998 in custodial funds), and the bank balance was \$1,786,190. The Sheriff's bank deposits are held in qualified public depositories (QPDs) pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this Chapter, each QPD is required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer against the public deposits. In the event of default by a QPD, all claims for public deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the QPD in default and, if necessary, assessments against other QPDs of the same type as the depositor in default.

Investments

The Sheriff has not adopted an investment policy and so, by statute, follows the state's guidance set forth in Section 219.075, Florida Statutes, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. That Section requires local governments without written investment policies, including county officers, to follow the state policy in Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes. That Section authorizes the following investments:

- The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the *Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969*, as provided in Florida Statute 163.01.
- Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in QPDs.
- Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.

The Sheriff does not have policies that address credit risk, custodial credit risk, or interest rate risk. The Sheriff had no investments at year-end, or during the year.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

The tangible personal property used by the Sheriff in its governmental fund operations is reported as capital assets in the statement of net position in the County's basic financial statements. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types of the Sheriff. Those assets are capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Sheriff maintains recordkeeping and custodial responsibility for certain tangible capital assets used by his office.

Information on vehicles and equipment, SBITAs, and lease assets used in the operations of the Sheriff's office are presented below and are presented in more detail in the County's notes to the financial statements:

		Capital				
		Cost	A	mortization		Asset, Net
Beginning Balance	\$	8,819,433	\$	(5,045,778)	\$	3,773,655
Capital Additions		974,596		-		974,596
Depreciation/Amortization		-		(968,539)		(968,539)
(Disposals)		(457,562)		446,339		(11,223)
Ending Balance	<u>\$</u>	9,336,467	\$	(5,567,978)	\$	3,768,489

The Sheriff routinely trades in assets when purchasing new assets. The remaining book value of the assets traded in is added to the value of the new asset. Additionally, the Board contributed capital assets to the Sheriff in the form of radios to enhance the operational capabilities of the Sheriff. Following is a reconciliation of 2024 capital asset additions above to capital outlay on the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance:

Capital Outlay	 2024
Capital Outlay	\$ 895,640
Net Book Value of Trade-Ins and	
Donations	 78,956
Total Capital Additions, Including	
SBITA and Lease Assets (Above)	\$ 974,596

Note 4 - Compensated Absences

Note 1 describes the policy for accrual and payment of vacation and sick leave. Following is a summary of changes in the compensated absences liability during fiscal year 2024:

Beginning Balance	\$ 628,638
Net Increase	 118,257
Ending Balance	\$ 746,895

The portion of the above compensated absences liability estimated to be paid during the next year (current portion) is \$74,690.

Note 5 - Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Benefits

The Sheriff participates in the FRS for pension benefits. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Sheriff are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 6 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Sheriff participates in the plan established by the Board to provide other postemployment benefits to retirees of the Board and Constitutional Officers. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Sheriff are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 7 - SBITAs

The Sheriff has one right-to-use subscription through 2025 based on a two-year non-cancellable agreement, which is required to be recognized under GASB Statement No. 96. The subscription asset has a balance of \$68,520. The asset is required to be amortized over the term of the contract, as that is considered to be the useful life of the asset. The accumulated amortization as of September 30, 2024, was \$37,115 and approximately 1 year remains on the contract. There is a related subscription liability described further below.

As mentioned above, the Sheriff has one subscription through 2025. The Sheriff is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$34,800. The SBITA is discounted using a rate of 3.16%, which is based on the incremental borrowing rate calculated by the Sheriff. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$0.

All capital assets and long-term debt, including SBITAs, used by the Sheriff in its governmental fund operations are reported in the statement of net position in the County's basic financial statements.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The Sheriff's office is covered for workers' compensation and employee medical risks by the Board. The Board provides coverage as a member of a public risk management pool in amounts that the Board feels are adequate.

The Sheriff also participates in the Florida Sheriff's Self-Insurance Program for risks related to professional liability and automobile risks. The funding agreements provide that each fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and that the Sheriff's liability will be reinsured through commercial companies. Aggregate coverage provided by the liability fund is \$10,000,000 for professional liability and \$10,000,000 for public official's liability. Coverage limits for automobile risks are \$300,000 per accident for bodily injury and \$300,000 per accident for property damage. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits set forth in Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, can only be recovered through an act of the State of Florida Legislature.

Additionally, the Sheriff has obtained coverage for inmate medical claims up to \$250,000.

Note 9 - Litigation

The Sheriff is periodically involved as a defendant or plaintiff in certain litigation and claims arising from the ordinary course of operations. It is at least possible that the ultimate liability for known and unknown claims existing at the balance sheet date may be material. However, it is presumed any significant judgments against the Sheriff would be settled by the Board. Accordingly, no contingent liabilities have been accrued in the accompanying financial statements.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Ame	ounts	Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 510,319	\$	510,319	\$ 664,278	\$	153,959
Charges for Services	60,113		60,113	50,095		(10,018)
Miscellaneous Income				 90,678		90,678
Total Revenues	 570,432		570,432	 805,051		234,619
Expenditures						
Current:						
Personnel Services	13,766,213		13,914,130	13,269,226		644,904
Operating Expenditures	3,495,033		3,698,058	3,441,787		256,271
Capital Outlay	251,000		270,153	895,640		(625,487)
Debt Service - Principal	-		-	34,800		(34,800)
Reserves	 5,000		5,000			5,000
(Total Expenditures)	 (17,517,246)		(17,887,341)	 (17,641,453)		245,888
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues						
(Under) Over Expenditures	(16,946,814)		(17,316,909)	 (16,836,402)		480,507
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from Board of County Commissioners:						
Primary Allocation	16,555,318		16,644,711	16,644,711		-
Supplemental Funding Transfers to Board of	391,496		672,198	618,620		(53,578)
County Commissioners	_		_	(436,511)		(436,511)
Transfers from Other Funds	_		_	9,582		9,582
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	16,946,814		17,316,909	16,836,402		(480,507)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-	-		-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 			 		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL INMATE WELFARE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(No	egative)
Revenues	 					
Charges for Services	\$ 183,000	\$	183,000	\$ 203,458	\$	20,458
Interest Income	84		84	120		36
Miscellaneous Income	4,000		4,000	3,800		(200)
Total Revenues	 187,084		187,084	207,378		20,294
Expenditures Current: Public Safety - Corrections:						
Operating Expenditures	231,979		231,979	177,898		54,081
(Total Expenditures)	(231,979)		(231,979)	(177,898)		54,081
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures	(44,895)		(44,895)	 29,480		74,375
Net Change in Fund Balance	(44,895)		(44,895)	29,480		74,375
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 406,314		406,314	418,174		11,860
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 361,419	\$	361,419	\$ 447,654	\$	86,235

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Note 1 - Budgetary Information

A budget is legally adopted for the general fund and is on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary control is exercised at the fund level; net expenditures cannot exceed the budgeted appropriation from the Board of County Commissioners, as amended. Budgetary changes can be made at the discretion of the Sheriff. Amendments to increase appropriations must be submitted to the Board.

The general fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with Florida Statutes. The inmate welfare fund and all other special revenue fund expenditures are restricted by statute; therefore, these budgets are not approved by the Board of County Commissioners. The internal budget has been included for the inmate welfare fund's budget and actual schedule.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Ec	Education Fund		Voluntary Extra Duty Fund		Victim Advocate Fund	Total Non-Major Governmenta Funds	
Assets				_		_		
Cash	\$	16,994	\$	-	\$	1,189	\$	18,183
Due from Individuals and								
Businesses		310		805				1,115
Total Assets		17,304		805		1,189		19,298
Liabilities Accrued Liabilities		_						
Total Liabilities								
Fund Balances Restricted for:								
Education and Training		17,304		-		-		17,304
Voluntary Extra Duty		-		805		-		805
Victim Advocate		-		-		1,189		1,189
Total Fund Balances		17,304		805		1,189		19,298
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	17,304	\$	805	\$	1,189	\$	19,298

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Ed	lucation Fund	Voluntary Extra Duty Fund		Victim Advocate Fund		Total lon-Major vernmental Funds
Revenues	'	_				_	_
Charges for Services	\$	4,043	\$	60,505	\$	-	\$ 64,548
Miscellaneous Income		3		2		_	5
Total Revenues		4,046		60,507			 64,553
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public Safety - Law Enforcement:							
Personnel Expenditures		-		60,280		-	60,280
Operating Expenditures		4,180		-		-	4,180
(Total Expenditures)		(4,180)		(60,280)		-	(64,460)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating Transfers Out		-		(9,582)		-	(9,582)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(9,582)			(9,582)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(134)		(9,355)		-	(9,489)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		17,438		10,160		1,189	 28,787
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	17,304	\$	805	\$	1,189	\$ 19,298

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Cash Bond Fund		Individual Depositors Fund		Other Suspense Fund		Inmate Trust Fund		Total Custodial Funds	
Assets										
Cash	\$	9,362	\$	10,872	\$	4,161	\$	45,603	\$	69,998
Due from Others		-		185		3,538		-		3,723
Total Assets		9,362		11,057		7,699		45,603		73,721
									-	
Liabilities										
Due to Others		6,350		3,396		4,157		36,715		50,618
Due to Other Funds		3,000		3,000		3,000				9,000
Total Liabilities		9,350		6,396		7,157		36,715		59,618
Net Position										
Restricted for Individuals,										
Organizations, and Other										
Governments		12		4,661		542		8,888		14,103
Total Net Position		12		4,661		542		8,888		14,103
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	9,362	\$	11,057	\$	7,699	\$	45,603	\$	73,721

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

SHERIFF

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	C	Cash Bond Fund		Individual Depositors Fund		Other Suspense Fund		Inmate Trust Fund		Total Custodial Funds	
Additions		runu		ruiiu		runu		runu		ruiius	
Cash Bonds Collected	\$	135,901	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	135,901	
Fines, Forfeitures, and Fees	Y	133,301	Y		Ţ		Ţ		7	133,301	
Collected		_		36,323		_				36,323	
Evidence Monies Collected		_		30,323		77,889		_		77,889	
Collections from Inmates		-		-		11,003		-		· ·	
Miscellaneous Income		- 1		2		- 2		560,636		560,636	
		125.002				77.001		5		11	
Total Additions		135,903		36,325		77,891		560,641		810,760	
Deductions											
Cash Bonds Disbursed		135,901		-		-		-		135,901	
Fines, Forfeitures, and Fees											
Disbursed		-		39,471		-		-		39,471	
Evidence Monies Disbursed		-		-		77,913		-		77,913	
Inmate Funds Disbursed		-		-		-		559,509		559,509	
Total Deductions		135,901		39,471		77,913		559,509		812,794	
Change in Net Position		2		(3,146)		(22)		1,132		(2,034)	
Beginning Net Position		10		7,807		564		7,756		16,137	
Ending Net Position	\$	12	\$	4,661	\$	542	\$	8,888	\$	14,103	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable James Potter Sheriff DeSoto County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County, Florida Sheriff (the Sheriff) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Sheriff's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on

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Honorable James Potter Sheriff DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

January 29, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES, SECTION 218.415 – INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS

Honorable James Potter Sheriff DeSoto County, Florida

We have examined the DeSoto County, Florida Sheriff's (the Sheriff's) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), Rules of the Auditor General. Management is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Sheriff complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Sheriff, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.



January 29, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable James Potter Sheriff DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County, Florida Sheriff (the Sheriff) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated January 29, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Sheriff was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Sheriff does not have any component units.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable James Potter Sheriff DeSoto County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of Auditor General, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Sheriff, its management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purvis Gray

January 29, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

2024

DeSoto County, Florida Tax Collector

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report September 30, 2024



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TAX COLLECTOR DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - General Fund (Major Fund)	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - General Fund (Major Fund)	5
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Notes to Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Major Fund)	14
Other Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	15-16
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with	
Florida Statutes, Section 218.415 - Investments of Public Funds	17
Management Letter	18-19

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Susan D. Pooley Tax Collector DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund (major fund) and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the general fund (major fund) and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Tax Collector and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Incomplete Presentation

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position, and changes in financial position, only for that portion of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of DeSoto County, Florida that is attributable to the Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of DeSoto County, Florida as of September 30, 2024, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Susan D. Pooley Tax Collector DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Tax Collector's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Tax Collector's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Honorable Susan D. Pooley Tax Collector DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

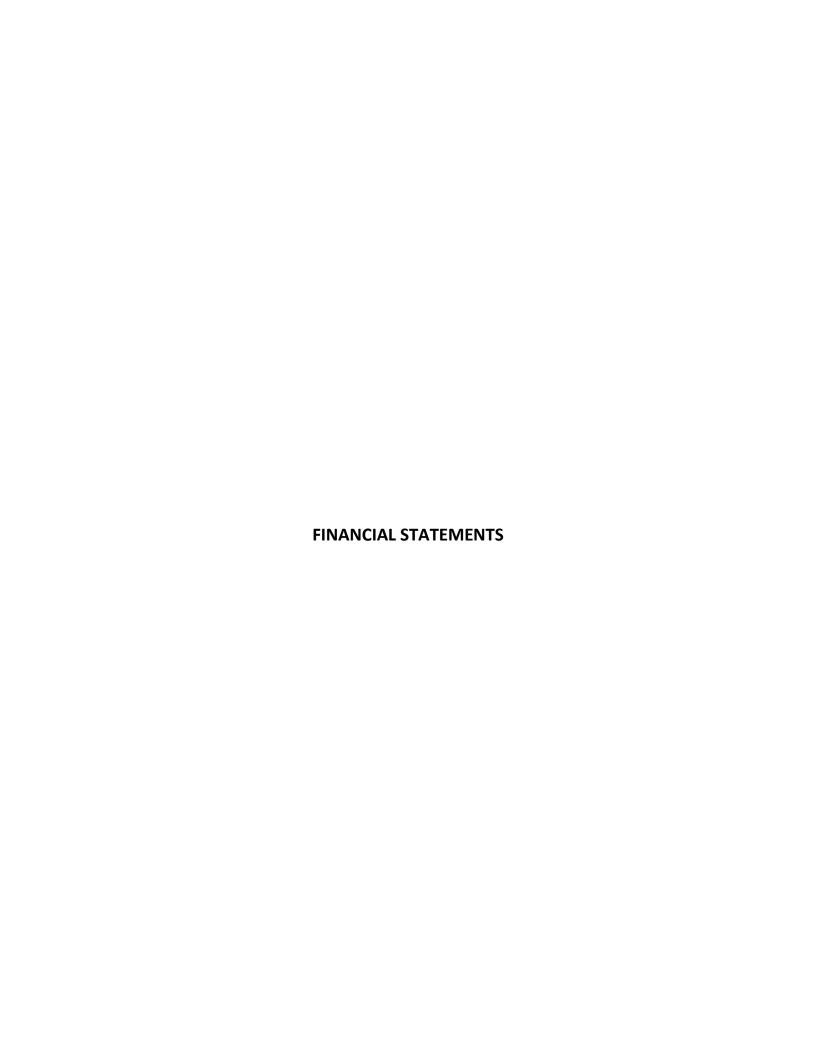
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 7, 2025, on our consideration of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



January 7, 2025 Sarasota, Florida



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND (MAJOR FUND) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 339,653
Due from Other Governments	18,241
Total Assets	357,894
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Due to Board of County Commissioners	301,718
Due to Other Governments	9,527
Unearned Revenue	28,408
Total Liabilities	339,653
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Unavailable Revenue	18,241
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,241
Fund Balance	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balance	\$ 357,894

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND (MAJOR FUND)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Revenues	
Commissions and Fees:	
Board of County Commissioners	\$ 971,877
Other Governmental Units	323,707
Delinquent Tax Fees	115,499
Other Taxing Districts	21,164
Miscellaneous	1,565
Total Revenues	1,433,812
Expenditures	
Current:	
General Government:	
Personnel Services	886,212
Operating Expenditures	132,571
Capital Outlay	113,311
(Total Expenditures)	(1,132,094)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	301,718
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Distribution of Excess Commissions to DeSoto County,	
Florida, Board of County Commissioners	(301,718)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(301,718)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Custodial Fund	
\$	666,256
	31,607
	697,863
	650,112
	47,751
	697,863
	-
\$	697,863
	\$

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Fund		
Additions		_	
Property Taxes Collected for:			
Board of County Commissioners	\$	29,760,883	
Other Taxing Agencies		18,493,057	
Tax Certificate Redemptions:			
Board of County Commissioners		17,355	
Individual Certificate Holders		2,090,078	
Licenses and Fees Collected for Other Governments		5,660,020	
Total Additions		56,021,393	
Deductions			
Disbursements of Property Taxes to:			
Board of County Commissioners		29,760,883	
Other Taxing Agencies		18,493,057	
Disbursements of Tax Certificate Redemptions to:		, ,	
Board of County Commissioners		17,355	
Other Taxing Agencies		2,090,078	
Disbursements of Licenses and Fees to Other Governments		5,660,020	
Total Deductions		(56,021,393)	
Change in Net Position		-	
Net Position, Beginning of Year			
Net Position, End of Year	\$		

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity

DeSoto County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and an appointed County Administrator. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of Florida.

The DeSoto County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) is an elected constitutional officer of the County as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida. Pursuant to Chapter 195.087, Florida Statutes, the Tax Collector's budget is submitted annually to the Florida Department of Revenue for approval and a copy is forwarded to the Board for coordination with the Board's budget. Any excess revenues received over expenditures made are remitted at year-end to the taxing districts.

As provided in Florida Statutes, the Tax Collector periodically notifies the Board and other governmental agencies of the commissions and fees due to the Tax Collector. By statute, commissions and fees attributable to the school board are paid by the Board.

For financial reporting purposes, the Tax Collector is deemed to be a part of the primary government of the County and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all the funds and accounts of the Tax Collector's office but are not intended to be a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General-Local Governmental Entity Audits.

The financial transactions of the Tax Collector are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. These funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The Tax Collector reports the following major governmental fund:

■ **General Fund**—a governmental fund—is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Tax Collector that are not required, either legally or by GAAP, to be accounted for in another fund.

In addition, the Tax Collector also reports the following other fund type:

- **Custodial Fund**—a fiduciary fund—is used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector as a custodian for other governments. The custodial fund is used primarily for the following:
 - To account for the collection of certain state taxes and fees, including motor vehicle registration fees, and the subsequent remittance of those fees (less commission) to the State of Florida.
 - To account for the collection and distribution of local taxes and licenses, including real and personal property taxes.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and also refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which are not recorded until paid. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Charges for services on the collection of property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied, provided they are collected within 30 days after the end of the fiscal year (if not, they are deferred). Certain other miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment revenues are recorded as earned.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the capital assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet.

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

The custodial funds are accounted for using an economic resource measurement focus and require a resource flow statement. The Tax Collector reports aggregated totals for additions and aggregated totals for deductions of custodial funds in which resources, upon receipt, are normally expected to be held for three months or less. The descriptions of the aggregated totals of additions and deductions indicate the nature of the resource flows.

Budgetary Requirement

Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in Florida Statutes.

A budget is legally adopted for the general fund and is on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgetary control is at the expenditure classification level (personnel services, operating expenditures, and capital outlay). Budgetary changes within expenditure classification are made at the discretion of the Tax Collector. Amendments between expenditure classifications must be notified to the State of Florida Department of Revenue.

Property Tax Collections

Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, governs property tax collection.

Current Taxes

All property taxes become due and payable on November 1 and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts of 4%, 3%, 2%, and 1% are allowed for early payment in November through February, respectively.

Unpaid Taxes—Sale of Tax Certificates

The Tax Collector advertises, as required by Florida Statutes, then sells tax certificates on all real property for unpaid taxes. Certificates not purchased are issued to the County. Any person owning real property upon which a tax certificate has been sold may redeem the certificate by paying the Tax Collector the face amount of the tax certificate plus interest and other costs.

Tax Deeds

The owner of a tax certificate may, after two years of the taxes being delinquent (after April 1), file an application for tax deed sale. The County, as a certificate owner, may exercise similar procedures two years after taxes have been delinquent (after April 1). Tax deeds are issued to the highest bidder for the property, which is sold at public auction. The Clerk of the Circuit Court administers these sales.

Compensated Absences

All full-time employees of the Tax Collector are entitled to annual vacation and sick leave with pay. Employees must use all vacation time earned within the fiscal year with the allowance for 24 hours of carry-over to the next fiscal year. Sick leave is accrued without limitation. The amount of vested compensated absences payable under the Tax Collector's vacation policy is reported as a liability in the statement of net position in the County's financial statements. That liability includes earned but unused vacation, as well as the *Federal Insurance Contribution Act* taxes related thereto. After six months of service, vacation time is paid out hour-for-hour upon separation from employment. Non-vested amounts are not considered to be significant.

Refund of "Excess Fees"

Florida Statutes provide that the excess of the Tax Collector's fee revenue over expenditures is to be distributed to each governmental agency in the same proportion as the fees paid by each governmental agency bear to total fee income of the office. The amount of undistributed excess fees at the end of the fiscal year is reported as amounts due to the Board of County Commissioners and due to other taxing agencies.

The County pays a major portion of the fees collected by the Tax Collector. The payments by the County are recorded as operating expenditures in the financial statements of the County, and as charges for services revenue in the financial statements of the Tax Collector. Repayments to the County are recorded as other financing uses (transfers out) in the financial statements of the Tax Collector and as other financing sources (transfers in) in the financial statements of the County.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Unavailable revenues represent revenues that have been earned but are not available (because they were received more than 30 days after year-end).

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents the portion of biennial service fees attributable to future years.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the accompanying financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

Cash

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Tax Collector's deposits was \$1,000,709 (\$334,453 in governmental funds and \$666,256 in fiduciary funds). All of the Tax Collector's public deposits are held in qualified public depositories (QPDs) pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280. Under this Chapter, each QPD is required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer against the public deposits. In the event of default by a QPD, all claims for public deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the QPD in default and, if necessary, assessments against other QPDs of the same type as the depositor in default.

In addition to cash deposits, the Tax Collector maintains cash on hand for the purpose of making change on transactions. At September 30, 2024, the Tax Collector held \$5,200 in cash on hand.

Investments

The Tax Collector has not adopted an investment policy and so, by statute, follows the state's guidance set forth in Section 219.075, Florida Statutes, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. That section requires local governments without written investment policies, including County officers, to follow the state policy in Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes. That section authorizes the following investments:

- The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the *Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969*, as provided in Florida Statute 163.01.
- Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in QPDs.
- Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.

The Tax Collector does not have policies that address credit risk, custodial credit risk, or interest rate risk. The Tax Collector had no investments at year-end or during the year.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

The tangible personal property used by the Tax Collector in its governmental fund operations is reported as capital assets in the statement of net position in the County's financial statements. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the general fund of the Tax Collector and capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Tax Collector maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by her office.

Note 4 - Compensated Absences

Note 1 describes the policy for accrual and payment of vacation and sick leave.

The change in compensated absences during the year is as follows:

	В	alance					E	Balance		Due
	Oc	tober 1,					Sept	ember 30,	1	Within
		2023	A	dditions	Ret	irements		2024	0	ne Year
Compensated Absences	\$	4,769	\$	29,760	\$	(30,143)	\$	4,386	\$	4,386

These liabilities are not reported on the fund statements for the Tax Collector but rather on the financial statements of the County.

Note 5 - Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Benefits

The Tax Collector participates in the FRS for pension benefits. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Tax Collector are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 6 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Tax Collector participates in the plan established by the Board to provide other postemployment benefits to retirees of the Board and Constitutional Officers. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Tax Collector are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 7 - Risk Management

The Tax Collector's office is covered for employee medical, workers' compensation, and liability and casualty risks by the Board. The Board provides coverage as a member of a public risk management pool in amounts that the Board feels are adequate.

The Tax Collector is also protected under sovereign immunity up to a maximum of \$200,000 per person/\$300,000 per occurrence for claims against the Tax Collector involving negligence, including automobile and general liability. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits set forth in Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, can only be recovered through an act of the State of Florida Legislature.

Note 8 - Litigation

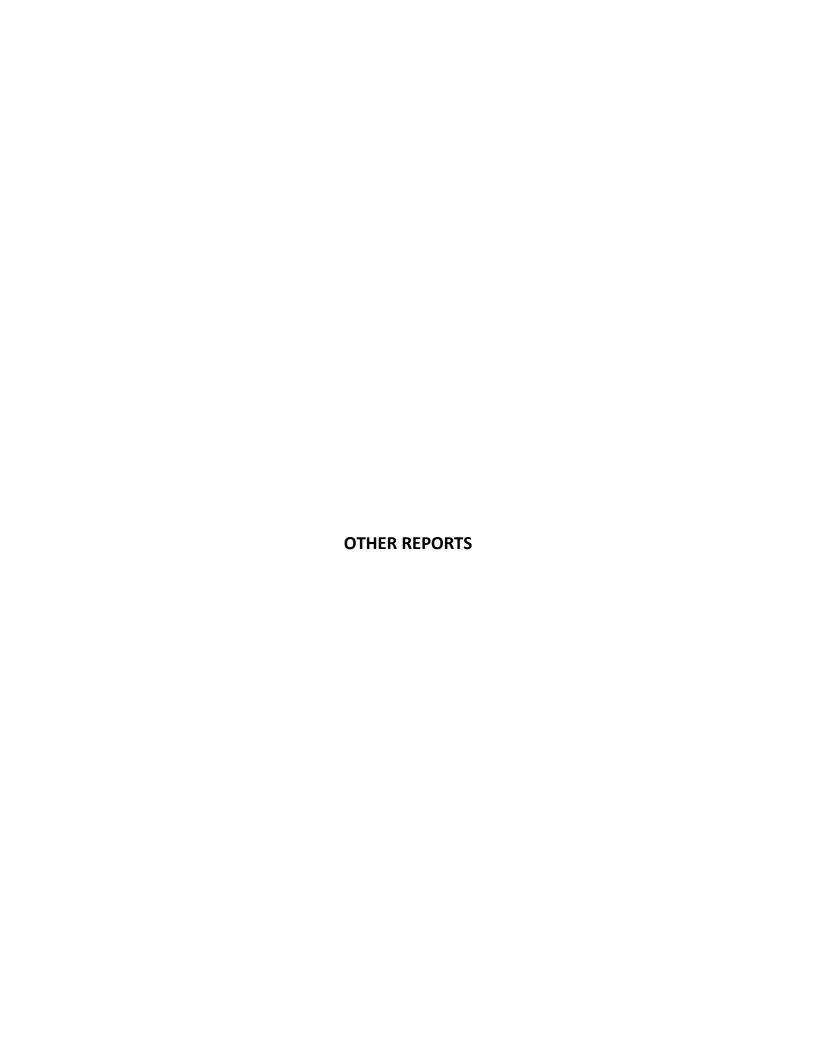
From time to time, the office of the Tax Collector is involved as a defendant in certain litigation and claims arising from the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of legal counsel, the range of potential liabilities will not materially affect the operations of the Tax Collector's office or the combined financial position of the County, which would be required to fund any claim payments.



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA TAX COLLECTOR

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (MAJOR FUND) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

							٧	/ariance /ith Final Budget		
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Positive			
Revenues		Original		Finai	Final Amounts			(Negative)		
Commissions and Fees:										
Board of County Commissioners	\$	872,000	\$	872,000	\$	971,877	\$	99,877		
Other Governmental Units	Ą	315,310	ڔ	315,310	ڔ	323,707	۲	8,397		
Delinquent Tax Fees		100,000		100,000		115,499		15,499		
Other Taxing Districts		28,000		28,000		21,164		(6,836)		
Miscellaneous		500		500		1,565		1,065		
Total Revenues		1,315,810		1,315,810	•	1,433,812		118,002		
rotal nevenues	-	1,313,010		1,313,010		1,433,012		110,002		
Expenditures										
Current:										
General Government:										
Personnel Services		910,046		934,330		886,212		48,118		
Operating Expenditures		163,678		162,622		132,571		30,051		
Capital Outlay		64,668		113,524		113,311		213		
(Total Expenditures)	-	(1,138,392)		(1,210,476)		(1,132,094)		78,382		
, ,		, , ,				, , , ,				
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		177,418		105,334		301,718		196,384		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Distribution of Excess Commissions to DeSoto County, Florida, Board of										
County Commissioners		(177,418)		(105,334)		(301,718)		(196,384)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(177,418)		(105,334)		(301,718)		(196,384)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year										
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$	_	\$		\$			



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Susan D. Pooley Tax Collector DeSoto County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 7, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Tax Collector's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Susan D. Pooley Tax Collector DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

January 7, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES, SECTION 218.415 – INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS

Honorable Susan D. Pooley Tax Collector DeSoto County, Florida

We have examined the DeSoto County, Florida Tax Collector's (the Tax Collector) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Tax Collector complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Tax Collector, her management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.



January 7, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Susan D. Pooley Tax Collector DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County, Florida Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated January 7, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with American Institute of Certified Public Accountants *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated January 7, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Tax Collector was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Tax Collector does not have any component units.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Susan D. Pooley Tax Collector DeSoto County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that has occurred or is likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Tax Collector, her management team, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purvis Gray

January 7, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

2024

DeSoto County, Florida

Property Appraiser

Financial Statements and
Independent Auditor's Report

September 30, 2024



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

PROPERTY APPRAISER DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - General Fund (Major Fund)	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - General Fund (Major Fund)	5
Notes to Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Major Fund)	10
Other Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	11-12
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with	
Florida Statutes, Section 218.415 - Investments of Public Funds	13
Management Letter	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable David A. Williams, CFA Property Appraiser DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund (major fund) of the DeSoto County, Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the general fund (major fund) of the Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2024, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Property Appraiser and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Incomplete Presentation

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and budgetary comparisons of the general fund (major fund), only for that portion of the general fund of DeSoto County, Florida that is attributable to the Property Appraiser. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of DeSoto County, Florida as of September 30, 2024, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable David A. Williams, CFA Property Appraiser DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Property Appraiser's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Property Appraiser's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Honorable David A. Williams, CFA Property Appraiser DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

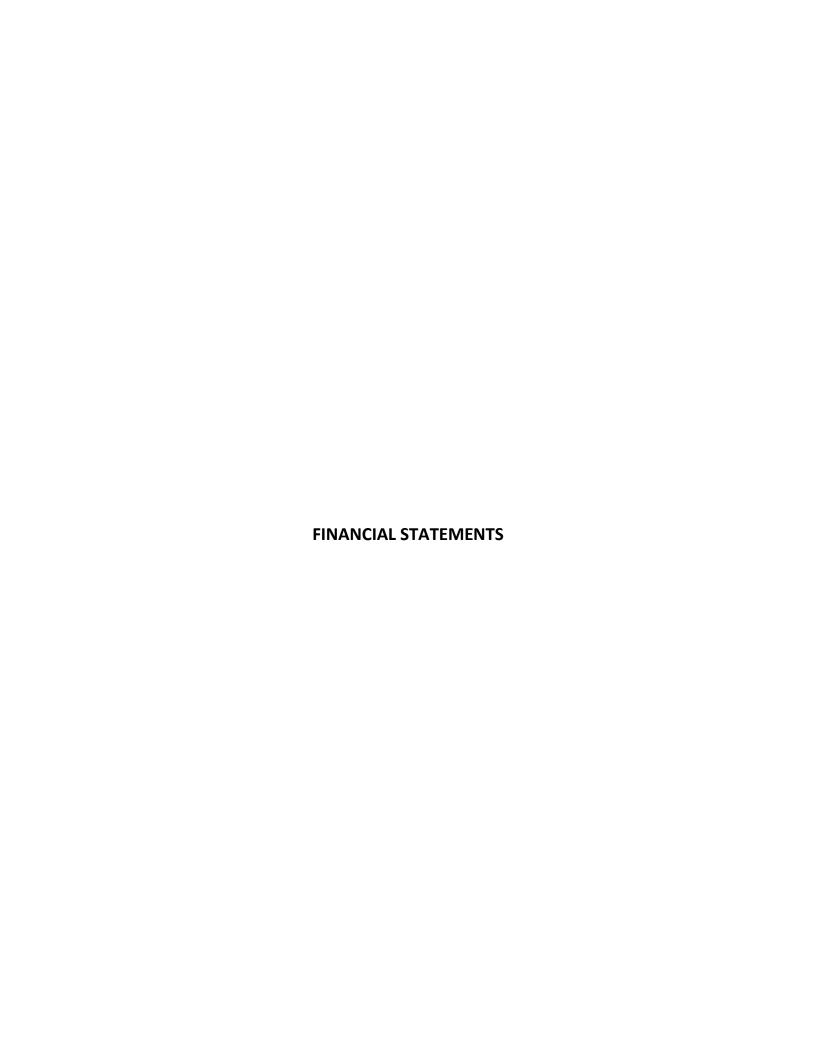
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2025, on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



January 20, 2025 Sarasota, Florida



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND (MAJOR FUND) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Assets		
Cash	\$	161,682
Total Assets		161,682
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities and Fund Dalance		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		13,960
Due to DeSoto County Board of County Commissioners		145,830
Due to Other Governments		1,892
Total Liabilities		161,682
Fund Balance		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	161,682

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND (MAJOR FUND)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Revenues	
Charges for Services:	
DeSoto County Board of County Commissioners	\$ 1,443,245
Other Taxing Agencies	16,837
Interest Income	1,097
Miscellaneous	 764
Total Revenues	 1,461,943
Expenditures	
Current:	
General Government:	
Personnel Services	1,006,405
Operating Expenditures	272,925
Capital Outlay	 36,783
(Total Expenditures)	 (1,316,113)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	 145,830
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Distribution of Excess Appropriations to DeSoto County	
Board of County Commissioners	 (145,830)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (145,830)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the financial statements:

Reporting Entity

DeSoto County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and managed by an appointed County Administrator. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of the State of Florida.

The DeSoto County, Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser) is an elected constitutional officer of the County as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Property Appraiser is part of the primary government of the County. Pursuant to the Florida Statutes, the Property Appraiser's budget is submitted annually to the Florida Department of Revenue, Division of Ad Valorem Tax, for approval, and a copy is forwarded to the Board.

Fees earned by the Property Appraiser (equal to the amount of the amended budget) are billed quarterly to the Board and other governmental agencies in proportion to prior year taxes levied, or in the case of non-ad valorem districts, by other reasonable methods. By statute, fees attributable to municipalities and school boards are paid by the Board.

For financial statement reporting purposes, the Property Appraiser is deemed to be a part of the primary government of the County and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all the funds and accounts of the Property Appraiser's office but are not a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General - Local Governmental Entity Audits.

The financial transactions of the Property Appraiser are recorded in one individual fund. This fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures.

The Property Appraiser reports the following fund type:

Governmental Fund

- Major Fund
 - ► **General Fund**—the general fund is the general operating fund of the Property Appraiser. It is used to account for all financial resources.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, and also refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which are not recorded until paid.

Charges for services on the assessment of property are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year earned, provided they are collected within 30 days after the end of the fiscal year (if not, they are deferred). Certain other miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Interest income is recorded as earned.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the capital assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. The governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that, generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet.

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Refund of "Excess Fees"

Florida Statutes provide that the excess of the Property Appraiser's fee revenue over expenditures is to be distributed to each governmental agency in the same proportion as the fees paid by each governmental agency. The amount of undistributed excess fees at the end of the fiscal year is reported as amounts due to the Board and other governmental agencies.

The County pays a major portion of the fees collected by the Property Appraiser. The payments by the County are recorded as operating expenditures in the financial statements of the County, and as charges for services revenues in the financial statements of the Property Appraiser. Repayments to the County are recorded as other financing uses (transfers out) in the financial statements of the Property Appraiser and as other financing sources (transfers in) in the financial statements of the County.

Compensated Absences

The full-time employees of the Property Appraiser are entitled to annual vacation and sick leave with pay. The employees may accumulate unused vacation leave up to a maximum of 225 hours and can accumulate sick leave with no limit. The employees are encouraged to use their annual leave in the year that it is earned. The Property Appraiser records compensated absences as expenditures when the leave is used by the employees.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

Cash

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Property Appraiser's deposits was \$161,582. All of the Property Appraiser's public deposits are held in qualified public depositories (QPDs) pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280. Under this Chapter, each QPD is required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer against the public deposits. In the event of default by a QPD, all claims for public deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the QPD in default and, if necessary, assessments against other QPDs of the same type as the depositor in default.

In addition to cash deposits, the Property Appraiser maintains cash on hand for the purpose of making change on transactions. At September 30, 2024, the Property Appraiser held \$100 in cash on hand.

Investments

The Property Appraiser has not adopted an investment policy and so, by statute, follows the state's guidance set forth in Section 219.075, Florida Statutes, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. That Section requires local governments without written investment policies, including County officers, to follow the state policy in Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes. That Section authorizes the following investments:

- The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the *Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act*, as provided in Florida Statute 163.01.
- Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories.
- Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.

The Property Appraiser does not have policies that address credit risk, custodial credit risk, or interest rate risk. The Property Appraiser had no investments at year-end or during the year.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

The tangible personal property used by the Property Appraiser is reported as capital assets in the statement of net position in the County's financial statements. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the general fund of the Property Appraiser and capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Property Appraiser maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by his office.

Note 4 - Compensated Absences

The amount of compensated absences payable under the Property Appraiser's annual leave and sick leave policy is reported as a liability in the statement of net position in the County's financial statements. That liability includes earned but unused vacation, as well as payroll taxes related thereto. Annual vacation is accrued based on length of employment. After six months of service, annual vacation is paid out hour-for-hour upon separation from employment.

The change in compensated absences during the year is as follows:

	E	Balance						Balance		Due
	O	tober 1,					Sept	tember 30,		Within
	2023		A	Additions Retirements			2024		One Year	
Compensated Absences	\$	40,338	\$	30,954	\$	(21,590)	\$	49,702	\$	4,970

Note 5 - Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Benefits

The Property Appraiser participates in the FRS for pension benefits. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Property Appraiser are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 6 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Property Appraiser participates in the plan established by the Board to provide other postemployment benefits to retirees of the Board and Constitutional Officers. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Property Appraiser are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 7 - Risk Management

The Property Appraiser's office is covered for employee medical, workers' compensation, liability, and casualty risks by the Board. The Board provides coverage as a member of a public risk management pool in amounts that the Board feels are adequate.

The Property Appraiser is also protected under sovereign immunity up to a maximum of \$200,000 per person/\$300,000 per occurrence for claims against the Property Appraiser involving negligence, including automobile and general liability. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits set forth in Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, can only be recovered through an act of the State of Florida Legislature.

Note 8 - Litigation

From time to time, there are lawsuits pending against the Property Appraiser. These usually deal with the valuation and assessment of real properties in the County and the denial of exemptions. The Property Appraiser and legal counsel are of the opinion that the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Property Appraiser.



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (MAJOR FUND) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	P	looked Aug		Antoni	Variance With Final Budget	
	Origina	lgeted An	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	Origina	<u>"</u>	rillai	Amounts	(Negative)	
Charges for Services:						
DeSoto County Board of County						
Commissioners	\$ 1,422	,238 \$	1,438,763	\$ 1,443,245	\$ 4,482	
Other Taxing Agencies	, ,	,680	19,198	16,837	(2,361)	
Interest Income		-	-	1,097	1,097	
Miscellaneous		-	_	764	764	
Total Revenues	1,440	,918	1,457,961	1,461,943	3,982	
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government:						
Personnel Services	1,088	,329	1,100,427	1,006,405	94,022	
Operating Expenditures	287	,189	274,884	272,925	1,959	
Capital Outlay	5	,400	42,400	36,783	5,617	
Reserve	60	,000_	40,250		40,250	
(Total Expenditures)	(1,440	,918)	(1,457,961)	(1,316,113)	141,848	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures				145,830	145,830	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Distribution of Excess Appropriations to						
DeSoto County Board of County						
Commissioners			<u>-</u>	(145,830)	(145,830)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(145,830)	(145,830)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	-	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ -	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable David A. Williams, CFA Property Appraiser DeSoto County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund (major fund) of the DeSoto County, Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable David A. Williams, CFA Property Appraiser DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

January 20, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES, SECTION 218.415 – INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS

Honorable David A. Williams, CFA Property Appraiser DeSoto County, Florida

We have examined the DeSoto County, Florida Property Appraiser's (the Property Appraiser) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Property Appraiser complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Property Appraiser, and applicable management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



January 20, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable David A. Williams, CFA Property Appraiser DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund (major fund) of the DeSoto County, Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated January 20, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Property Appraiser was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Property Appraiser does not have any component units.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable David A. Williams, CFA Property Appraiser DeSoto County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that has occurred or is likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Property Appraiser, and applicable management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purvis Gray

January 20, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

2024

DeSoto County, Florida

Supervisor of Elections

Financial Statements and
Independent Auditor's Report
September 30, 2024



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - General Fund (Major Fund)	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund (Major Fund)	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-10
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Major Fund)	11
Note to Required Supplementary Information	12
Other Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	13-14
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Florida	
Statutes, Section 218.415 - Investments of Public Funds	15
Management Letter	16-17
Management Response	18

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mark F. Negley Supervisor of Elections DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund (major fund) of the DeSoto County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the general fund (major fund) of the Supervisor of Elections as of September 30, 2024, and the changes in financial position, of the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Supervisor of Elections and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Incomplete Presentation

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida (the Rules). In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and budgetary comparisons of the general fund (major fund), only for that portion of the general fund of DeSoto County, Florida that is attributable to the Supervisor of Elections. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of DeSoto County, Florida as of September 30, 2024, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mark F. Negley Supervisor of Elections DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Supervisor of Elections' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions, or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Supervisor of Elections' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Honorable Mark F. Negley Supervisor of Elections DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Required Supplementary Information

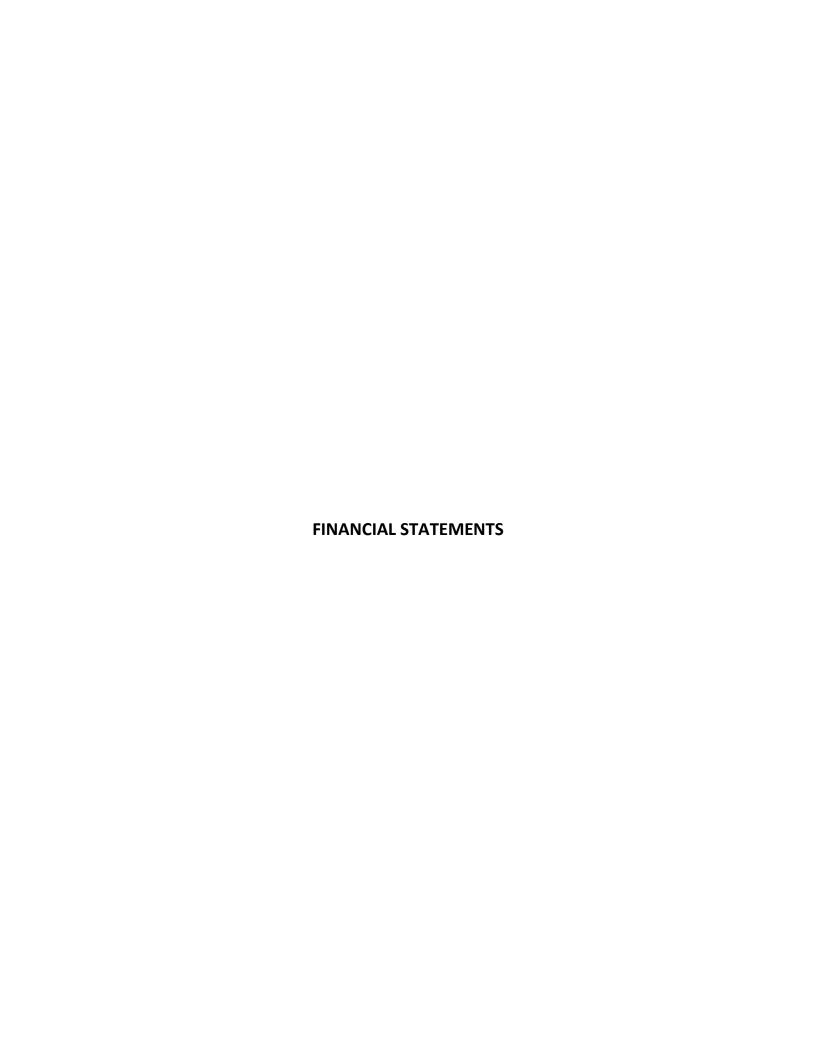
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, and although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 2, 2025, on our consideration of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Purvis Gray

January 2, 2025 Sarasota, Florida



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND (MAJOR FUND) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Assets	
Cash	\$ 21,133
Prepaid Items	 13,493
Total Assets	 34,626
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	15,504
Due to Board of County Commissioners	 5,629
Total Liabilities	 21,133
Fund Balance	
Non-Spendable	 13,493
Total Fund Balance	13,493
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 34,626

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND (MAJOR FUND) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 1,436
Interest Income	3
Total Revenues	1,439
Expenditures	
Current:	
General Government:	
Personnel Services	330,260
Operating Expenditures	193,296
(Total Expenditures)	(523,556)
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(522,117)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers in from DeSoto County, Board of	
County Commissioners	521,372
Transfers out to DeSoto County, Board of	
County Commissioners	(5,629)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	515,743
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,374)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	19,867
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 13,493

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements:

Reporting Entity

DeSoto County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and an appointed County Administrator. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of Florida.

The DeSoto County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections) is an elected constitutional officer of the County as provided for by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d), and is a part of the primary government of the County. Pursuant to Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, the Supervisor of Elections' budget is submitted annually to the Board for approval. The Board distributes the funds necessary to operate the Supervisor of Elections' office on a monthly basis. Any excess of appropriations received from the Board over actual expenditures for the fiscal year is required to be returned to the Board within 31 days after the close of the fiscal year.

For financial statement reporting purposes, the Supervisor of Elections is deemed to be a part of the primary government of the County and, therefore, is included as such in the County's annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include all the funds and accounts of the Supervisor of Elections' office but are not a complete presentation of the County as a whole. Except for this matter, they are otherwise in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General - Local Governmental Entity Audits.

The financial transactions of the Supervisor of Elections are recorded in one individual fund. This fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures.

The Supervisor of Elections reports the following fund type:

Governmental Fund

- Major Fund
 - ► **General Fund**—the general fund is the general operating fund of the Supervisor of Elections. It is used to account for all financial resources.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, and also refers to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures for the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for accumulated sick and vacation pay, which is not recorded until paid.

The Supervisor of Elections considers receivables collected within 30 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year.

Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the capital assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included in the balance sheet.

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Prepaid Items

Certain prepayments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods. These prepayments are recorded as expenditures in the year the service is rendered.

Return of "Excess Fees"

The County funds a major portion of the operating budget of the Supervisor of Elections (net of grants and miscellaneous receipts). The payments by the County to fund the operations of the Supervisor of Elections are recorded as transfers out in the basic financial statements of the County, and as other financing sources in the financial statements of the Supervisor of Elections. Any excess of revenues and transfers in over expenditures for the year ended September 30 are reported as transfers out and due to the Board and are payable by October 31. Repayments to the County are recorded as other financing uses (transfers out) in the financial statements of the Supervisor of Elections and as other financing sources (transfers in) in the basic financial statements of the County. The amount of undistributed excess appropriations at the end of the fiscal year, if any, is reported as amounts due to the Board.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the Supervisor of Elections' expenditures exceeded the appropriations by \$2,184, and there was no budget amendment filed.

Compensated Absences

The full-time employee of the Supervisor of Elections is entitled to annual vacation and sick leave with pay. The employee may accumulate unused vacation leave up to a maximum of 200 hours and can accumulate sick leave with no limit. The employee is encouraged to use their annual leave in the year that it is earned. The Supervisor of Elections records compensated absences as expenditures when the leave is used by the employee.

Fund Balances

Fund balance classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components—non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned:

- Non-Spendable—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that cannot be spent because: (a) they are not expected to be converted to cash, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The Supervisor of Elections has a non-spendable fund balance of \$13,493 as of September 30, 2024.
- Restricted—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained either: (a) externally by third parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Supervisor of Elections does not have any restricted fund balances as of September 30, 2024.
- Committed—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (e.g., policy) of the Supervisor of Elections. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Supervisor of Elections removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (e.g., policy) employed to constrain those amounts. The Supervisor of Elections does not have any committed fund balances as of September 30, 2024.
- Assigned—This component of fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less-thanformal action of the organization's governing authority, or by an individual or body to whom the governing authority has delegated this responsibility. The Supervisor of Elections has not delegated the responsibility to assign fund balances to any individual or body.
- Unassigned—This classification is used for: (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed, or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Supervisor of Elections' policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use, it is the Supervisor of Elections' policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Supervisor of Elections' deposits was \$21,133. All of the Supervisor of Elections' public deposits are held in qualified public depositories (QPDs) pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280. Under this Chapter, each QPD is required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer against public deposits. In the event of default by a QPD, all claims for public deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the QPD in default and, if necessary, assessments against other QPDs of the same type of depositor in default.

The Supervisor of Elections maintained no cash on hand at September 30, 2024.

Investments

The Supervisor of Elections has not adopted an investment policy and so, by statute, follows the state's guidance set forth in Section 219.075, Florida Statutes, regarding the deposit of funds received and the investment of surplus funds. That Section requires local governments without written investment policies, including County officers, to follow the state policy in Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes. That Section authorizes the following investments:

- The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the *Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act*, as provided in Florida Statute 163.01.
- Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories.
- Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.

The Supervisor of Elections does not have policies that address credit risk, custodial credit risk, or interest rate risk. The Supervisor of Elections had no investments at year-end or during the year.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

The tangible personal property used by the Supervisor of Elections is reported as capital assets in the statement of net position in the County's basic financial statements. Upon acquisition, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the general fund of the Supervisor of Elections and capitalized at cost in the capital asset accounts of the County. The Supervisor of Elections maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by his office.

Note 4 - Compensated Absences

The amount of vested compensated absences payable under the Supervisor of Elections' annual leave policy is reported as a liability in the statement of net position in the County's basic financial statements. That liability includes earned but unused vacation, as well as payroll taxes related thereto. The change in compensated absences during fiscal year 2024 is as follows:

Beginning Balance	\$ 2	2,500
Increases	(5,300
Decreases	(8	3,300)
Ending Balance	<u>\$</u>	500

Upon termination of employment, employees with more than ten years of service can receive payment for half of their accumulated sick leave. Non-vested amounts are not considered to be significant. The portion of the compensated absences liability estimated to be paid during the next year (current portion) is \$500.

Note 5 - Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Benefits

The Supervisor of Elections participates in the FRS for pension benefits. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Supervisor of Elections are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 6 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Supervisor of Elections participates in the plan established by the Board to provide other postemployment benefits to retirees of the Board and Constitutional Officers. A detailed plan description and any liability for employees of the Supervisor of Elections are included in the financial statements of the County.

Note 7 - Risk Management

The Supervisor of Elections' office is covered for employee medical, workers' compensation, liability, and casualty risks by the Board. The Board provides coverage as a member of a public risk management pool in amounts that the Board feels are adequate.

The Supervisor of Elections is also protected under sovereign immunity up to a maximum of \$200,000 per person/\$300,000 per occurrence for claims against the Supervisor of Elections involving negligence, including automobile and general liability. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits set forth in Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, can only be recovered through an act of the State of Florida Legislature.

Note 8 - Litigation

From time to time, the office of the Supervisor of Elections is involved as a defendant in certain litigation and claims arising from the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of legal counsel, the range of potential liabilities will not materially affect the operations of the Supervisor of Elections' office or the financial position of the County, which would be required to fund any claims payments.



DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (MAJOR FUND)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	,	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	 						<u> </u>	
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,436	\$	1,436	
Interest Income	 -		-		3		3	
Total Revenues			-		1,439		1,439	
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government:								
Personnel Services	320,741		333,301		330,260		3,041	
Operating Expenditures	 188,071		188,071		193,296		(5,225)	
(Total Expenditures)	 (508,812)		(521,372)		(523,556)		(2,184)	
(Deficiency) of Revenues								
(Under) Expenditures	(508,812)		(521,372)		(522,117)		(745)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in from DeSoto County, Board								
of County Commissioners	508,812		521,372		521,372		-	
Transfers out to DeSoto County, Board of								
County Commissioners			-		(5,629)		(5,629)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 508,812		521,372		515,743		(5,629)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		(6,374)		(6,374)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 				19,867		19,867	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 	\$		\$	13,493	\$	13,493	

DESOTO COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Note 1 - Budgetary Requirement

On or before June 1 of each year, the DeSoto County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections) submits a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year to the DeSoto County Board of County Commissioners (the Board). The budget is adopted in the same manner as the budget of the Board.

A budget is legally adopted only for the general fund and is on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budgetary control is exercised at the fund level; net expenditures cannot exceed the budgeted appropriation from the Board, as amended. Budgetary changes within the fund can be made at the discretion of the Supervisor of Elections. Amendments to increase the Board appropriation must be submitted to the Board.

In accordance with Florida Statute 129.201, the Supervisor of Elections' budget, as approved by the County Commission, is included in the general county budget and is subject to the same provisions of laws as the County's annual budget. As such, the Supervisor of Elections' budget must regulate its expenditures, and funds may not be expended except pursuant to the adopted budget. As of September 30, 2024, the Supervisor of Elections' expenditures exceeded the amended budget by \$2,184.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mark F. Negley Supervisor of Elections DeSoto County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund (major fund) of the DeSoto County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 2, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mark F. Negley Supervisor of Elections DeSoto County, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

January 2, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTES, SECTION 218.415 - INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS

Honorable Mark F. Negley Supervisor of Elections DeSoto County, Florida

We have examined the DeSoto County, Florida Supervisor of Elections' (the Supervisor of Elections) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Supervisor of Elections complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor of Elections' compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Supervisor of Elections and applicable management, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



January 2, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mark F. Negley Supervisor of Elections DeSoto County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund (major fund) of the DeSoto County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated January 2, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with American Institute of Certified Public Accountants *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated January 2, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Supervisor of Elections was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). There were no component units related to the Supervisor of Elections.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mark F. Negley Supervisor of Elections DeSoto County, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that has occurred or is likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we noted the following:

■ 2024-01 Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Florida Statute Section 129.06 requires all expenditures of the Supervisor of Elections to be within the adopted budget, as amended. As of September 30, 2024, the Supervisor of Elections exceeded the amended budget by \$2,184. Therefore, the Supervisor of Elections is not in compliance with the aforementioned Florida Statute. We recommend that the Supervisor of Elections implement a process to review expenditures and monitor the budget on a timely basis, and communicate with the Board of County Commissioners if unanticipated expenditures will be incurred.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Supervisor of Elections, and the Board of County Commissioners of DeSoto County, Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.



January 2, 2025 Sarasota, Florida

DeSoto County, Florida

January 29, 2024

Purvis, Gray & Company 5001 Lakewood Ranch Blvd Suite 101 Sarasota, Fl 34240

Dear Sirs,

We have received and reviewed your audit of the financial statements of the DeSoto County Supervisor of Elections for the year ended September 30,2024.

Current Year Findings: 2024-01 Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Supervisor of Elections Response:

We do acknowledge the matter disclosed on page seventeen of your management letter and agree with the recommendations of the auditors. 2024-01 In the current fiscal and beyond, the Supervisor of Elections office will implement a process to review expenditures and monitor the budget on a timely basis, and communicate with the Board of County Commissioners if unanticipated expenditures will be incurred.

Sincerely,

Mul P. NEgley Mark F. Negley

Supervisor of Elections



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS